ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BOMBAY JAILS

FOR THE

CALENDAR YEAR 1882.

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Bombay:
PRINTED AT THE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS.

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From

THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF PRISONS,
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY;

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT, BOMBAY.

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report of the Bombay Presidency for the year 1882, with the usual statistical tables, and in commenting on them shall contrast the results of this year's administration with former years and also with that of the chief provinces in India.

JUDICIAL.

2. This statement shows the number and disposal of convicted prisoners in the Jails and gangs of this Presidency, and the following table contrasts the numbers confined in this and the preceding year :—

Statement No. I.

		1882.			1881.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number remaining on last day of previous year.	Central and District Jails ...	8,416	412	8,828	9,596	467	10,063
	Subordinate Jails	275	9	284	346	17	363
Imprisoned during the year.	Central and District Jails ...	12,607	1,035	13,642	12,784	1,047	13,831
	Subordinate Jails	3,503	288	3,791	3,879	315	4,194
Total	Central and District Jails ...	21,023	1,447	22,470	22,380	1,514	23,894
	Subordinate Jails	3,778	297	4,075	4,225	332	4,557
	Grand Total ...	24,801	1,744	26,545	26,605	1,846	28,451

3. As remarked in last year's report, the prevalence of crime throughout the Presidency has assumed its normal state, judging from the admissions, it is now even less than before the years of scarcity, and it is satisfactory to be able to report that since January 1882 up to the end of the year there has been a steady decrease in the Jail population, the number in Jail on 1st January being 9,112, which fell on 31st December to 8,098,—a decrease of over 1,000 in the daily Jail population.

4. The following table shows the admissions into Jail throughout the different provinces of the Presidency for this and the preceding year :—

	1882.	1881.	Increase.	Decrease.	Total Increase or Decrease in each Province.
Common Jail	2,143	1,889	254	...	361
House of Correction	573	466	107	...	
Poona	731	657	74	...	99
Ahmednagar	274	287	...	13	
Dhulia	583	573	10	...	
Sholápur	283	266	17	...	
Mhasvad Gang	...	...	...	...	
Sátára	379	431	...	52	
Belgaum	530	458	72	...	
Gokák Gang	1	...	1	...	
Kaládgi	348	391	...	43	
Dhárwár	445	412	33	...	
Kárwár	155	158	...	3	-272
Ratnágiri	132	213	...	81	
Thána	1,512	1,700	...	188	
Ahmedabad	761	935	...	174	158
Dhuliákot	385	25	360	...	
Kaira	641	678	...	37	
Surat	535	564	...	29	
Dohad	208	201	7	...	
Rájkot	150	119	31	...	
Karáchi	660	725	...	65	-476
Hyderabad	833	1,053	...	220	
Shikárpur	1,159	1,311	...	152	
Nára	82	121	...	39	
Aden	135	174	...	39	- 39
Total ...	13,638	13,807	966	1,135 169	

5. What I desire to call particular attention to, is the large number of admissions into the Jails in the city of Bombay, which amounts to nearly one-sixth of the total admissions, and considerably increases the proportion of admissions into Jail to total population in this Presidency. In 1881 the proportion of admissions into Jail to every 10,000 of population was 10·9, which this year has been reduced to 10·6 ; while in the city of Bombay, taking the total population at 755,026, the proportion of admissions into Jail is 36 to every 10,000. In a large city and sea-port like Bombay there is always a steady criminal class, chiefly petty thieves, who are admitted over and over again into Jail ; and though they are subjected to tread-mill, shot drill, and the most severe forms of penal labour, it seems to have little effect in deterring them from a life of crime, the admissions this year being considerably in excess of the preceding year. The prisoners in the Bombay Jails are, with few exceptions, admitted in a wretched physical state of health, consequent on leading a dissipated life, and are not fit to undergo the hardships and exposure incidental to extramural labour, so that it has not been possible to try if the labour exacted at the gangs would have any deterrent effect upon them, and, besides, their sentences are, as a rule, so short that it would not pay to transfer them long distances for work on extramural gangs.

6. There is a considerable decrease in admissions in Sind, the Konkan and Aden, and a slight increase in Gujarát and the Dáccan, the general decrease on the whole being small as compared with former years. There has been no decided rise in the price of food in any of the districts in this Presidency which would tend to a corresponding increase in crime.

7. The following table gives the number of females admitted during the last six years :—

	1882.	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.	1877.
Females	1,323	1,362	2,013	3,172	3,034	3,177

which shows at a glance the decrease in admissions in this class as the seasons became more favourable and the prices of food resumed their former state.

8. The disposal of convicted prisoners during the years 1881 and 1882 is shown in the following table :—

	1882.			1881.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Transferred to other Jails—						
To undergo sentence	3,266	43	3,309	1,731	57	1,788
For transportation beyond seas, &c.	89	3	92	189	22	211
Released on appeal	418	26	444	374	13	387
Do. on expiry of sentence ...	15,942	1,296	17,238	16,700	1,368	18,068
Do. under remission rules ...	264	...	264	206	6	212
Do. by order of Government on account of sickness...	3	...	3	4	1	5
Do. do. on other grounds .	10	1	11	24	1	25
Transported beyond seas... ...	90	8	98	126	9	135
Transferred to lunatic asylums ...	3	1	4	5	...	5
Escaped	30	...	30	35	...	35
Executed	62	5	67	48	4	52
Died	283	8	291	388	22	410
Number remaining	7,700	398	8,098	8,691	431	9,112
Total ...	28,160	1,789	29,949	28,521	1,924	30,445

9. The transfers to other Jails are considerably larger than in the preceding year, due to a large extent to the transfer of every available prisoner fit for a fair hard day's task work to the extramural gangs at Mhasvad, Gokák and Nára.

10. The release of prisoners under the remission rules may be said to be in its infancy in this Presidency and the Central Provinces compared with other Presidencies and provinces, as judged from the following table; it was only from the beginning of 1881 that the mark system was regularly and carefully kept in all Jails throughout this Presidency, and remissions granted on the marks registered :—

	Number of Convicts who															
	1879.				1880.				1881.				1882.			
	Were under sentence of two years and upwards under remission rules.	Gained a remission.	Did not gain a remission.	Percentage of number gained to number under remission rules.	Were under sentence of two years and upwards under remission rules.	Gained a remission.	Did not gain a remission.	Percentage of number gained to number under remission rules.	Were under sentence of two years and upwards under remission rules.	Gained a remission.	Did not gain a remission.	Percentage of number gained to number under remission rules.	Were under sentence of two years and upwards under remission rules	Gained a remission.	Did not gain a remission	Percentage of number gained to number under remission rules.
Bombay	..	17	..	..	..	104	..	..	1,585	212	1,373	13·4	1,592	264	1,328	16·6
Madras	2,143	1,877	266	87·6	1,299	1,048	251	80·7	2,078	1,750	328	84·2	..	..	..	..
Bengal	2,120	1,460	660	68·9	2,502	1,414	1,088	56·5	2,459	2,188	271	89·0	..	..	..	..
North-West Provinces	4,538	364	4 174	8·0	5,514	392	6,122	7·1	4,343	379	3,964	8·7	..	..	..	..
Punjáb	956	357	599	37·3	1,050	294	756	28.0	1,103	347	756	31·4	..	..	..	..
Central Provinces	..	5	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..

11. The percentage of prisoners who gained remissions to the total number released on the mark system was 13·4 in 1881 and 16·6 in 1882, and judging by my recommendations for the first half of this year, the percentage of prisoners to be released under the remission rules in 1883 will be much the same as in the above years, this, though somewhat in excess of the percentage of remissions gained in the North-West Provinces and Oudh, is much below that of some of the other provinces, and is not, in my opinion, excessive, as, unless remissions are fairly and freely given, the prisoners will take no interest in gaining marks. According to my further experience it is the educated prisoners who chiefly recognize the benefits of the mark system; the large bulk of the convicts would rather have some present indulgence for good conduct and industry than the possible gain of a few days' liberty before expiry of their sentence months or even years hence, but still I think the introduction of the mark system, and consequent release under the remission rules, has had a beneficial effect on the conduct of the prisoners, and the more the certainty of release for industry and good conduct becomes known, the more it will be appreciated.

12. The following table shows the number and percentage of prisoners released in each Jail during the present and preceding year :—

	1882.					1881.				
	Total number released on expiry of sentence and under remission rules.	Number under sentence of two years and upwards.	Number who gained remission.	Number who did not gain remission.	Percentage of number gained to number under sentence of two years and upwards.	Total number released on expiry of sentence and under remission rules.	Number under sentence of two years and upwards.	Number who gained remission.	Number who did not gain remission.	Percentage of number gained to number under sentence of two years and upwards.
1. Yerrowda	248	163	53	110	32·5	250	141	58	83	41·1
2. Common Jail	2,072	2	..	2	..	1,828	5	2	3	40·0
3. House of Correction ..	524	50	14	36	28·0	422	31	16	15	51·6
4. Poona	583	51	6	45	11·8	540	50	7	43	14·0
5. Ahmednagar	240	8	1	7	12·5	328	23	4	19	17·4
6. Dhulia	437	13	7	6	53·8	488	13	4	9	30·8
7. Sholápur	232	14	2	12	14·3	272	13	2	11	15·4
8. Mhasvad Gang	485	293	22	271	7·5	430	284	15	269	5·3
9. Sátára	238	6	3	3	50·0	356	8	3	5	37·5
10. Belgaum	308	2	1	1	50·0	291	3	2	1	66·6
11. Gokák Gang	593	159	35	124	22·0	361	139	3	136	2·2
12. Kaládgi	234	23	6	17	26·1	324	11	3	8	27·3
13. Dhárwár .. .	379	40	7	33	17·5	393	33	3	30	9·1
14. Kárwár	138	18	4	14	22·2	123	17	3	14	17·7
15. Ratnágiri	138	17	4	13	23·5	230	47	2	45	4·3
16. Thána	1,407	70	16	54	22·9	1,549	55	15	40	27·3
17. Ahmedabad	589	23	7	16	30·4	722	32	24	8	75·0
18. Dhuliákot	478	106	2	104	1·9	348	126	10	116	7·9
19. Kaira	600	8	1	7	12·5	604	13	6	7	46·2
20. Surat	458	13	..	13	..	432	15	2	13	13·3
21. Dohad	216	36	5	31	13·9	226	38	3	35	7·9
22. Rájkot	92	4	..	4	..	123	11	2	9	18·2
23. Karáchi	650	272	27	245	9·9	688	156	3	153	1·9
24. Hyderabad	842	94	13	81	13·8	962	95	2	93	2·1
25. Shikárpur	887	58	27	31	46·5	1,008	78	17	61	21·8
26. Nára	550	35	1	34	2·9	567	146	1	145	0·7
27. Aden	155	14	..	14	..	194	2	..	2	..
Total ..	13,773	1,592	264	1,328	16·6	14,059	1,585	212	1,373	13·4

13. So long as prisoners are worked on the associated system, and especially on extramural gangs, it will be most difficult to ensure uniformity in granting remissions, but, as the rules are simple and easily worked, this difficulty in time will be overcome, if Superintendents will only take a lively personal interest in their working, and if inspections of the mark registers are frequently and systematically made.

14. I have endeavoured in introducing the mark system to make it possible for every industrious, well-behaved prisoner to gain the average number of marks qualifying for release, and thus obtain a remission. I have tried to make it neither too difficult nor too easy, and as it is well known that long-term Indian prisoners are, as a rule, very obedient and well conducted in Jail, and rarely fail to complete their tasks if practicable, I think that at least 1 in every 6 of the prisoners on the mark registers should, if the system is fairly worked, gain some remission. Re-convicted prisoners in this Presidency are not debarred from gaining remissions under the mark system; but it is made much more difficult for them, and it is only after a long course of exceptional good conduct and industry in Jail that their names are submitted for remission.

15. Three prisoners were released on account of sickness and 11 on other grounds; of these 8 were Afghans released by order of Government from the Shikárpur Jail, 2 on ticket-of-leave, and a female from the Thána Jail on the recommendation of the Quarterly Committee of Visitors, 4 prisoners were transferred to lunatic asylums,—a smaller number under each head than in the preceding year.

16. The number transported and sentenced to transportation has again decreased in this as compared with former years, the number transported being 98 in 1882 against 135 in 1881, and of those sentenced to transportation 146 in 1882 against 184 in 1881.

17. The number remaining in Jail on the last day of the year and the daily average strength throughout the year shows a considerable decrease on the preceding year, as will be seen from the following table, and if the price of food continues as at present, a further reduction may be anticipated :—

	1882.	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.
Number remaining on 31st December ...	8,098	9,112	10,426	12,122	12,081	12,888	9,433
Daily average number...	8,689	9,734	11,236	12,631	12,752	11,411	8,846

18. This statement is a census, on the last day of the year, of the Jail population, showing their religion, age and previous occupation, and Statement E in the Appendix gives the more valuable information, showing the admissions under the above heads for the whole year.

Statement No. II.

19. The following table shows the number of Europeans remaining on 31st December and the number of admissions during the past five years :—

	1882.		1881.		1880.		1879.		1878.	
	Admissions.	Remaining on 31st December.	Admissions.	Remaining on 31st December.	Admissions.	Remaining on 31st December.	Admissions.	Remaining on 31st December.	Admissions.	Remaining on 31st December.
Bombay Jails ...	251	27	189	13	126	11	207	22	484	21
Mofussil Jails ...	25	7	37	8	33	21	82	33	41	27
Total ...	276	34	226	21	159	32	289	55	525	48

20. There is a considerable increase in the number of Europeans admitted into the Bombay Jails, chiefly due to the large number admitted for offences under the Shipping Act, as will be seen from the following table :—

	Military and Naval Offences.	Offences under the Shipping Act.	Ordinary Offences.	Total.
1878	29	374	47	450
1879	25	145	34	204
1880	20	93	13	126
1881	37	127	25	189
1882	24	177	50	251

21. It is difficult to assign any reason for this, the number fluctuating considerably in different years, as will be seen at a glance in column 2 of the table.

22. There has been some increase in admissions amongst Europeans and Native Christians, chiefly in the city of Bombay, but not to such an extent as to call for any remarks.

23. The following table shows the percentage of each religious class in Jail as compared with the free population :—

	Census.	Census of Jail Population.	Percentage of Jail Population to Free Population.
Christians	138,329	109	0·079
Mahomedans	3,021,112	2,866	0·095
Hindus	12,308,111	4,738	0·038
Budhists and Jains	216,224	74	0·034
All other classes	770,238	22	0·003
Total ...	16,454,014	7,809	0·047

24. From this it will be seen that the percentage of European and Mahomedan prisoners to the free population is about the same. There is a large comparative decrease in percentage amongst Hindus and Budhists and Jains, and only a trifling number and percentage amongst other classes.

25. There is a considerable decrease in the number of juveniles admitted, which will be seen from the following table. This steady decrease, year after year, is very satisfactory :—

	1882.	1881.	1880.	1879.
Juvenile prisoners	243	309	382	740

26. This statement is a census of the prisoners on the last day of the year according to length and nature of sentence, and Statement F in the Appendix shows the admissions under the above heads for the whole year.

Statement No. III.

27. The following table shows the percentage of the various terms of imprisonment for 1881 and 1882 :—

	Six months and under.	Above six months and not exceeding one year.	One year and not exceeding two.	Two years and not exceeding five.	Above five years.	Sentenced to transportation.	Sentenced to death.
1881	71·3	12·9	9·1	3·8	0·9	1·3	0·7
1882	74·8	11·8	7·4	3·2	1·0	1·1	0·7

from which it will be seen that the percentages are much the same as in preceding years. The number of short-term sentences are proportionally large in this Presidency, due to some extent to the large number of short sentences passed by the Presidency Magistrates in the city of Bombay.

28. Though there is a decrease in the number sentenced to transportation during the year, there is a considerable increase in the number of transportation prisoners remaining in Jail on 31st December; this is due to the strict rules observed by the Medical Committee at Calcutta in passing prisoners as physically fit for deportation to the Andamans; so many comparatively have been rejected

from this Presidency that the Medical Officer at the Depôt Jail, Thána, is afraid to send any but large powerful men to Alipore *en route* to the Andamans, and, unless the rules are relaxed, not 1 in 3 of the prisoners sentenced to transportation in this Presidency will have their sentences of transportation carried out. If the sentences of the Courts in this Presidency are to be given effect to, it will be necessary to have a board of Medical Officers to pass prisoners here whose decision would be final, as it seems evident to me that the small Marátha is apt to be rejected because he does not contrast favourably with the big-framed Punjábi or better fed inhabitant of the North-West Provinces.

29. The statement consists of two parts, the first being a census and the second the admissions of re-convicted prisoners during the year, the latter part by far the more important of the two.

Statement No. IV.

30. The following table gives the ratio of convicts previously convicted to total number in Jail on 31st December 1881 and to total number of admissions during the year for the six chief provinces of India :—

Ratio of Convicts previously convicted to Total Number in Jail on 31st December.				Ratio of Convicts previously convicted and received into Jail to Total Number admitted during			
Provinces.	1879.	1880.	1881.	Provinces.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.
Bombay	14·6	15·8	18·4	Bombay	11·2	12·5	13·9	15·1
Madras	27·2	24·9	..	Madras	20·5	20·0	22·1	..
Bengal	23·9	24·9	..	Bengal	14·14	13·4	14·0	..
North-West Provinces	27·7	23·5	..	North-West Provinces	16·4	16·9	15·7	..
Punjáb	15·0	15·0	..	Punjáb	11·0	12·0	11·0	..
Central Provinces	26·0	29·1	..	Central Provinces	12·7	12·6	13·6	..

31. It will be seen that there has been a gradual increase in this Presidency in the ratio of re-convicted prisoners to admissions for the last four years, due to the fact that the registration and recognition of re-convicted prisoners have become more certain of late years. In this Presidency a separate register and descriptive roll of re-convicted prisoners is kept in each Jail, and an extract from this register is furnished weekly to the District Magistrate and Police authorities of all re-convicted prisoners released, and when the prisoner does not belong to the district from which he is released, his descriptive roll is sent to his native district, so that the Magisterial or Police authorities, not only of the district from which he is released, but also of his native district may have reliable evidence of his previous convictions, which ensures more certain recognition of an old offender than formerly.

32. The recognition of re-convicted prisoners is still imperfect, and comparisons cannot be correctly drawn betwixt the ratios of re-convicted prisoners admitted in different districts or provinces; but, as more attention is now given to the subject, the present statements are undoubtedly more correct than in former years. As usual, by far the largest ratio of re-convicted prisoners to admissions into Jail is in the city of Bombay, one-third of the total admissions under this head were in these Jails, which largely increases the percentage in this Presidency.

33. The number of re-convicted juveniles admitted shows a large decrease when compared with former years, as can be seen from the following table, which is very satisfactory :—

	1882.	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.
Juveniles	18	42	44	41	35

34. The following table shows the number of escapes to total convict population in the chief provinces of India; but in drawing any comparison betwixt the number of escapes

Statement No. V.

in one province as compared with another the nature of the employment of the prisoners should be fully considered:—

	1879.		1880.		1881.		1882.	
	Total Convict Population.	Number of Escapes.	Total Convict Population.	Number of Escapes.	Total Convict Population.	Number of Escapes.	Total Convict Population.	Number of Escapes.
Bombay	43,040	56	32,224	50	25,863	31	25,858	24
Madras	42,886	19	27,023	26	23,484	2	...	...
Bengal	57,897	63	53,930	23	49,681	28	...	...
North-West Provinces	85,782	28	74,873	19	72,342	21	...	...
Punjáb	44,061	22	40,056	23	38,445	15	...	...
Central Provinces	16,535	20	14,429	27	11,743	9	...	...

35. About 30 per cent. of the male prisoners sentenced to hard labour in this Presidency are employed on extramural work, a large number of them working on canals in thick jungle, and it is from these extramural parties that escapes take place—an escape from a Jail where the prisoners are employed on intramural work being comparatively rare.

36. There has been a general decrease in the number of escapes for the last four years, and in this year especially there would have been a marked decrease, had not 4 prisoners working in the Residency garden Rájkot escaped from a Police guard, a special report on which was made to Government, and for this escape the Jail officials were in no way to blame.

37. There were, in all, 20 escapes from extramural parties—4 as above noted from Rájkot, 4 from the Gokák Gang, 7 from the Hyderabad and Shikárpur extramural camps, 2 from the Nára Gang, and 3 from the Dhuliákot Jail, where the prisoners are nearly all employed on extramural work.

38. There were 4 escapes from inside Jails—2 from Shikárpur, 1 from Dhulia, and 1 from the very insecure Jail at Sátára. There were no escapes from 19 out of the 27 Jails and gangs during the year, and again this year no escape from the large extramural gang at Mhasvad, which reflects much credit on Mr. Wellis, the Superintendent.

Statement No. VI.

Provinces.	1879.							1880.						
	Total Population.	Daily Average Strength.	Corporal Punishment.	Penal Diet.	Other Punishments.	Total Punishments.	Ratio of Punishments to Daily Average Strength.	Total Population.	Daily Average Strength.	Corporal Punishment.	Penal Diet.	Other Punishments.	Total Punishments.	Ratio of Punishments to Daily Average Strength.
Bombay	43,040	12,189	1,833	1,721	752	4,306	35·3	32,224	10,827	1,561	1,908	1,114	4,583	42·3
Madras	42,886	14,961	2,254	3,179	1,894	7,327	48·9	27,023	11,840	1,511	1,891	2,488	5,890	49·7
Bengal	57,897	16,974	8,232	13,645	29,558	51,435	303·0	53,930	16,422	4,654	18,693	38,484	61,831	376·5
North-West Provinces ...	85,782	32,912	4,680	3,468	1,413	9,561	29·0	74,873	27,672	4,777	2,636	1,385	8,798	31·8
Punjáb	44,061	14,317	869	666	1,058	2,593	18·0	40,055	13,493	899	540	563	2,002	15·0
Central Provinces	16,535	4,776	1,474	1,538	504	3,516	73·6	14,429	4,585	1,371	1,935	2,105	5,411	118·2

Provinces.	1881.							1882.						
	Total Population.	Daily Average Strength.	Corporal Punishment.	Penal Diet.	Other Punishments.	Total Punishments.	Ratio of Punishments to Daily Average Strength.	Total Population.	Daily Average Strength.	Corporal Punishment.	Penal Diet.	Other Punishments.	Total Punishments.	Ratio of Punishments to Daily Average Strength.
Bombay	25,863	9,410	806	743	885	2,434	25·9	25,858	8,378	320	647	798	1,765	21·1
Madras	23,484	10,250	768	2,982	1,838	5,588	54·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	49,681	15,262	881	11,625	37,082	49,588	324·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
North-West Provinces ...	72,342	26,477	3,422	2,405	1,308	7,135	26·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Punjáb	38,445	13,238	1,106	409	617	2,132	16·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces	11,743	3,915	953	1,397	2,245	5,095	130·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

39. The above contrasts the various forms of punishments inflicted in this and other provinces, and shows the ratio of punishments to daily average strength in each, so that Government may be able to see at a glance the number and nature of the punishments in the different provinces.

40. There has been a large decrease in the number of corporal punishment inflicted in 1882 as compared with 1881, the number being reduced from 806 to 320, which shows that Superintendents on the whole have given effect to the distinct orders of Government.

41. Some Superintendents are of opinion that corporal punishment is the only punishment that has a really deterrent effect, and that solitary confinement, either with or without reduced diet, has on the natives of India little or no beneficial effect, and have continued to inflict a small number of stripes for trivial offences, as will be seen from the following return :—

	Total Number of Prisoners punished by Whipping.					
	5 to 10 Stripes.	Above 10 to 15.	Above 15 to 20.	Above 20 to 25.	Above 25 to 30.	Grand Total.
1. Yerrowda	1	4	10	13	...	28
2. Common Jail	28	3	...	3	...	34
3. House of Correction	14	5	...	...	...	19
4. Poona	...	4	...	...	...	4
5. Ahmednagar	1	1	...	...	...	2
6. Dhulia	4	2	...	1	...	7
7. Sholápur	1	1	...	...	...	2
8. Mhasvad Gang	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Sátára	2	...	...	...	...	2
10. Belgaum	8	4	...	...	...	12
11. Gokák Gang	7	8	...	...	...	15
12. Kaládgi	...	2	...	...	...	2
13. Dhárwár	...	1	...	...	...	1
14. Kárwár	14	3	...	...	...	17
15. Ratnágiri	9	5	3	4	...	21
16. Thána	...	1	1	10	...	12
17. Ahmedabad	...	...	...	7	...	7
18. Dhuliákot	...	3	...	1	...	4
19. Kaira	5	...	...	1	...	6
20. Surat	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Dohad	...	2	...	1	...	3
22. Rájkot	...	...	3	...	...	3
23. Karáchi	57	14	...	1	...	72
24. Hyderabad...	1	1	1	...	...	3
25. Shikárpur	7	7	3	3	...	20
26. Nára	4	2	1	...	...	7
27. Aden	2	8	2	5	...	17
Total, 1882 ...	165	81	24	50	...	320
1881 ...	332	288	96	90	...	806

42. A glance at the return shows a great want of uniformity in the infliction of corporal punishment in Jails, and though this may be corrected to a great extent, so long as men think and act differently there will always be a considerable difference in various Jails. Strict rules have been laid down for the guidance of Superintendents, especially that corporal punishment should not be inflicted for trivial offences, and only in cases when it is necessary to put down insubordination, or act as a deterrent, and as each Superintendent has to show weekly the number of cases in which corporal punishment has been had resort to, with his reasons and the number of stripes inflicted, I anticipate greater uniformity in future.

43. The following table shows the chief prison offences for which corporal punishment was inflicted :—

	Number.
Assaults or use of criminal force	32
Insubordination	106
Being in possession of forbidden articles	65
Offences relating to work	97
Attempting to escape	20
	320

44. I would anticipate in next year's return a considerable decrease under offences relating to work, having forbidden articles, and perhaps insubordination.

45. The following table shows the chief offences for which penal diet was given, either with or without solitary confinement :—

	Number.
Assaults or use of criminal force	26
Insubordination	137
Being in possession of forbidden articles ...	274
Offences relating to work	208
Attempting to escape	2
	647

46. The number has been reduced from 743 in 1881 to 647 in 1882; I reported to Government in my letter No. $\frac{8}{3894}$, dated 29th August 1882, that this form of punishment had had no bad effect on the health of the prisoners in this Presidency.

47. The other forms of punishment are chiefly confinement in stocks and shot drill; and here, too, there is some decrease in the numbers punished. The total decrease in all punishments is from 2,434 in 1881 to 1,765 in 1882.

48. I have little to remark on the results of education in Jail different from former years. The results as regards adults are most unsatisfactory, while as regards juveniles the progress is considerable, as will be commented on in the report on Juvenile Prisons.

Statement No. VII.

49. The system of employing convict warders continues to give satisfaction. They are a most useful help in maintaining Jail discipline, and are on the whole trustworthy. The number reduced this year is less than in the preceding one; and as the slightest neglect of duty is punished by reduction, the decrease in the number reduced is satisfactory.

Statement No. VIII.

50. During the year under report there have been 56 Subordinate Jails—22 having been reduced at the end of 1881, as explained in last year's report.

Subordinate Jails.

51. The following table gives the number remaining on the last day of the preceding year and the number admitted in Subordinate Jails in the years 1881 and 1882 :—

	1882.			1881.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number remaining on 31st December.	275	9	284	346	17	363
Imprisoned during the year	3,503	288	3,791	3,879	315	4,194
Total ...	3,778	297	4,075	4,225	332	4,557
Received from other Jails to undergo sentence.	16	...	16	25	...	25
Grand Total ...	3,794	297	4,091	4,250	332	4,582

52. It will be seen that there has been a considerable reduction in admissions in both males and females in this as compared with the preceding year :—

	1882.			1881.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Transferred to other Jails	...	...	...	2	...	2
Released—						
On appeal	56	4	60	63	1	64
On expiry of sentence	3,160	268	3,428	3,433	291	3,724
On payment of fine	285	16	301	467	30	497
By order of Government	...	...	...	...	...	...
Transferred to lunatic asylums ...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Escaped	6	...	6	4	...	4
Died	7	...	7	5	1	6
Remaining on 31st December ...	280	9	289	275	9	284
Total ...	3,794	297	4,091	4,250	332	4,582
Daily Average Number ...	291	20	311	306	18	324

53. The above table shows the disposal of prisoners in Subordinate Jails for the years 1881 and 1882.

54. There were 6 escapes in the present as compared with 4 in the preceding year—2 from the Subordinate Jail of Sukkur, where the prisoners are all employed on extramural labour, 2 from the Subordinate Jails in the Thar and Párkar Districts, and 1 each from the Broach and Bhusával Subordinate Jails.

55. There were 7 deaths against 6 in the preceding year, which is 2·2 per cent. of the daily average strength.

56. The numbers remaining on the last day of the year are much the same in both years.

57. The following table shows the number remaining, admissions, and disposal of under-trial prisoners for the years 1881 and 1882:—

Statement No. XXI.

	1882.			1881.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number remaining at close of previous year	121	10	131	95	9	104
Number received during the year ...	2,827	200	3,027	2,728	247	2,975
Total Population ...	2,948	210	3,158	2,823	256	3,079
Released during the year	1,427	92	1,519	1,223	104	1,327
Convicted and sentenced	1,193	103	1,296	1,300	136	1,436
Transferred	176	9	185	177	6	183
Escaped	...	...	...	...	...	...
Died	4	...	4	2	...	2
Remaining on 31st December ...	148	6	154	121	10	131
Average Daily Number ...	132	8	140	106	6	112

58. There has been a slight increase in admissions amongst males and decrease amongst females. The number of males remaining at the end of the year is comparatively large.

59. There has been no escape. The mortality is rather higher, there have been 4 deaths against 2 in the preceding year.

60. This statement shows the number and disposal of civil prisoners during the year, from which it will be seen that there has been a slight increase in admissions, daily average strength, and the number remaining on the last day of the year under report as compared with 1881 :—

Statement No. XX.

	1882.			1881.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number remaining at close of previous year	173	9	182	130	8	138
Number received during the year ...	2,430	225	2,655	2,240	226	2,466
Total Population ...	2,603	234	2,837	2,370	234	2,604
Released during the year	2,397	219	2,616	2,193	225	2,418
Escaped	...	...	...	...	...	...
Transferred	...	...	...	...	...	...
Died	1	...	1	4	...	4
Remaining on 31st December ...	205	15	220	173	9	182
Daily Average Number ...	168	13	181	144	13	157

61. The expenditure for the year was Rs. 8,566 against Rs. 8,423, but the average cost per prisoner is less—Rs. 53-10-6 in 1881 to Rs. 47-5-3 in the year under report.

FINANCIAL.

62. This statement shows the expenditure in guarding and maintaining prisoners in all Jails, including extramural gangs individually and Subordinate Jails collectively, and the following table contrasts the expenditure for the years 1881 and 1882:—

Statement No. X.

	1882.	1881.
Average number of prisoners	8,829	9,846
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Rations	1,99,427	2,34,041
Cost per prisoner	**22 9 5**	**23 12 4**
Establishment	2,30,845	2,29,267
Cost per prisoner	**26 2 4**	**23 4 7**
Police Guard	64,915	63,184
Cost per prisoner	**7 5 8**	**6 6 8**
Hospital charges	14,183	17,173
Cost per prisoner	**1 9 8**	**1 11 11**
Clothing	22,686	25,954
Cost per prisoner	**2 9 1**	**2 10 2**
Contingencies	45,859	41,958
Cost per prisoner	**5 3 1**	**4 4 2**
Gross cost of maintenance	5,77,915	6,11,577
Cost per prisoner	**65 7 3**	**62 1 10**

63. As in the preceding year, cheaper food has been again followed by a decrease in the Jail population, the daily average strength having fallen from 9,846 to 8,829: there is a consequent decrease in the expenditure for rations, hospital charges and clothing, both in the total expenditure and cost per head; while there is a slight increase in the total cost for establishment, guard and contingencies, to be afterwards explained, and a considerable increase in the cost per head under the same heads, as these fixed charges have to be divided over a smaller daily average number of prisoners.

64. There is little to comment upon on the increase or decrease of expenditure in this as compared with the preceding year; but as I think it would be interesting to contrast the financial working of the Jails over a longer period, I have prepared tables taken from the Jail annual reports comparing the Jail expenditure in 1871* with 1881, not only for this but other Presidencies, which gives some idea of the progress made in the economical working of the Jails during the last decade throughout India:—

Comparative Statement of the Cost of Rations per Head of Average Strength.

	1871.	1881.	1882.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Bombay	38 14 10	23 12 4	22 9 5
Madras	43 6 4	35 3 0	.....
Bengal	26 0 7	17 12 8	.....
North-West Provinces	15 2 9	14 2 1	.....
Punjáb	22 6 8	22 8 8	.....
Central Provinces	21 15 8	14 4 6	.....

* In preparing the tables for Bombay the Jails in the city of Bombay and the Nára Gang are included, which do not appear in the annual report for that year.

Rations.

65. I noticed in last year's report the variation in the average cost at which prisoners are fed in the different Jails; this variation in cost is greater in this than in any other Presidency in India, a prisoner, for instance, is rationed this year at the small cost of Rs. 8-5-7 per annum at Kaládgi, while the same diet costs Rs. 43-4-10 at Aden. The establishment of gangs has not only caused a considerable variation in the cost at which prisoners can be fed in the same district, but has added considerably to the general expenditure; the cost per head at Mhasvad is Rs. 27-1-0, while it is only Rs. 16 at Sátára; at Gokák Rs 28-13-3, and only Rs. 16-1-2 at Belgaum; at Nára Rs. 41-12-8, and only Rs. 20-12-3 at Hyderabad; these gangs are situated in the midst of sterile plains, which necessitates the greater part of the rations, and especially the vegetables, being brought from a long distance at an increased cost, but, notwithstanding this increased expenditure for dieting prisoners in gangs, the cost per head has been reduced from Rs. 38-14-10 to Rs. 23-12-4, due to more economical arrangements being now made for provisioning Jails, a comparatively larger decrease in expenditure than in any other province.

Comparative Statement of the Cost of Establishment per Head of Average Strength.

	1871.	1881.	1882.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Bombay	25 0 9	23 4 7	26 2 4
Madras	28 8 7	17 15 10	
Bengal	13 12 3	23 13 6	
North-West Provinces	17 9 4	13 11 5	
Punjáb	13 4 3	18 8 10	
Central Provinces	24 10 5	16 13 5	

Establishment.

66. The Jail establishments in this Presidency have been remodelled during the last ten years. Formerly the establishments were responsible for the safe custody of the prisoners by day and the Military or Police guard by night; now the Jail establishments are solely responsible for the safe custody of the prisoners by night as well as day, the Military or Police guard being only available for putting down *emeutés*. The Jailors were formerly appointed by the Superintendents, now they are appointed by the Inspector General, their pay has been increased, all are on a graduated scale, receiving promotion in the department with the prospect of promotion to resident Superintendents. The pay of the warders and peons has been considerably increased, and these subordinates have been put on a graduated scale, which leads to quicker promotion, these changes have introduced a better and more trustworthy class of men into the Jail Department. These important changes have been effected without any increase of expenditure, due to the large saving in expenditure effected in revising the establishments of the Jails in the city of Bombay when placed under the control of this department, the cost per head in 1871 being Rs. 25-0-9 against Rs. 23-4-7 in 1881.

67. There has not been much saving in expenditure under the head of establishment, it is false economy employing admittedly underpaid men, and I have no hesitation in saying that, considering the work Jail subordinates are called upon to perform, and that they are held responsible for preventing all escapes, and are liable to punishment—as imprisonment—for neglect of duty, the Jail establishment are still the worst paid Government servants in the Presidency.

68. The following table shows the increase and decrease in establishment for each Jail for the years 1882 and 1881, which is explained in the margin :—

No.	Jails.	1882.	1881.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	Yerrowda	27,629	26,776	853	...	Increased pay drawn by Jailor and Medical Subordinates.
2	Common Jail	9,501	8,171	1,330	...	Increase due to the appointment of a resident Superintendent and higher rate of pay drawn by the Hospital Assistant.
3	House of Correction ...	18,866	19,747	...	881	Reduction in pay of Superintendent.
4	Poona	8,133	8,178	...	45	
5	Ahmednagar	4,927	4,872	55	...	
6	Dhulia	6,338	5,875	463	...	Leave allowance drawn by Mr. Coutinho, the Jailor.
7	Sholápur	3,419	3,634	...	215	Decrease due to the transfer of the Jailor, Mr. Solomon, to Gokák in October 1882.
8	Mhasvad Gang ...	18,158	16,749	1,409	...	Hospital Assistant was employed throughout the year, and an allowance was drawn by the Assistant Surgeon whilst acting as Superintendent when Superintendent was on privilege leave. Increased establishment engaged on increase in the number of prisoners.
9	Sátára	4,846	4,676	170	...	In 1881 the Superintendent's allowance for 3 months was not drawn, while full allowance was drawn in 1882. Increased pay drawn by Jailor.
10	Belgaum	3,423	2,800	623	...	Allowance drawn by the Superintendent.
11	Gokák Gang	17,869	17,668	201	...	Increased establishment consequent on increase in the number of prisoners
12	Kaládgi...	5,032	4,901	131	...	Increment to Jailor and increased salary to Hospital Assistant.
13	Dhárwár	5,989	6,017	...	28	
14	Kárwár	4,765	4,649	116	...	Increased pay drawn by the Hospital Assistant.
15	Ratnágiri	4,427	4,780	...	353	Pay of Medical Subordinate from September to December has not been included, owing to non-receipt of last pay certificate.
16	Thána	10,738	10,554	184	...	Increment to Superintendent, and higher rate of salary drawn by Medical Subordinate.
17	Ahmedabad	5,613	6,818	...	1,205	Saving in Superintendent's salary.
18	Dhuliákot	10,095	10,901	...	806	Saving of Rs. 20 in Deputy Jailor's and of Rs. 40 in Head Clerk's salary every month, the Head Clerk conducting the duties of both appointments on Rs. 55 per month. Vacancies among lower subordinates not filled up, owing to reduced strength.
19	Kaira	4,049	3,958	91	...	Increment to Jailor.
20	Surat	5,087	5,126	...	39	
21	Dohad	4,626	4,913	...	287	Decreased pay drawn by Superintendent
22	Rájkot	2,857	2,447	410	...	Allowance drawn by Superintendent.
23	Karáchi...	6,193	6,960	...	767	Decreased expenditure owing to the amalgamation of the post of Superintendent and Jailor, and decreased pay drawn by the Hospital Assistant.
24	Hyderabad	7,865	7,980	...	115	The Medical Subordinate at present attached to the Jail Hospital gets his pay at the Medical School.
25	Shikárpur	8,129	7,801	328	...	
26	Nára	7,874	8,442	...	568	In 1881 the pay of the permanent Superintendent on leave as well as pay of the Acting Superintendent was drawn for the months of January and February 1881.
27	Aden	5,775	5,721	54	...	
	Subordinate Jails ...	8,622	8,153	469	...	The Jail establishment in Sind was revised, and Kolába Jailor's pay increased.
	Total ...	2,30,845	2,29,267	6,887 1,578	5,309	

Comparative Statement of the Cost of Guards per Head of Average Strength.

	1871.	1881.	1882.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Bombay	21 7 10	6 6 8	7 5 8
Madras	14 5 0	12 5 1	.....
Bengal	9 4 3	2 6 4	.....
North-West Provinces	3 13 1	3 2 1	.....
Punjáb	5 6 6	5 12 9	.....
Central Provinces	8 6 3	5 10 10	.....

69. As the guards now no longer guard the prisoners in the Jails and give sentries at night, their number and cost have been largely reduced, only a sufficient guard being placed at the main gate to quell an *emeuté*; the expenditure under this head has been consequently reduced from Rs. 21-7-10 in 1871 to Rs. 6-6-8 in 1881.

Guards.

70. The increase or decrease in cost of guards for 1881 and 1882 is shown and explained in the following table :—

No.	Jails.	1882.	1881.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	Yerrowda	4,457	4,201	256	...	Variation in grade and salary of the guard supplied.
2	Common Jail	...	135	...	135	A police jamadár and 3 sepoys were employed in 1881 for 3 months.
3	House of Correction ...	...	...	...	...	
4	Poona	1,560	1,614	...	54	
5	Ahmednagar	1,280	1,271	9	...	
6	Dhulia	2,346	2,354	...	8	
7	Sholápur	1,347	1,316	31	...	
8	Mhasvad Gang ...	2,526	946	1,580	...	At Ashti during 1881 there were only 2 mounted policemen; during this whole year there were 4 mounted policemen attached to this gang, besides the employment of 22 rural policemen from January to May.
9	Sátára	2,136	2,136	...	...	
10	Belgaum	1,392	1,392	...	...	
11	Gokák Gang	1,260	1,260	...	...	
12	Kaládgi...	1,903	1,908	...	5	
13	Dhárwár	1,608	1,608	...	...	
14	Kárwár...	2,136	2,136	...	...	
15	Ratnágiri	2,123	2,114	9	...	
16	Thána	1,874	1,855	19	...	
17	Ahmedabad	1,460	1,533	...	73	
18	Dhuliákot	2,592	2,592	...	...	
19	Kaira	1,224	1,224	...	...	
20	Surat	1,231	1,263	...	32	
21	Dohad	1,992	1,992	...	...	
22	Rájkot...	780	752	28	...	
23	Karáchi...	4,656	4,656	...	...	
24	Hyderabad	3,084	3,084	...	...	
25	Shikárpur	4,464	4,464	...	...	
26	Nára	13,144	13,038	106	...	Two posts of silladárs were vacant, and in this year the total strength was complete.
27	Aden	1,176	1,176	...	...	
	Subordinate Jails ...	1,164	1,164	...	...	
	Total ...	64,915	63,184	2,038 1,731	307	

Comparative Statement of the Cost of Hospital Charges per Head of Average Strength.

	1871.	1881.	1882.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Bombay	2 1 10	1 11 11	1 9 8
Madras	1 0 2	1 11 7	.....
Bengal	1 4 9	2 4 5	.....
North-West Provinces	0 11 4	1 0 11	.....
Punjáb	1 0 11	2 4 0	.....
Central Provinces	2 11 2	1 5 9	.....

71. The increase or decrease in hospital expenditure is so slight as to call for no remarks, the expenditure under this head in the different provinces being dependent on the rates ruling for food.

Comparative Statement of the Cost of Clothing per Head of Average Strength.

	1871.	1881.	1882.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Bombay	5 1 2	2 10 2	2 9 1
Madras	4 1 6	2 6 9	.....
Bengal	3 12 0	3 3 6	.....
North-West Provinces	3 4 0	2 1 10	.....
Punjáb	3 15 2	4 13 11	.....
Central Provinces	3 2 2	3 6 8	.....

72. The saving in expenditure for clothing, in comparing 1871 with 1881, is very large; the cost per prisoner is now half, and this notwithstanding that the wear and tear of clothing amongst the large number of prisoners working in extramural gangs is much greater than amongst prisoners working intramurally. The average cost for the last four years is Rs. 2-10-0; there is no doubt this large decrease in expenditure is due to more careful management.

Comparative Statement of the Cost of Contingencies per Head of Average Strength.

	1871.	1881.	1882.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Bombay	5 14 5	4 4 2	5 3 1
Madras	7 9 2	2 15 3	.....
Bengal	2 7 6	4 14 5	.....
North-West Provinces	2 1 9	1 13 2	.....
Punjáb	2 14 1	5 2 3	.....
Central Provinces	3 8 4	3 15 6	.....

73. The charges for contingencies in this Presidency are comparatively very high; but, if the accompanying table is strictly scrutinized, it will be seen that there are a number of charges fixed and uncontrollable, while of the controllable charges several are unavoidable, such as the heavy expenditure for moving prisoners to keep up extramural gangs, the large expenditure for transport charges on account of the distance of Bombay from Calcutta, as also the comparatively large expenditure for subsistence money on account of having to send prisoners long distances to their homes from extramural gangs.

74. There are some charges under the head of contingencies which are, I suppose, special in this Presidency, such as house-rent, horse allowance, grain compensation, Sind and Aden batta, water rates, conservancy and gas rates in the city of Bombay; these charges considerably increase the cost per head :—

Sanctioned Charges.	1882.	1881.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
House-rent	1,308	1,396	...	88
Horse allowance	1,599	1,578	21	...
Travelling allowances and expenses ...	1,317	1,260	57	...
Grain compensation to Hospital Assistants.	337	326	11	...
Sind and Aden batta	77	135	...	58
Clothing to establishment	1,049	899	150	...
Water rates	4,344	5,293	...	949
Total ...	10,031	10,887	239	1,095 856

	1882.	1881.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Controllable Charges.				
Moving prisoners	9,582	4,221	5,361	...
Transportation charges	3,369	4,429	...	1,060
Service postage stamps	1,363	1,243	120	...
Dead stock	2,973	3,158	...	185
Subsistence money to released prisoners ...	1,970	1,849	121	...
Country stationery	467	525	...	58
Oil for lighting	4,684	4,734	...	50
Telegraph charges	83	61	22	...
Other petty contingencies	9,388	8,880	508	...
Total ...	33,879	29,100	6,132 4,779	1,353
Grand Total ...	43,910	39,987	3,923	...

Comparative Statement of the Total Expenditure per Head of Average Strength.

	1871.	1881.	1882.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Bombay	98 8 11	62 1 10	65 7 3
Madras	98 14 11	71 10 6	.....
Bengal	56 9 6	54 5 9	.....
North-West Provinces	42 10 6	35 15 8	.....
Punjáb	48 15 7	59 2 5	.....
Central Provinces	64 6 3	45 6 10	.....

75. There is a saving in the total expenditure of Rs. 33,662 in 1882 as compared with 1881, but an increase in the cost per head of Rs. 3-5-5. Comparing this increased cost with the cost per prisoner for 1871 the results must be considered very satisfactory, as there is a decrease of 37 per cent. in the cost per prisoner, which compares very favourably with the financial result arrived at in the other Presidencies.

76. The following table contrasts the expenditure per prisoner for District and Subordinate Jails under each head, and gives the total gross cost and cost per prisoner :—

	District Jails.	Subordinate Jails.
Average number of prisoners	8,518	311
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Rations	1,91,617	7,810
Cost per prisoner	**22 7 11**	**25 1 10**
Establishment	2,22,223	8,622
Cost per prisoner	**26 1 5**	**27 11 6**
Guards	63,751	1,164
Cost per prisoner	**7 7 9**	**3 11 11**
Hospital charges	14,183	.....
Cost per prisoner	**1 10 8**	.....
Clothing	22,230	456
Cost per prisoner	**2 9 9**	**1 7 6**
Contingencies	43,910	1,949
Cost per prisoner	**5 2 6**	**6 4 3**
Gross cost of maintenance ...	5,57,914	20,001
Cost per prisoner	**65 8 0**	**64 5 0**

77. I have commented in former years on the comparative charges in the District and Subordinate Jails, and have nothing further to add. The charges in 1881 and 1882 are much the same under each head, and call for no remarks.

Statements Nos. XII and XIII.

Percentage of Prisoners employed on different kinds of Labour in 1881.

	Sick and convalescent.	Unremunerative Labour.	Prison Officers.	Prison Servants.	Gardening.	Grinding, &c.	Jail Buildings.	Manufactures.	Public Works.
Bombay	7·1	2·1	3·3	8·5	8·0	9·8	5·0	33·1	23·1
Madras	5·9	5·3	9·6	15·3	8·8	10·7	9·4	35·0	...
Bengal	10·5	2·2	4·9	9·8	5·9	2·9	26·9	36·7	0·2
North-West Provinces	8·9	0·3	2·8	11·8	6·9	11·7	22·8	34·6	0·2
Punjáb	7·4	...	4·5	10·6	4·1	9·6	4·9	51·6	7·3
Central Provinces	5·4	0·6	2·4	10·4	3·1	6·8	6·6	64·7	...

78. The number and percentages of prisoners employed on different kinds of labour during the years 1881 and 1882 are given in the following table :—

		Average Number under sentence of Labour.	Sick and convalescent.	On unremunerative Labour.	Prison Officers.	Prison Servants.	Gardening.	Grinding grain and preparing articles for Jail use.	On additions, alterations and repairs to Jail Buildings.	Manufactures.	Public Works.
1882...	Number ...	8,291	530	250	261	706	564	713	406	2,695	2,166
	Percentage ...	100	6·4	3·0	3·2	8·5	6·8	8·6	4·9	32·5	26·1
1881...	Number ...	9,321	665	195	306	796	744	910	470	3,081	2,154
	Percentage ...	100	7·1	2·1	3·3	8·5	8·0	9·8	5·0	33·1	23·1

Sick, convalescent and infirm.

79. There is a decrease in the daily average number of sick and convalescent from 665 to 530, and in the percentage to number employed from 7·1 to 6·4.

Unremunerative labour.

80. There is a slight increase in the number employed on unremunerative labour. This kind of labour, as before explained, is confined to the Jails in the city of Bombay, where the short-term prisoners are employed on shot drill and tread-mill, picking oakum in the intervals, unfortunately the physique of these prisoners is so bad that they are quite unfit for extramural labour, and if so employed would die off in numbers.

Prison officers and servants.

81. The number employed as prison officers and servants is less than last year, the percentage being about the same; the number so employed in this Presidency is comparatively small, and has by strict supervision been reduced of late years, which enable me to increase the number on profitable labour, especially public works.

Gardening.

82. I have been able largely to decrease the number employed in gardens, from 744 in 1881 to 564 in 1882; a large proportion of the men so employed are engaged in pulling moats, which is excellent hard labour for short-term prisoners for whom no other labour is procurable, so that the number actually employed on light gardening work is very small.

Grinding grain, &c.

83. There is a large decrease in the number grinding grain, from 910 in 1881 to 713 in 1882 and from 9·8 to 8·6.

Repairs, &c., to Jail Buildings.

84. There is considerable decrease in the number employed in making additions and alterations to Jail buildings as compared with the preceding years, and this smaller number has actually carried out more numerous and extensive additions and alterations than in 1882. A new convict camp has been built at Mhasvad which employed a daily average strength of 98 prisoners, new workshops have been built in the Yerrowda Central Jail, the system for distributing water through the Thána Jail has been completed, and a matron's quarters built, the cells in the Ahmedabad Jail have been enlarged, the ventilation improved, and the Jail area drained, the floor of the cells in the Surat Jail has been raised, and the area drained, the area of the Karáchi Jail has been thoroughly drained, and the ventilation of the barracks in the Shikárpur Jail improved, besides numerous other petty alterations have been carried out to improve the sanitary condition of the Jail too numerous to mention.

Manufactures and Public Works.

85. The following table shows the number of prisoners employed on manufactures in each Jail during the years 1881 and 1882, the profits resulting from their labour, and the increase or decrease in profits in the year under report:—

No.	Jails.	1882.		1881.		Increase.	Decrease.
		Average Number employed.	Profit.	Average Number employed.	Profit.		
			Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Yerrowda	630	15,937 0 10	571	13,370 9 8	2,566 7 2	.....
2	Common Jail	62	2,978 4 7	98	3,121 9 9	.....	143 5 2
3	House of Correction ...	104	7,430 6 0	103	6,229 2 5	1,201 3 7	.....
4	Poona	158	933 9 1	227	842 11 5	90 13 8	.....
5	Ahmednagar	48	657 1 6	72	383 2 3	273 15 3	.....
6	Dhulia	63	1,663 13 9	99	825 7 0	838 6 9	.....
7	Sholápur	9	163 3 0	25	499 8 11	.....	336 5 11
8	Mhasvad Gang	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....
9	Sátára	43	1,607 10 2	53	2,138 6 2	.....	530 12 0
10	Belgaum	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....
11	Gokák Gang...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....
12	Kaládgi	2	18 14 6	21	20 11 2	.....	39 9 8
13	Dhárwár	92	2,640 3 11	74	1,690 9 7	949 10 4	.....
14	Kárwár	41	1,019 1 7	15	523 12 5	495 5 2	.....
15	Ratnágiri	46	406 2 10	79	1,148 4 5	.....	742 1 7
16	Thána	233	5,149 0 5	220	2,745 8 0	2,403 8 5	.....
17	Ahmedabad	221	6,068 12 3	184	4,898 1 10	1,170 10 5	.....
18	Dhuliákot	5	314 1 2	18	101 11 8	212 5 6	.....
19	Kaira...	39	285 10 4	39	141 1 11	144 8 5	.....
20	Surat	74	2,101 0 8	100	3,295 13 8	.....	1,194 13 0
21	Dohad	51	1,204 10 9	68	767 3 6	437 7 3	.....
22	Rájkot	...	15 0 0	1	10 0 0	5 0 0	.....
23	Karáchi	344	6,572 5 4	422	7,558 9 10	.....	986 4 6
24	Hyderabad	243	2,367 15 5	315	2,113 2 4	254 13 1	.....
25	Shikárpur	150	1,457 0 11	228	1,187 2 6	269 14 5	.....
26	Nára	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....
27	Aden	37	1,203 11 7	49	2,024 11 2	.....	820 15 2
	Total ...	2,695	62,156 15 7	3,081	55,637 1 7	11,314 1 5 6,519 14 0	4,794 3 5

86. It will be seen that there has been a considerable decrease in the number employed in Jail factories in 1882 as compared with 1881. For some years past it has been the policy of this Government to decrease the number employed in factories, and increase the number on useful public works, and this has not been lost sight of in the year under report, as it will be seen that the ratio of prisoners employed on public works, notwithstanding a decrease in the Jail population, has been increased from 23·1 in 1881 to 26·1 in 1882.

87. Though there has been a considerable decrease in the number employed in the factories there has been an actual increase in the earnings,—the factories in the Yerrowda Central Jail, House of Correction, Thána, Ahmedabad, and Karáchi Jails having been very successfuly worked.

88. The chief sources of profit in our Jail factories are carpet-making and coir-matting. It is perhaps out of place in an annual report to discuss the question of Jail competing with free labour; but I think I am justified in stating that our Jail industries have not affected private trades, and if the Jail factories are completely shut, I have been repeatedly assured in the course of this year's inspection that it will be an inconvenience instead of a gain to the general public.

89. The trades carried on in the Bombay Jails are, as a rule, only suitable for the residuum of Jail labour, and would not pay private traders; the labour exacted in the factories, compared with the work exacted at public-work gangs, is comparatively small, and only a few very long-term prisoners, the old, weakly and convalescent, and women and boys are employed in the factories, all able-bodied prisoners being sent to the extramural gangs.

90. The total *cash* factory profits for the year have been Rs. 62,156-15-7. This has been for articles sold to the general public; besides, the factories have made up the clothing and other articles for Jail use and a few articles for Government on which no profit is charged, the details of which are given in Statement J in the Appendix. The following table shows the nominal value of the convict labour employed in making these articles, which, added to the cash receipts, makes

the total earnings of the prisoners employed in the factory Rs. 82,290-7-0 in 1882 against Rs. 78,656-7-4 in 1881; or an increase of Rs. 3,633-15-8, though 386 fewer hands have been employed :—

No.	Jails.	1882.			1881.		
		Factory Profit.	Nominal Value of Labour on Articles made for Jail or other Government Departments.	Total.	Factory Profit.	Nominal Value of Labour on Articles made for Jail or other Government Departments.	Total.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Yerrowda	15,937 0 10	3,963 10 4	19,900 11 2	13,370 9 8	4,632 3 2	18,002 12 10
2	Common Jail	2,978 4 7	124 15 1	3,103 3 8	3,121 9 9	215 12 7	3,337 6 4
3	House of Correction... ...	7,430 6 0	203 5 0	7,633 11 0	6,229 2 5	54 9 11	6,283 12 4
4	Poona	933 9 1	2,376 15 8	3,310 8 9	842 11 5	2,264 7 4	3,107 2 9
5	Ahmednagar	657 1 6	173 9 9	830 11 3	383 2 3	221 4 2	604 6 5
6	Dhulia	1,663 13 9	991 6 0	2,655 3 9	825 7 0	860 11 0	1,686 2 0
7	Sholápur	163 3 0	60 14 2	224 1 2	499 8 11	64 10 2	564 3 1
8	Sátára	1,607 10 2	121 0 0	1,728 10 2	2,138 6 2	143 1 0	2,281 7 2
9	Belgaum	.....	.. ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	Kaládgi	18 14 6	58 9 0	39 10 6	20 11 2	96 10 3	117 5 5
11	Dhárwár	2,640 3 11	2,362 9 3	5,002 13 2	1,690 9 7	2,690 12 3	4,381 5 10
12	Kárwár	1,019 1 7	162 4 9	1,181 6 4	523 12 5	412 15 0	936 11 5
13	Ratnágiri	406 2 10	342 2 10	748 5 8	1,148 4 5	296 9 1	1,444 13 6
14	Thána	5,149 0 5	1,607 10 5	6,756 10 10	2,745 8 0	3,647 1 7	6,392 9 7
15	Ahmedabad	6,068 12 3	677 11 5	6,746 7 8	4,898 1 10	511 13 1	5,409 14 11
16	Dhuliákot	314 1 2	181 12 10	495 14 0	101 11 3	432 15 9	534 11 5
17	Kaira	285 10 4	74 5 0	359 15 4	141 1 11	71 15 0	213 0 11
18	Surat	2,101 0 8	966 0 7	3,067 1 3	3,295 13 3	534 15 2	3,830 12 10
19	Dohad	1,204 10 9	95 3 6	1,299 14 3	767 3 6	92 10 0	859 13 6
20	Rájkot	15 0 0	15 11 7	30 11 7	10 0 0	14 8 5	24 8 5
21	Karáchi	6,572 5 4	804 7 2	7,376 12 6	7,558 9 10	472 1 6	8,030 11 4
22	Hyderabad	2,367 15 5	2,918 3 5	5,286 2 10	2,113 2 4	3,014 8 6	5,127 10 10
23	Shikárpur	1,457 0 11	1,837 2 10	3,294 3 9	1,187 2 6	2,234 2 10	3,421 5 4
24	Nára	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	Aden	1,203 11 7	13 12 10	1,217 8 5	2,024 11 2	39 0 0	2,063 11 2
	Total ...	62,156 15 7	20,133 7 5	82,290 7 0	55,637 1 7	23,019 5 9	78,656 7 4

91. The following table shows the number of prisoners employed on extramural work and the realizations of each Jail from such labour for the years 1881 and 1882:—

No.	Jails.	1882.		1881.		Increase.	Decrease.
		Average Number employed.	Profit.	Average Number employed.	Profit.		
			Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Yerrowda	125	5,494 0 11	171	4,205 11 5	1,288 5 6	.....
2	Common Jail	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....
3	House of Correction ...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....
4	Poona	8	370 6 0	...	.....	370 6 0	.....
5	Ahmednagar	...	5 0 0	...	2 12 6	2 3 6	.....
6	Dhulia	24	1,163 6 11	19	377 15 8	785 7 3	.....
7	Sholápur	54	3,061 13 0	41	2,200 2 6	861 10 6	.....
8	Mhasvad Gang	339	25,635 5 9	407	17,211 1 6	8,424 4 3	.....
9	Sátára	...	1 4 0	10	390 10 0	.....	389 6 0
10	Relgaum	28	896 6 7	39	958 2 4	.....	61 11 9
11	Gokák Gang	361	19,596 13 2	263	17,065 8 8	2,531 4 6	.....
12	Kaládgi	6	292 7 8	3	247 11 1	44 12 7	.....
13	Dhárwár	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....
14	Kárwár	2	106 9 3	2	75 5 11	31 3 4	.....
15	Ratnágiri	...	17 5 1	4	301 9 2	.....	284 4 1
16	Thána	63	2,416 6 6	106	2,551 14 1	.....	135 7 7
17	Ahmedabad	...	12 0 0	33	1,012 14 4	.....	1,000 5 4
18	Dhuliákot	103	3,748 11 0	91	3,830 12 8	.....	82 1 8
19	Kaira	13	358 12 3	18	464 5 3	.....	1,105 9 0
20	Surat	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....
21	Dohad	31	1,069 4 3	16	551 3 7	518 0 8	.....
22	Rájkot	24	.....	19	.....	.....	.....
23	Karáchi	19	.....	5	.....	.....	.....
24	Hyderabad	173	8,859 12 1	246	9,719 3 3	.....	859 7 2
25	Shikárpur	203	3,801 4 9	109	3,820 5 0	.....	19 0 3
26	Nára	590	66,913 5 8	552	63,500 11 6	3,412 10 2	.....
27	Aden	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....
	Total ...	2,166	1,43,820 15 10	2,154	1,28,488 0 5	18,270 4 3 15,332 15 5	2,937 4 10
	Average earnings per prisoner	...	66 6 5	...	59 10 4	.....	.....

92. With a considerable decrease in the daily average strength of male prisoners sentenced to hard labour there has been a slight increase in the number employed extramurally and a considerable increase in the percentage, but the statement shows only the prisoners actually earning wages, and not the total strength of the gangs.

93. The daily average strength of the three gangs at Mhasvad, Gokák and Nára was 569, 553 and 716, respectively, or a total of 1,838 in these gangs alone; in the temporary extramural canal camps attached to the Hyderabad and Shikárpur Jails a daily average strength of 173 and 203 were respectively employed, or a total of 376, and besides these 500 prisoners were employed on miscellaneous extramural work, or a total of 2,714 out of 7,901 male prisoners sentenced to hard labour, or 34·3 per cent. of the whole.

94. The Ashti Gang was moved from Ashti to Mhasvad, a distance of about 40 miles, where a new camp has been built on the radiating system,—a very model of a convict encampment and all that can be desired for sheltering prisoners on extramural labour where the rainfall is moderate. Considerable expense, loss of time, and consequent decrease in earnings were incurred by this change of camp, but nevertheless the earnings of the gang have been increased from Rs. 17,211-1-6 to Rs. 25,635-5-9,—an increase of Rs. 8,424-4-3 over the preceding year and of Rs. 13 per head per prisoner of the whole gang.

95. The Gokák Gang has earned Rs. 19,596-13-2 in 1882 against Rs. 17,065-8-8 in 1881,—an increase of Rs. 2,531-4-6; but as the strength of the gang was considerably increased, this small increase of earnings is not satisfactory, the earning per head of the whole gang having fallen from Rs. 37 to Rs. 35. The decrease in the earnings per head is due to the work being latterly unsuitable for prison labour—heavy rock-cutting through which water permeated; the work will soon be finished, and the gang removed to some other place.

96. The result of the working of the Nára Gang is again this year very satisfactory, the earning per head of the whole gang being Rs. 93: the total earnings are Rs. 66,913, and expenditure Rs. 61,918, or an excess of income over expenditure of Rs. 4,995.

97. A gang of a daily average strength of 173 prisoners, camped out on the canal near Hyderabad, realized the large sum of Rs. 8,859-12-1 for canal clearings, and a similar gang of a daily average strength of 203 near Shikárpur, Rs. 3,801-4-9, which is not so satisfactory; while large sums were realized from convict labour in the Yerrowda Central Jail, Dhuliákot, Sholápur, Dhulia and Dohad Jails.

98. The employment of prisoners on extramural work in this Presidency has been a decided success. At first there were some failures, but owing to the firm advocacy, steady support and encouragement given by the Honourable L. Ashburner, late Member of Council, to the employment of prison labour on public works, the system of establishing large gangs was persevered in. Now, from the result of our experience in working prisoners on public works, I venture to state that the Mhasvad Gang is the very model of a Jail on the associated system, and for discipline, management and sanitary arrangement will contrast favourably with any Jail on the associated system in India.

99. The following table shows the excess of credits or profits and the excess of payment over drawings from the treasury for the years 1881 and 1882 under the different heads of labour under which the prisoners have been employed :—

	1882.		1881.	
	Excess of Credit or Profit.	Excess of Payments over Drawings.	Excess of Credit or Profit.	Excess of Payments oevr Drawings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Factory	62,159	75,339	55,637	59,138
Garden	5,816	6,015	4,852	4,834
Extramural labour	1,43,822	1,42,399	1,28,481	1,36,290
Building and repairing Jails	687	635	886	886
Subordinate Jails...	3,293	3,293	2,573	2,573
	2,15,777	2,27,681	1,92,429	2,03,721

100. With a decrease in the daily average strength of 1,045 there is an increase in the cash earning of Rs. 23,960, which gives the very favourable results of Rs. 26 per prisoner sentenced to labour against Rs. 21 in 1881. The greater part of the realizations has been from extramural gangs, which, besides providing suitable employment for the prisoners, has greatly benefited the country by assisting in the execution of irrigation schemes in arid and barren tracts.

101. The table only shows the cash profits resulting from the employment of prison labour, as explained in paragraph 107 of last year's report, there is a considerable amount earned annually by prisoners, called nominal earnings, which, although not actually realized in cash and paid into the treasury, is a gain to Government, as, if the work were performed by free labour, the cost would be as much, if not more, to the State.

102. This statement shows the cost of guarding and maintenance and cash realizations from convict labour for each Jail individually and the Subordinate Jails collectively, and the total net cost per head of all convicts and of those sentenced to labour.

Statement No. XIV.

103. The total net cost to Government has fallen from Rs. 4,07,856 in 1881 to Rs. 3,50,234 in 1882, giving a total saving of Rs. 57,622 ; while the net cost per prisoner has been reduced from Rs. 42 in 1881 to Rs. 40 in 1882,—a satisfactory decrease.

104. In the year under report the average cost of a prisoner has risen from Rs. 62-1-10 in 1881 to Rs. 65-7-3, due, as before explained, to the cost of establishment and guards being divided over a much smaller daily average number of prisoners ; but as the earnings have risen from Rs. 21 to Rs. 26, the net cost is even less than last year. The following table shows the average cost and average cash profits for the year 1881 in different provinces, from which it will be seen that though the average cost in Bombay is large, due to the high price of food and labour, the comparatively large cash realizations from prison labour greatly decrease the cost to the State :—

	Average Cost.	Average Cash Profit.
	Rs.	Rs.
Bombay	62	21
Madras	72	14
Bengal	54	28
North-West Provinces	36	8
Punjáb	59	11
Central Provinces	45	17

105. The following table shows a comparative statement of the net cost to Government for the years 1871 and 1881 in the different provinces :—

Comparative Statement of Net Cost per Head of all Convicts.

	1871.	1881.	1882.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bombay	82	42	40
Madras	68	59	...
Bengal	40	30	...
North-West Provinces	38	30	...
Punjáb	41	52	...
Central Provinces...	39	29	...

106. The table speaks for itself, in Bombay there is a decrease of about 50 per cent. in the net cost per head of all convicts (it is only about 25 per cent. in the other provinces), due to more careful supervision and the more profitable employment of the prisoners. These figures show the reforms made in the financial

administration of the Bombay Jails, but as a telling illustration of the reforms introduced I give the present and past expenditure of the Jails in the city of Bombay :—

	1871.	1881.
Daily average number of prisoners	422	544
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Rations	27,296	14,380
Cost per prisoner	**64 10 11**	**26 6 11**
Establishment	42,142	27,918
Cost per prisoner	**99 13 10**	**51 5 1**
Police guard	2,259	135
Cost per prisoner	**5 5 8**	**0 4 0**
Hospital charges	592	1,362
Cost per prisoner	**1 6 5**	**2 8 1**
Clothing	3,945	647
Cost per prisoner	**9 5 7**	**1 3 0**
Contingencies...	10,902	4,952
Cost per prisoner	**25 13 4**	**9 1 8**
Gross cost of maintenance	87,136	49,394
Cost per prisoner	**206 7 9**	**90 12 9**

The decrease in expenditure is not due to any change or reduction in diet,—the diet being exactly the same in quality and quantity, ounce for ounce and drachm for drachm, in 1871 as 1881,—and the discipline has been decidedly improved under the present Superintendents and revised establishment.

107. Taking the same daily average strength of 9,846 for the years 1871 and 1881, *viz.*, the daily average strength for 1881, the estimated saving effected in the total net cost is nearly 4 lákhs of rupees, the net cost in 1871 at Rs. 82 per prisoner being Rs. 8,07,372, while in 1881 at Rs. 42 it is only Rs. 4,07,856 ; and as this saving has not in any way impaired efficiency, the Jails being in a much better state of discipline than in 1871, I trust Government will consider that great progress has been made in improving the Jail management in this Presidency during the last ten years.

VITAL

108. This statement shows the sickness and mortality amongst the prisoners of all classes in all Jails for the year, and the number of prisoners who can be accommodated in Jail.

Statement No. XV.

109. In most of the Jails there was ample accommodation for the number of prisoners confined ; but in the Jails, as per table below, there was some overcrowding at different periods of the year :—

Male Prisoners.

	Accommodation.	Daily Average Strength.	Maximum Population.	Increase. Daily Average Strength.	Increase. Maximum Population.
Common Jail	229	240	336	11	107
House of Correction...	345	298	367	...	22
Thána	631	515	692	...	61
Surat	167	175	202	8	35
Rájkot	82	68	104	...	22
Karáchi	531	498	543	...	12
Hyderabad	802	611	808	...	6
Shikárpur	795	701	881	...	86

110. If the Hospital accommodation were included in the above table there would be no overcrowding to the daily average strength in any Jail or to the maximum population on any day in the House of Correction, Karáchi and Hyderabad Jails; and it has only been in the Common Jail, Thána, Surat, Rájkot and Shikárpur Jails that there has been overcrowding for short periods.

111. Every endeavour was made to anticipate and prevent overcrowding by transfer to other Jails, and on this account large transfers were made from the Common Jail and Thána to the Yerrowda Central Jail whenever the daily average strength was equal to the Jail accommodation; and that overcrowding did not last for any time is evident from the fact that the accommodation was sufficient for the daily average strength.

112. There was, again, some overcrowding in the Surat Jail this year, and a standing order was issued to transfer all short-term prisoners to the Subordinate Jail at Broach, as the Jail is not sufficient for the want of the district, and large transfers were made from Surat to Mhasvad and Yerrowda. Though the numbers are somewhat in excess of the accommodation as regards cubic space, the superficial area per prisoner is far in excess of the regulation quantity, each prisoner having 52 superficial feet of ground space, so that the Superintendent and Medical Officer, Surgeon-Major James Davidson, who has had great experience, was of opinion that the overcrowding had no bad effect on the health of the prisoners.

113. There was some temporary overcrowding at Rájkot which was speedily relieved.

114. There was some overcrowding in the Shikárpur Jail in January and February last, as shown in the statement; but as a gang of prisoners, about 200 strong, was camped out on canal work there was not *really* any overcrowding in the Jail itself, and, therefore, the Superintendent reports that the mortality was not due to overcrowding, the prisoners in the Jail barracks having much over the sanctioned cubical space.

115. The following table shows the total sickness and mortality and the ratio of deaths to total population, daily average strength and admissions into hospital for the years 1881 and 1882:—

	1882.			1881.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Total population	27,314	1,702	29,016	27,094	1,848	28,942
Average daily strength	8,102	416	8,518	9,091	431	9,522
Number admitted into hospital	6,769	268	7,037	7,073	298	7,371
Daily average sick	212·8	9·8	222·6	296·4	13·4	309·8
Number of deaths	280	8	288	385	21	406
Ratio per cent. of deaths to total population	1·0	0·5	1·0	1·4	1·1	1·4
Ratio per cent. of deaths to strength ...	3·5	1·9	3·4	4·2	4·9	4·3
Ratio per cent. of deaths to admissions into hospital	4·1	3·0	4·1	5·4	7·0	5·5

116. There was no actual increase in the total number of prisoners confined in Jails, but there has been an increase in the number passing through Jails on account of the unusual number of the transfers to gangs and to relieve over-crowding; hence an increase in this table of the total population from 28,942 to 29,016. There has been a marked decrease under all the other heads of daily average strength, admissions into hospital, and daily average sick, with a corresponding decrease in the ratios under these heads, the ratio of deaths to total population being only 1·0 and to daily average strength 3·4, which shows a marked decrease on preceding years.

117. The year under report has been comparatively a very healthy year; in a large number of Jails the admissions into hospital and percentage of mortality have been very small; and were it not for the exceptional sickness and mortality in a very few Jails, the sickness and mortality of the present year would compare favourably with the years before the famine.

118. The following table shows the percentage of deaths to daily average strength in the chief provinces of India for 1871 and 1881 :—

Comparative Statement of Ratio per Cent. of Deaths to Daily Average Strength.

	1871.	1881.	1882.
Bombay	3·1	4·3	3·4
Madras	1·8	4·1	...
Bengal	4·1	6·6	...
North-West Provinces	4·1	2·3	...
Punjáb	2·7	6·5	...
Central Provinces	2·5	3·0	...

119. The following table gives the total population, daily average strength, admissions into hospital, deaths, and percentage of deaths to total population and to daily average strength for the last two years :—

No.	Jails.	1882. Total Population.	1882. Average Daily Strength.	1882. Admissions into Hospital.	1882. Deaths.	1882. Ratio per Cent. of Deaths to Total Population.	1882. Ratio per Cent. of Deaths to Daily Average Strength.	1881. Total Population.	1881. Average Daily Strength.	1881. Admissions into Hospital.	1881. Deaths.	1881. Ratio per Cent. of Deaths to Total Population.	1881. Ratio per Cent. of Deaths to Daily Average Strength.
1	Ahmednagar	458	98	65	..	..	..	553	142	160	6	1·1	4·2
2	Sátára	553	93	70	..	..	..	704	131	84	3	0·4	2·3
3	Dohad	452	133	66	..	..	..	513	166	115	8	1·6	4·8
4	Aden	204	56	36	..	..	..	265	71	29	1	0·4	1·4
5	Kárwár	291	96	76	1	0·3	1·0	298	82	99	2	0·7	2·4
6	Ratnágiri	281	91	74	1	0·4	1·1	473	161	87	6	1·3	3·7
7	Kaládgi	605	86	74	1	0·2	1·2	648	123	130	..	..	..
8	House of Correction ..	893	298	103	4	0·4	1·3	772	257	63	4	0·5	1·6
9	Yerrowda	2,001	1,174	491	17	0·8	1·4	1,671	1,280	686	18	1·1	1·4
10	Dhárwár	761	217	182	3	0·4	1·4	807	235	195	5	0·6	2·1
11	Mhasvad Gang	1,190	569	910	12	1·0	2·1	867	539	661	6	0·7	1·1
12	Common Jail	2,811	259	115	6	0·2	2·3	2,499	287	169	4	0·2	1·4
13	Ahmedabad	1,447	363	144	9	0·6	2·5	1,584	398	174	23	1·5	5·8
14	Rájkot	339	78	89	2	0·6	2·6	301	94	115	2	0·7	2·1
15	Thána	2,496	596	367	16	0·6	2·7	2,655	742	433	31	1·2	4·2
16	Karáchi	1,501	503	234	14	0·9	2·8	1,715	578	449	27	1·6	4·7
17	Dhulia	915	208	141	6	0·7	2·9	866	236	113	1	0·1	0·4
18	Hyderabad	2,183	627	341	22	1·0	3·5	2,436	810	370	56	2·3	6·9
19	Poona	1,177	248	172	9	0·8	3·6	1,118	329	240	19	1·7	5·8
20	Kaira	927	136	46	5	0·5	3·7	842	158	118	9	1·1	5·7
21	Dhuliákot	790	234	237	9	1·1	3·8	640	332	585	9	1·4	2·7
22	Belgaum	685	56	83	3	0·4	5·4	642	74	196	3	0·5	4·0
23	Sholápur	461	134	79	8	1·7	6·0	498	140	82	7	1·4	5·0
24	Surat	776	182	87	11	1·4	6·0	845	208	133	29	3·4	13·9
25	Gokák	1,121	553	712	34	3·0	6·1	871	461	786	52	6·0	11·3
26	Nára	1,333	716	619	44	3·3	6·1	1,181	681	529	24	2·0	3·5
27	Shikárpur	2,365	714	1,424	51	2·2	7·1	2,672	807	570	51	1·9	6·9
	Total ..	29,016	8,518	7,037	288	1·0	3·38	28,942	9,522	7,371	406	1·4	4·3

120. It will be seen that in this year in 4 Jails there have been no deaths, in 6 Jails the very low rate of from 10 to 15 per mille, in 7 Jails from 20 to 30 per mille, in 4 Jails from 30 to 40 per mille, in 3 Jails from 40 to 60 per mille, and in the 3 last in the list over 60 per mille; and it is from the large mortality in the 3 last Jails that the death-rate continues large.

121. Of the first 21 Jails in the list for 1882 no special remarks are necessary.

122. The percentage of deaths to daily average strength in the Belgaum Jail is large; the number is few, and the deaths were due to diseases not common in Jails—1 from tetanus, 1 from gangrene and 1 from general debility followed by enteritis, which was the cause of death.

123. The mortality in the Sholápur Jail is comparatively large: of the 8 deaths 2 were women—1 from leprosy and 1 in child birth; 4 deaths were from dysentery and diarrhœa, on which the Superintendent remarks: "I am really unable to explain the cause of this, both the food and water being excellent in quality."

124. There is a large decrease in mortality in the Surat Jail as compared with the preceding year, though it is still exceptionally high. This Jail was comparatively healthy in the hot and cold weather, 7 out of the 11 deaths occurring in the rains; the cell floors in this Jail have been raised and the drainage improved. The Medical Officer writes that "the sickness and mortality have not been traced to any defective condition of the Jail itself or the dietary in force, but have been due to ordinary diseases established and developed in weakly constitutions."

125. There has been a large decrease in the sickness and mortality at Gokák, and I am glad to be able to report that this still continues—thanks to the energy and care taken by Assistant Surgeon Nasarwanji Dhunjibhai in supervising the issue, cleaning, grinding and cooking of the rations, which has materially decreased the admissions and deaths from bowel complaints and diseases arising from disorder of the digestive organs.

126. There is a considerable increase in sickness and mortality in the Nára Gang as compared with the preceding year. The Medical Officer complains that the prisoners transferred, not being of such good stamina as in former years, more easily fell victims to fever and diseases of the respiratory organs which are prevalent after the inundation and during the cold season. The admissions were numerous; and though the best men were sent from the District Jails, the call upon them was larger than they could meet, and some weakly men were unfortunately included in the transfers, which shows that only the very strongest prisoners will stand the exposure of out-door labour, and that if weakly men are sent to extramural gangs the result must be an increase of sickness and mortality.

127. The large increase in sickness and mortality in the Shikárpur Jail has caused me much uneasiness, as I have not been able to discover the cause of such unwonted sickness. I carefully inspected this year this Jail, and went into every question affecting the health of the prisoners, there were very few prisoners in Jail, 200 being encamped out in tents canal-digging; these prisoners were exceptionally healthy, the mortality being confined to the weakly and sickly men in Jail, the Medical Officer explained that the strongest prisoners are sent to the Nára, the next strongest are employed on the canals round Shikárpur, and the weakly men only left in Jail. The barracks are scrupulously clean, and have only this year had the ventilation much improved, so that there is no overcrowding, the food and clothing are sufficient and good, and the only reason I could assign for the great mortality from lung disease was that the prisoners caught a chill on leaving their barracks too early in the morning or during the night to go to the latrines, which are in the open air. On my inspection I ordered the prisoners to be kept in barracks till the sun rose, that each man was to have a smoke early in the morning, and that special care was to be taken that they were not allowed to go about in the cold with their jackets not properly closed, as I felt certain that it was from the morning chills that there was such a large increase in the sickness and mortality in the cold weather, the prisoners being comparatively healthy during the hot season.

No.	Jail.	Daily average Strength	Number on Lb. ozs. 1 3 Scale.	Number on Lbs. ozs. 1 4 Scale.	Number on Lbs. ozs. 1 8 Scale.	Deaths.	Percentage of Deaths to Daily Average Strength	Remarks.
1	Ahmednagar	98	27	68	..	..	..	
2	Sátára	93	44	46	..	..	..	
3	Dohad	133	23	108	..	..	..	
4	Aden	56	15	39	..	..	..	
5	Kárwár	96	21	74	..	1	1·0	
6	Ratnágiri	91	31	58	..	1	1·1	
7	Kaládgi	86	55	28	..	1	1·2	
8	House of Correction	298	..	..	..	4	1·3	Special diet scale.
9	Yerrowda	1,174	..	830	320	17	1·4	830 prisoners received 2 ozs. extra to th Conference scale.
10	Dhárwár	217	58	155	..	3	1·4	107 prisoners do. do.
11	Mhasvad	569	..	..	556	12	2·1	556 prisoners received extra 4 ozs. 1 lb. 8 ozs. scale.
12	Common Jail	259	..	..	..	6	2·3	Special diet scale.
13	Ahmedabad	363	50	247	60	9	2·5	247 prisoners received 2 ozs. extra to the Conference scale.
14	Rájkot	78	26	50	..	2	2·6	
15	Thána	596	226	311	55	16	2·7	
16	Karáchi	503	275	199	21	14	2·8	199 received 2 ozs. extra to the Conference scale.
17	Dhulia	208	31	135	40	6	2·9	
18	Hyderabad	627	56	313	240	22	3·5	313 received 2 ozs. extra to the Conference scale. 240 received 5½ ozs. extra to 1 lb. 8 ozs. scale.
19	Poona	248	123	110	..	9	3·6	47 prisoners received 2 ozs. extra to the
20	Kaira	136	45	89	..	5	3·7	Conference scale.
21	Dhuliákot	234	..	78	146	9	3·8	78 prisoners received 2 ozs. extra to the
22	Belgaum	56	36	18	..	3	5·4	Conference scale.
23	Sholápur	134	28	54	49	8	6·0	
24	Surat	182	36	143	..	11	6·0	33 prisoners received 2 ozs. extra to the Conference scale.
25	Gokák	553	..	35	483	34	6·1	483 received 4 ozs. extra to 1 lb. 8 ozs. scale.
26	Nára	716	..	..	..	44	6·1	Special diet scale of 2 lbs.
27	Shikárpur	714	98	305	289	51	7·1	305 prisoners received 2 ozs. extra to the Conference scale. 289 received 2 ozs. extra to 1 lb. 8 ozs. scale.
	Total ..	8,518	1,309	3,493	2,259	288	3·4	

128. The above table shows the number on the different diet scales in the Jails and gangs in this Presidency, on which I wish to offer the following remarks.

129. There are three acknowledged diet scales: one termed the 1 lb. 3 ozs. scale, which has been in force for many years, and has been unaltered in my time, and which has been issued to all simple and under-trial prisoners, women, juveniles and prisoners sentenced to hard labour for 3 months and under. On this scale 1,309 out of the daily average strength has been dieted.

130. The second scale is the 1 lb. 4 ozs. scale, which is usually called the Jail Conference diet scale, and for the introduction of which I am responsible. Of the daily average strength of 8,518 prisoners, 3,493 are on this scale.

131. The third scale is the 1 lb. 8 ozs. scale, which is given to a few prisoners in Jails on *bonâ fide* hard labour and to the prisoners in extramural gangs and camps.

132. There has been for many years past, before my time, a special diet scale for the Jails in the city of Bombay, which has not been altered. This is smaller in quantity, and contains less nitrogen and carbon than the Conference diet scale. I wish this to be particularly noted, as in all discussions on Jail diets no objection has been taken to this inferior scale.

133. I am of opinion that No. 2, or the Conference diet scale, is quite sufficient for the prisoners of this Presidency, exclusive of Sind, sentenced to two years and under who are employed on the medium intramural labour usually exacted in Jails, but is insufficient for the large-framed men in the Sind Jails, for prisoners sentenced to long terms of imprisonment, and for convicts on *bonâ fide* hard labour or extramural work, who receive extra diet to the Conference scale, as shown in the above table.

134. If the mortality in our Jails is due to a deficiency in diet owing to the introduction of the Conference diet scale, how is it that there has been a minimum of deaths in the first 8 Jails on the list where the Conference diet scale or the inferior diet scale of the House of Correction is the maximum, and where no extras have been given?

135. The mortality in the Thána Jail has been attributed to a deficiency in diet; if so, why do the prisoners in the Bombay Jails not suffer who are on an inferior diet? Surely a difference of 20 miles in distance from one Jail to the other cannot account for it; and, besides, why is the Thána Jail so comparatively healthy this year with the Conference scale still in use, only the few prisoners on extramural task work—55 out of 596—getting the hard-labour scale? Again, there are no deaths in the Ahmednagar Jail, while in the neighbouring Sholápur Jail the mortality to daily average strength is 6 per cent, in the Ahmednagar Jail the prisoners receive no extras to the Conference scale, while the large majority of the prisoners sentenced to labour at Sholápur are on the higher 1 lb. 8 ozs. scale. Again in the Dohad Jail there are no deaths, while in Surat the percentage of deaths to daily average strength is 6 per cent., notwithstanding that a considerable number of the prisoners in Surat are receiving extras to the Conference scale, while none are given at Dohad.

136. The prisoners in the Sind District Jails being a heavier class of men, all receive 2 ozs. grain in addition to the Conference scale; but if mortality is due to deficient diet, why are the prisoners in the Karáchi Jail, who receive the smallest amount of extras, far healthier than the prisoners at Shikárpur, and the prisoners at Hyderabad healthier than those at Nára, where the diet scale is by far the largest in the whole Presidency, and where the prisoners are a picked body of men?

137. The table, if studied, clearly shows that the greatest mortality this year has been in some Jails and gangs on the highest diet scales, and the statistics for this year, now that the bad effects of the famine have entirely passed away, conclusively prove that the change in diet was not the cause of the late increase in mortality in our Jails, but, as it was necessary to find a reason for the increase, the change of diet was eagerly and without due enquiry accepted, and opinions expressed by writers who had little either theoretical or practical knowledge of the subject. If further argument were necessary I would instance the mortality in the Madras Jails, where the Conference diet was not accepted, and where the scales of diet in 1871 and 1881 are much the same; in 1871 the mor-

tality was only 18, while in 1881 it was 41 per mille, the same as in Bombay. No change of diet can, therefore, be held responsible for the increase in the mortality in the Madras Jails, but in Madras, as in Bombay, large districts suffered from famine, the bad effects of which have now passed away, and it is satisfactory to note that the death-rate in this Presidency is 3·4 for 1882, which is only very slightly in excess of 3·1, the death-rate for 1871.

138. The following table shows the total population, daily average strength, number of deaths, and ratio per cent. of deaths to total population and daily average strength in the Subordinate Jails for the years 1881 and 1882:—

	1882.	1881.
Total population	4,091	4,582
Average daily strength	311	324
Number of deaths	7	6
Ratio per cent. of deaths to population	0·17	0·13
Do. do. average strength	2·2	1·9

139. There is comparatively so little difference betwixt the results of the two years that no special remarks are necessary, the results being satisfactory in both years.

Statement No. XVI.

140. The following table shows the chief diseases from which the sickness and mortality occurred during the last two years:—

	1882.		1881.	
	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.
Small-pox	...	...	7	...
Intermittent fever	2,252	8	2,634	20
Remittent or continued fever	217	42	219	32
Cholera	14	7	58	31
Scrofula and phthisis pulmonalis	23	7	44	13
Anœmia and general debility	172	35	169	27
Respiratory diseases	592	60	486	74
Dysentery and diarrhœa	1,041	57	968	103
Jaundice	56	1	32	1
Ulcers and boils	374	3	476	16

141. There is no marked decrease in admissions from intermittent fever, the number of admissions being particularly large in the Shikárpur and Hyderabad Jails, and Gokák, Mhasvad and Nára Gangs, which would evidently point to the fact that the exposure to which these prisoners are subjected, render them liable to attacks of intermittent fever, which, though rarely fatal, weaken their constitutions, and make them less able to withstand the attacks of more serious diseases.

142. The admissions from remittent fever are much the same as last year, the mortality considerably greater, the deaths chiefly occurring in the Shikárpur and Hyderabad Jails, and the Nára, Gokák and Mhasvad Gangs, where intermittent fever was much prevalent.

143. There have been comparatively few admissions and deaths from cholera: of the 7 deaths, 4 occurred at the Gokák and 2 at the Mhasvad Gang.

144. There is a decrease in admissions and deaths from scrofula and phthisis pulmonalis, and slight increase in admissions and deaths from anœmia and general debility; these are not confined to any special Jail or gang, but are divided over the Jails of the whole Presidency.

145. There is an increase in admissions from respiratory diseases, but a decrease in mortality; the mortality under this class of diseases is almost entirely confined to prisoners in the Sind Jails.

146. There is an increase in admissions from bowel complaints, due to the numerous admissions in the Shikárpur Jail and Mhasvad and Gokak Gangs. There is, however, a marked decrease in the mortality.

147. The admissions and mortality from ulcers and boils show a marked and satisfactory decrease.

Statement No. XVIII.

148. This statement shows the mortality according to age in the different Jails and gangs in this Presidency.

Statement No. XIX.

149. The following table shows the mortality according to length of imprisonment for the years 1881 and 1882:—

	1882.			1881.		
	Average Number.	Deaths.	Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.	Average Number.	Deaths.	Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.
Under 6 months in Jail	2,963	120	4·1	2,663	187	7·0
From 6 to 12 months	1,620	57	3·6	1,986	83	4·2
„ 1 to 2 years	1,428	53	3·7	1,903	79	4·2
„ 2 to 3 „	908	24	2·6	1,231	25	2·0
„ 3 to 7 „	914	25	2·7	987	26	2·6
Above 7 years	504	5	1·0	582	4	0·7
Total ...	8,337	284	3·4	9,352	404	4·3

150. As in former years, the number of deaths and ratio of deaths to daily average strength are largest amongst prisoners 6 months in Jail, the ratio of deaths to strength being about the mean mortality amongst prisoners from 6 months to 2 years, and decreases amongst long-term prisoners of 2 years and upwards.

151. The statement of health of prisoners on admission and discharge is shown in Vital Statement B in the Appendix, and the following table shows the number who gained or lost weight and remained stationary during their imprisonment:—

	1882.	1881.
Number discharged during the year	17,670	16,544
Do. who gained weight	9,409	8,710
Do. who lost weight	6,514	6,451
Do. who remained stationary	1,747	1,383

152. A slightly larger number gained weight and remained stationary as compared with last year—a smaller number consequently losing weight. The ratios for the two years are—

	1882.	1881.
Gained weight	53·2	52·6
Remained stationary	9·9	8·4
Lost weight	36·9	39·0

153. The progress made in Jail management during the last 10 years may be briefly recapitulated as follows :—The introduction of the mark system for industry and good conduct, with corresponding remission of sentence; the more systematic treatment, registration and identification of re-convicted prisoners; the employment of convicts as warders in places of trust and responsibility; the establishment of juvenile prisons with separate establishments; a thorough revision of the system of check and audit, which has greatly reduced expenditure; the employment of a smaller number of prisoners on nominal labour, and an increase in the number employed on *bonâ fide* remunerative labour by the establishment of extramural gangs, which has greatly increased receipts; the revision of the Jail establishments, all subordinates being now in graded list with increased prospects of promotion; the extension of the system of employing resident Jail Superintendents, which has been a decided success; and a complete change in the system of the keeping of registers, returns and accounts. Besides these there have been numerous minor changes introduced which have improved the management, discipline and sanitary condition of the Jails.

154. I have inspected the Jails, as per margin, during the year betwixt 1st April 1882 to 31st March 1883.

Yerrowda, Common Jail, House of Correction, Poona, Thána, Surat, Broach, Ahmedabad, Dhuliákot, Kaira, Dohad, Dhulia, Bhusával, Ahmednagar, Sátára, Belgaum, Gokák, Ratnágiri, Sholápur, Mhasvad, Karáchi, Shikárpur, Sukkur, Hyderabad.

155. The Jail Superintendents, as per margin, are directly under the control of the Inspector-General of Prisons. Superintendents of the other Jails are Civil Surgeons as well as Jail Superintendents.

Surgeon-Major Salaman; Surgeon Greany; Captain Walsh; A. G. Mackenzie, Esq.; S. Smith, Esq.; W. P. Pegge, Esq.; Ratánji Nasarwanji, Esq.; John Innes, Esq.; J. McCarter, Esq.; W. W. Wellis, Esq.; Assistant Surgeon M. S. Postwalla.

Yerrowda, Poona District Jail and Juvenile Prison.

Dr. Salaman was on furlough till 1st December; he is, as has been formerly reported, an excellent Jail Superintendent who takes an active interest in his work. Dr. Greany, who acted for Dr. Salaman, is a first-class administrator, and did good work in the department; he is a zealous, hard-working, efficient Jail Superintendent and Medical Officer.

House of Correction.

Captain Walsh is a thorough good man of business, and manages the prisoners, European and native, in his Jail with tact and firmness. The House of Correction is in a very good state of discipline, and reflects great credit on his management.

Common Jail.

Mr. Mackenzie has only been a short time a Jail Superintendent; he promises to be a most efficient Jail Officer, as he is zealous and attentive to his duties, and a strict disciplinarian.

Thána.

Mr. Smith is a first-class Jail Superintendent; his Jail is in excellent order, neat, clean and in a good state of discipline; he takes great interest in his work, especially the factory, and has been successful in getting rewards for Jail manufactures at several exhibitions.

Dhuliákot. Acting at Ahmedabad.

Mr. Pegge is a good Jail Officer, well acquainted with all the details connected with prison management. The Jails in his charge are in a good state of discipline.

Ahmedabad.

Mr. Ratanji, Superintendent Ahmedabad Jail, is a good Jail Superintendent; his services are at present lent to the Baroda State.

Karáchi.

Mr. Innes has only been a short time a Jail Superintendent; he is zealous, hard-working, attentive to his duties, and has already improved the discipline of the Jail.

Gokák.

Mr. McCarter is a shrewd, intelligent, old man, an excellent work overseer; his place is that of a Deputy Superintendent or Jailor under a good officer. I have reluctantly come

to the conclusion that he is not fitted for an independent charge, as the gang was not in a good state of discipline this year.

Mhasvad. Mr. Wellis is a first-class Jail Superintendent; his management of the Ashti and Mhasvad Gangs is excellent.

Nára. Assistant Surgeon Postwalla has proved himself an excellent Jail Superintendent, and has done good work in a trying climate.

The following Civil Surgeons, who are also Jail Superintendents, have taken an active interest in the management of their Jails :—Dr. Cook, Dhárwár; Dr. Holmested, Hyderabad; Dr. Boyd, Dhulia; Dr. Bainbridge, Sátára; Dr. Nariman, Dohad; Dr. Peacocke, Shikárpur; Dr. Briggs, Sholápur.

156. The following officers of the subordinate establishments deserve special mention :—

Mr. Taylor, Jailor of the Yerrowda Central Jail, is a most efficient Jailor, understands thoroughly the management of native prisoners, is always at his post, steady, willing and attentive; and I would recommend him for the post of a resident Jail Superintendent.

Mr. Higgins, Deputy Superintendent and Jailor of the House of Correction, is an excellent Jail subordinate, steady, hard-working and attentive to his duties.

Mr. Hall, Jailor, Shikárpur, is a very good Jail subordinate, hard-working, steady and trustworthy.

Mr. Desmier, Jailor, Hyderabad, is an active, hard-working man, and has done good service in looking after the extramural camps for the prisoners employed on canal work in connection with the Jail, which have been financially very successful.

Mr. Fernandez, Dhárwár; Mr. Dadabhai Sorabsha, Surat; and Mr. Daniel Solomon, Sátara, are active, intelligent, trustworthy Jailors.

157. My office establishment has worked well and zealously. Mr. Barnes, late Head Clerk, an excellent Assistant, has got promotion in the Controller of Military Finance Office, Calcutta. Mr. Fraser, of the Adjutant General's Office, appointed Head Clerk, promises well. The annual returns were ready on the 1st, and the report completed on the 20th March—thanks to the industry of Mr. Dayabhai Mathuradas, Head Accountant in charge of the Statistical Branch.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

B 1312—9

GENERAL SUMMARY showing the Distribution of the Prisoners of all Classes confined in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9			10		
Stations.	Place of Confinement.	Classes of Prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all Causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily Average Number of each Class.			Total Daily Average of whole Jail.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Yerrowda	Central Jail	Convicts	1,233	..	1,233	768	..	768	2,001	..	2,001	861	..	861	1,140	..	1,140	1,174	..	1,174	1,174	..	1,174
Bombay—																							
Common Jail	District do.	Convicts	283	23	306	1,980	164	2,144	2,263	187	2,450	2,057	170	2,227	206	17	223	229	18	247	240	19	259
		Under trial	7	..	7	336	18	354	343	18	361	325	17	342	18	1	19	11	1	12			
House of Correction.	Do. Europeans	Convicts	15	..	15	272	..	272	287	..	287	257	..	257	30	..	30	22	..	22	28	..	28
		Under trial	..	..	..	15	..	15	15	..	15	12	..	12	3	..	3	1	..	1			
	Do. Natives	Convicts	272	..	272	316	..	316	588	..	588	360	..	360	228	..	228	275	..	275	275	..	275
		Under trial	..	..	..	3	..	3	3	..	3	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Poona	Do.	Convicts	268	55	323	629	129	758	897	184	1,081	677	142	819	228	42	262	196	49	245	199	49	248
		Under trial	4	..	4	81	11	92	85	11	96	81	10	91	4	1	5	3	..	3			
Ahmednagar	Do.	Convicts	112	16	128	246	29	275	358	45	403	284	31	315	74	14	88	82	13	95	85	13	98
		Under trial	4	..	4	47	4	51	51	4	55	49	4	53	2	..	2	3	..	3			
Dhulia	Do.	Convicts	212	20	232	533	52	585	745	72	817	505	56	561	240	16	256	180	20	200	188	20	208
		Under trial	3	..	3	88	7	95	91	7	98	91	7	98	..	..	..	8	..	8			
Sholápur	Do.	Convicts	96	18	114	225	59	284	321	77	398	226	59	285	95	18	113	111	20	131	113	21	134
		Under trial	6	2	8	41	14	55	47	16	63	44	15	59	3	1	4	2	1	3			
Mhasvad	Do.	Convicts	429	..	429	761	..	761	1,190	..	1,190	526	..	526	664	..	664	569	..	569	569	..	569
Sátára	Do.	Convicts	88	27	110	316	63	379	399	90	489	339	66	405	60	24	84	68	24	92	69	24	93
		Under trial	6	..	6	45	13	58	51	13	64	51	12	63	..	1	1	1	..	1			
Belgaum	Do.	Convicts	49	7	56	476	63	539	525	70	595	493	60	553	32	10	42	44	9	53	47	9	56
		Under trial	3	..	3	77	10	87	80	10	90	73	10	83	7	..	7	3	..	3			
Gokák	Do.	Convicts	448	..	448	673	..	673	1,121	..	1,121	559	..	559	462	..	462	553	..	553	553	..	553
		Under trial	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kaládgi	Do.	Convicts	82	19	101	307	45	352	389	64	453	343	42	385	46	22	68	41	23	64	62	24	86
		Under trial	4	..	4	134	14	148	138	14	152	137	14	151	1	..	1	21	1	22			
Dhárwár	Do.	Convicts	187	46	233	417	50	467	604	96	700	433	60	493	171	36	207	175	40	215	177	40	217
		Under trial	3	..	3	53	5	58	56	5	61	56	5	61	..	..	..	2	..	2			
Kárwár	Do.	Convicts	89	7	96	146	9	155	235	16	251	167	12	179	68	4	72	90	5	95	91	5	96
		Under trial	..	..	..	40	..	40	40	..	40	40	..	40	..	..	..	1	..	1			
Ratnágiri	Do.	Convicts	117	16	133	111	21	132	228	37	265	181	20	201	47	17	64	74	16	90	74	17	91
		Under trial	1	..	1	5	10	15	6	10	16	4	9	13	2	1	3	..	1	1			
Thána	Do.	Convicts	589	80	669	1,489	151	1,640	2,078	231	2,309	1,615	156	1,771	463	75	538	503	80	583	515	81	596
		Under trial	22	2	24	159	4	163	181	6	187	163	6	169	18	..	18	12	1	13			
Ahmedabad	Do.	Convicts	371	22	393	787	89	876	1,158	111	1,269	869	65	934	289	46	335	320	29	349	333	30	363
		Under trial	6	..	6	154	18	172	160	18	178	151	17	168	9	1	10	13	1	14			
Dhuliákot	Do.	Convicts	273	..	273	517	..	517	790	..	790	587	..	587	203	..	203	234	..	234	234	..	234
		Under trial	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Kaira	Do.	Convicts	135	8	143	606	39	645	741	47	788	612	41	653	129	6	135	124	8	132	128	8	136
		Under trial	2	..	2	131	6	137	133	6	139	113	6	119	20	..	20	4	..	4			
Surat	Do.	Convicts	194	7	201	503	32	535	697	39	736	554	35	589	143	4	147	173	7	180	175	7	182
		Under trial	..	..	..	37	3	40	37	3	40	37	3	40	..	..	..	2	..	2			
Dohad	Do.	Convicts	136	4	140	205	3	208	341	7	348	220	3	223	121	4	125	127	4	131	129	4	133
		Under trial	4	..	4	100	..	100	104	..	104	100	..	100	4	..	4	2	..	2			
Rájkot	Do.	Convicts	67	8	75	140	10	150	207	18	225	134	12	146	73	6	79	64	10	74	68	10	78
		Under trial	..	..	..	107	7	114	107	7	114	99	7	106	8	..	8	4	..	4			
Karáchi	Do.	Convicts	537	1	538	648	22	670	1,185	23	1,208	767	17	784	418	6	424	491	5	496	498	5	503
		Under trial	3	1	4	280	9	289	283	10	293	281	10	291	2	..	2	7	..	7			
Hyderabad	Do.	Convicts	710	11	721	868	21	889	1,578	32	1,610	1,090	18	1,108	488	14	502	595	15	610	611	16	627
		Under trial	22	1	23	527	23	550	549	24	573	526	24	550	23	..	23	16	1	17			
Shikárpur	Do.	Convicts	775	14	789	1,143	18	1,161	1,918	32	1,950	1,329	24	1,353	589	8	597	685	12	697	701	13	714
		Under trial	21	4	25	366	24	390	387	28	415	363	28	391	24	..	24	16	1	17			
Nára	Do.	Convicts	589	..	589	744	..	744	1,333	..	1,333	659	..	659	674	..	674	716	..	716	716	..	716
Aden	Do.	Convicts	65	3	68	124	11	135	189	14	203	142	14	156	47	..	47	55	1	56	55	1	56
		Under trial	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Subordinate Jails	....	Convicts	275	9	284	3,519	288	3,807	3,794	297	4,091	3,514	288	3,802	280	9	289	291	20	311	291	20	311
		Total	8,812	431	9,243	22,296	1,568	23,864	31,108	1,999	33,107	23,260	1,595	24,855	7,848	404	8,252	8,393	436	8,829	8,393	436	8,829
		1881	10,037	493	10,530	21,307	1,687	22,994	31,344	2,180	33,524	22,582	1,749	24,281	8,812	431	9,243	9,397	449	9,846	9,397	449	9,846

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. I.—(JUDICIAL.)

Showing the Number and Disposal of the Convicts in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

Serial Number.	Jails.	3 Remained on the 31st December 1881.		4 Imprisoned during the year 1882.		5 Total.		6 Received from other Jails. A. To undergo sentence.		6 Received from other Jails. B. In transit for transportation or to other Jails.		7 Grand Total.			8 Transferred to other Jails. A. To undergo sentence.		8 Transferred to other Jails. B. For transportation beyond seas, &c.		9 Released during the year. A. On appeal.		9 Released during the year. B. On expiry of sentence.		9 Released during the year. C. Under remission rules.		9 Released during the year. D. By order of Government. (a) On account of sickness.		9 Released during the year. D. By order of Government. (b) On other grounds.		10 Transported beyond seas.		11 Transferred to Lunatic Asylums.		12 Escaped.		13 Executed		14 Died.		15 Remaining on the 31st December 1882.			16 Daily Average Number.			17 Serial Number.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
1	Yerrowda	1,233	..	4	..	1,237	..	764	..	..	..	2,001	..	2,001	583	..	6	..	7	..	195	..	53	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	..	1,140	..	1,140	1,174	..	1,174	1
2	Common Jail	283	23	1,979	164	2,262	187	1	..	..	..	2,263	187	2,450	134	9	4	..	..	1	1,912	160	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	6	..	206	17	223	229	18	247	2
3	House of Correction. Europeans.	15	..	270	..	285	..	2	..	..	..	287	..	287	..	..	..	..	..	..	257	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	..	30	22	..	22	3
	House of Correction. Natives ..	272	..	303	..	575	..	13	..	..	..	588	..	588	89	..	..	..	..	..	253	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	228	..	228	275	..	275	
4	Poona	268	55	609	122	877	177	20	7	..	..	897	184	1,081	192	..	..	2	23	4	444	133	6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	5	..	6	3	220	42	262	196	49	245	4
5	Ahmednagar	112	16	245	29	357	45	1	..	..	..	358	45	403	58	..	..	..	14	1	210	29	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	74	14	88	82	13	95	5
6	Dhulia	212	20	531	52	743	72	2	..	..	..	745	72	817	87	..	5	..	19	2	377	53	7	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	6	..	240	16	256	180	20	200	6
7	Sholápur	96	18	224	59	320	77	1	..	..	..	321	77	398	5	1	..	..	34	3	177	53	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	6	2	95	18	113	111	20	131	7
8	Mhasvad	429	..	..	..	429	..	761	..	..	..	1,190	..	1,190	21	..	..	..	7	..	463	..	22	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	664	..	664	569	..	569	8
9	Sátára	83	27	316	63	399	90	..	..	..	..	399	90	489	145	6	..	..	11	..	175	60	3	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	4	..	..	..	60	24	84	68	24	92	9
10	Belgaum	49	7	467	63	516	70	9	..	..	..	525	70	595	201	12	..	..	18	..	260	47	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	9	1	3	..	32	10	42	44	9	53	10
11	Gokák	448	..	1	..	449	..	672	..	..	..	1,121	..	1,121	14	..	..	..	14	..	558	..	35	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	34	..	462	..	462	553	..	553	11
12	Kaládgi	82	19	303	45	385	64	4	..	..	..	389	64	453	136	..	..	..	12	1	187	41	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	46	22	68	41	23	64	12
13	Dhárwár	187	46	404	41	591	87	13	9	..	..	604	96	700	93	..	..	..	13	2	314	58	7	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	171	36	207	175	40	215	13
14	Kárwár	89	7	146	9	235	16	..	..	..	..	235	16	251	21	..	14	..	2	..	122	12	4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	68	4	72	90	5	95	14
15	Ratnágiri	117	16	111	21	228	37	..	..	..	..	228	37	265	40	..	9	1	11	1	116	18	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	47	17	64	74	16	90	15
16	Thána	589	80	1,375	137	1,964	217	3	9	111	5	2,078	231	2,309	229	..	..	..	15	..	1,247	144	16	..	..	..	..	..	1	90	8	..	..	6	..	12	3	463	75	538	503	80	583	16
17	Ahmedabad	371	22	687	74	1,058	96	100	15	..	..	1,158	111	1,269	276	..	16	..	30	6	525	57	7	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	6	1	9	..	289	46	335	320	29	349	17
18	Dhuliákot	273	..	385	..	658	..	132	..	..	..	790	..	790	76	..	..	..	21	..	476	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	9	..	203	..	203	234	..	234	18
19	Kaira	135	8	602	39	737	47	4	..	..	..	741	47	788	36	2	..	..	10	..	560	39	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	129	6	135	124	8	132	19
20	Surat	194	7	503	32	697	39	..	..	..	..	697	39	736	73	8	7	..	30	..	431	27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	11	..	143	4	147	173	7	180	20
21	Dohad	136	4	205	3	341	7	..	..	..	..	341	7	348	..	..	4	..	3	..	208	3	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	121	4	125	127	4	131	21
22	Rájkot	67	8	140	10	207	18	..	..	..	..	207	18	225	34	5	..	..	..	..	85	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	10	..	1	..	73	6	79	64	10	74	22
23	Karáchi	537	1	638	22	1,175	23	1	..	9	..	1,185	23	1,208	84	..	15	..	20	..	607	16	27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	14	..	418	6	424	491	5	496	23
24	Hyderabad	710	11	812	21	1,522	32	53	..	3	..	1,578	32	1,610	215	..	6	..	18	..	811	18	13	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	1	..	22	..	488	14	502	595	15	610	24
25	Shikárpur	775	14	1,141	18	1,916	32	2	..	..	..	1,918	32	1,950	373	..	3	..	18	1	837	23	27	..	2	..	8	..	..	..	1	..	5	..	50	..	589	8	597	685	12	697	25
26	Nára	589	..	82	..	671	..	662	..	..	..	1,333	..	1,333	51	..	..	..	12	..	549	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	44	..	674	..	674	716	..	716	26
27	Aden	65	3	124	11	189	14	..	..	..	..	189	14	203	..	..	..	..	..	..	141	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	47	..	47	55	1	56	27
	Total Central and District Jails ..	8,416	412	12,607	1,035	21,023	1,447	3,220	40	123	5	24,366	1,492	25,858	3,266	43	89	3	362	22	12,497	1,012	264	..	3	..	10	1	90	8	3	1	24	..	62	5	276	8	7,420	389	7,809	7,970	408	8,378	
	Subordinate Jails ..	275	9	3,503	288	3,778	297	16	..	..	..	3,794	297	4,091	..	..	..	..	56	4	3,445	284	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	280	9	289	291	20	311	
	Total ..	8,691	421	16,110	1,323	24,801	1,744	3,236	40	123	5	28,160	1,789	29,949	3,266	43	89	3	418	26	15,942	1,296	264	..	3	..	10	1	90	8	3	1	30	..	62	5	283	8	7,700	398	8,098	8,261	428	8,689	
1881	Total Central and District Jails ..	9,596	467	12,784	1,047	22,380	1,514	1,673	60	218	18	24,271	1,592	25,863	1,729	57	189	22	311	12	12,800	1,047	206	6	4	1	24	1	126	9	4	..	31	..	48	4	383	21	8,416	412	8,828	8,985	425	9,410	
	Subordinate Jails	346	17	3,879	315	4,225	332	25	..	..	..	4,250	332	4,582	2	..	..	..	63	1	3,900	321	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	4	..	..	..	5	1	275	9	284	306	18	324	
	Total ..	9,942	484	16,663	1,362	26,605	1,846	1,698	60	218	18	28,521	1,924	30,445	1,731	57	189	22	374	13	16,700	1,368	206	6	4	1	24	1	126	9	5	..	35	..	48	4	388	22	8,691	421	9,112	9,291	443	9,734	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

Poona, 20th March 1883.

STATEMENT No. II.—(JUDICIAL.)

Showing the Religion, Age and Previous Occupation of the Convicts in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency on 31st December 1882.

1	2	3												4								5										6			7
		RELIGION.												AGE.								PREVIOUS OCCUPATION.													
		A.						B.		C.		D.		E.		A.		B.		C.		D.		MALES.							FEMALES.				TOTAL.			
		CHRISTIANS.																																		
		a.		b.		c.		Mahomedans.		Hindus.		Budhists and Jains.		All other Classes.		Under 16.		16 to 40.		40 to 60.		Above 60.														
Serial Number.	Jails.	Europeans.		Eurasians.		Natives.																		Persons employed under Government or Municipal or other Local Authorities.	Professional Persons.	Persons in service or performing personal offices.	Persons engaged in agriculture and with animals.	Persons engaged in commerce and trade.	Persons employed in mechanical arts, manufactures, & engineering operations, &c.	Miscellaneous persons not classed otherwise.	Married.	Unmarried.	Widows.	Prostitutes.				Serial Number.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.										M.	F.	Total.	
1	Yerrowda	4	...	...	...	9	...	145	...	944	...	35	...	3	...	...	...	786	...	309	...	45	...	26	23	237	674	77	61	42	...	...	...	...	1,140	...	1,140	1
2	Common Jail	...	...	...	...	12	...	58	3	133	14	...	...	3	...	4	...	186	15	15	2	1	...	8	1	89	2	35	16	55	5	...	6	6	206	17	223	2
3	House of { Europeans.	27	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	18	3	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	30	3
	Correction { Natives ...	...	...	...	...	14	...	87	...	119	...	...	...	8	..	...	...	201	...	25	...	2	...	6	22	67	35	71	18	9	...	...	...	...	228	...	228	
4	Poona	...	...	...	...	7	1	24	3	179	38	9	...	1	...	59	...	108	34	52	8	1	...	21	...	29	49	19	79	23	39	...	2	1	220	42	262	4
5	Ahmednagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	62	12	3	...	...	...	...	•2	62	12	12	...	...	...	5	14	4	46	2	...	3	13	1	...	...	74	14	88	5
6	Dhulia	...	...	...	...	1	...	43	3	196	13	...	...	...	...	1	1	212	12	26	3	1	...	22	2	17	165	12	7	15	8	1	5	2	240	16	256	6
7	Sholápur	...	...	...	...	1	...	13	1	81	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	18	5	...	...	...	5	8	9	64	4	...	5	8	...	8	2	95	18	113	7
8	Mhasvad	...	...	...	...	2	...	105	...	553	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	604	...	57	...	3	...	36	11	35	187	42	318	35	...	...	...	...	664	...	664	8
9	Sátára	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2	53	20	2	2	...	...	1	...	50	24	9	...	...	...	8	...	1	25	2	20	4	9	...	14	1	60	24	84	9
10	Belgaum	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	26	10	1	...	...	...	1	...	28	7	3	3	...	...	2	...	...	8	3	18	1	6	1	8	...	32	10	42	10
11	Gokák Gang	...	...	...	...	6	...	62	...	389	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	427	...	35	...	...	...	38	16	22	267	10	91	18	...	...	...	...	462	...	462	11
12	Kaládgi	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4	39	18	...	...	...	...	...	1	30	15	12	6	4	...	6	7	...	29	...	...	4	8	2	11	1	46	22	68	12
13	Dhárwár	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	5	123	13	1	1	...	...	1	1	145	27	21	8	4	...	21	23	1	49	8	67	2	17	...	18	1	171	36	207	13
14	Kárwár	...	...	...	...	4	...	9	...	55	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	57	3	8	1	2	...	7	2	7	27	18	2	5	3	...	1	...	68	4	72	14
15	Ratnágiri... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	41	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	11	11	5	...	1	2	...	1	33	6	3	2	9	...	7	1	47	17	64	15
16	Thána	...	...	...	...	7	1	59	3	396	71	...	...	1	...	6	1	404	50	52	24	1	...	26	3	42	338	19	24	11	43	...	32	...	463	75	538	16
17	Ahmedabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	7	254	39	6	...	...	...	4	...	244	33	33	12	8	1	9	...	22	206	5	16	31	29	1	15	1	289	46	335	17
18	Dhuliákot	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	...	168	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	173	...	28	...	2	...	3	2	13	93	2	71	14	...	...	...	...	203	...	203	18
19	Kaira	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	119	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	5	9	1	...	...	3	2	4	88	...	7	25	6	...	...	...	129	6	135	19
20	Surat	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	114	4	1	...	1	...	3	...	118	4	21	...	1	...	9	4	9	39	4	73	5	3	...	1	...	143	4	147	20
21	Dohad	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	113	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	109	4	11	...	...	...	2	3	5	103	4	2	2	2	2	...	...	121	4	125	21
22	Rájkot	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	1	55	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	65	2	8	3	...	...	11	...	3	55	1	...	3	3	1	2	...	73	6	79	22
23	Karáchi	3	...	...	...	...	...	376	6	36	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	368	6	48	...	1	...	56	...	...	178	147	23	14	2	...	4	...	418	6	424	23
24	Hyderabad	...	...	...	...	1	...	458	14	29	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	420	12	67	2	...	...	17	...	17	399	6	28	21	9	5	...	..	488	14	502	24
25	Shikárpur	...	...	...	...	4	...	570	6	75	2	...	...	...	..	33	...	496	7	58	1	2	...	46	...	66	287	23	125	42	6	1	...	1	589	8	597	25
26	Nára	...	...	...	...	...	...	634	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	615	...	57	...	2	...	21	1	19	594	6	14	19	...	...	...	...	674	...	674	26
27	Aden	...	...	...	...	1	...	27	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	...	5	...	...	...	9	...	19	5	2	11	1	...	...	...	...	47	...	47	27
	Total ...	34	...	3	...	70	2	2,804	62	4,416	322	71	3	22	...	117	7	6,226	301	997	79	80	2	438	144	739	4,045	546	1,097	411	228	15	129	17	7,420	389	7,809	
	On 31st December 1881...	21	...	3	...	69	3	3,422	69	4,790	387	77	3	34	...	134	8	7,034	314	1,109	88	139	2	448	89	869	4,654	586	1,105	665	250	11	137	14	8,416	412	8,828	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. III.—(JUDICIAL.)

Showing the Convicts in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency on 31st December 1882 according to the Nature and Length of Sentence.

1	2	3	4																						5			6
			Classes according to Length of Sentence.																									
			A.		B.		C.		D.		E.		F.		G.		H.		I.				J.		Total.			
			Not exceeding 1 month.		Above 1 and not exceeding 3 months.		Above 3 months and not exceeding 6 months.		Above 6 months and not exceeding 1 year.		Above 1 year and not exceeding 2 years.		Above 2 and not exceeding 5 years.		Above 5 and not exceeding 10 years.		Exceeding 10 years.		Sentenced to Transportation beyond Seas.				Sentenced to Death.					
																			For Life.		For a Term.							
Serial Number.	Jails.	Nature of Imprisonment indicated by letters marking two Divisions.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	Serial Number.
1	Yerrowda	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	180	..	266	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
		B.	..	..	22	..	40	..	32	..	30	..	272	..	228	..	70	..							1,140	..	1,140	
	Total ..	..	..	..	22	..	40	..	32	..	30	..	272	..	228	..	70	..	180	..	266	..	..	..	1,140	..	1,140	
2	Common Jail ..	A.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	2	2
		B.	64	4	89	4	31	5	8	2	3	2	6	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	204	17	221	
	Total ..	..	65	4	89	4	31	5	8	2	4	2	6	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	206	17	223	
3	House of Correction—																											3
	Europeans ..	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		B.	12	..	12	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	..	30	
	Natives	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		B.	..	..	4	..	50	..	74	..	69	..	29	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	228	..	228	
	Total ..	..	12	..	16	..	51	..	75	..	70	..	31	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	258	..	258	
4	Poona	A.	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	3	5	4
		B.	24	1	20	4	47	7	25	4	40	6	30	8	13	5	..	..	11	3	8	1	..	..	218	39	257	
	Total ..	..	26	1	20	6	47	7	25	5	40	6	30	8	13	5	..	..	11	3	8	1	..	..	220	42	262	
5	Ahmednagar ..	A.	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	5
		B.	..	..	13	2	14	4	2	1	18	1	13	1	2	2	..	1	4	..	3	2	3	..	72	14	86	
	Total ..	..	1	..	14	2	14	4	2	1	18	1	13	1	2	2	..	1	4	..	3	2	3	..	74	14	88	
6	Dhulia	A.	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	6
		B.	20	4	25	..	60	2	45	5	29	1	22	2	15	1	3	..	13	1	6	..	..	..	238	16	254	
	Total ..	..	21	4	25	..	61	2	45	5	29	1	22	2	15	1	3	..	13	1	6	..	..	..	240	16	256	
7	Sholápur	A.	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	7
		B.	1	..	8	3	15	2	19	2	15	2	22	6	15	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	95	17	112	
	Total ..	..	1	..	8	3	15	3	19	2	15	2	22	6	15	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	95	18	113	
8	Mhasvad	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8
		B.	..	..	6	..	29	..	107	..	193	..	243	..	59	..	2	..	4	..	21	..	..	..	664	..	664	
	Total ..	..	..	..	6	..	29	..	107	..	193	..	243	..	59	..	2	..	4	..	21	..	..	..	664	..	664	
9	Sátára	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9
		B.	4	..	11	5	3	4	7	2	10	8	16	4	6	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	60	24	84	
	Total ..	..	4	..	11	5	3	4	7	2	10	8	16	4	6	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	60	24	84	
10	Belgaum	A.	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	10
		B.	13	..	3	3	3	3	..	1	2	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	4	2	31	9	40	
	Total ..	..	14	..	3	4	3	3	..	1	2	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	4	2	32	10	42	
11	Gokák	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11
		B.	..	..	9	..	54	..	44	..	107	..	193	..	49	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	462	..	462	
	Total ..	..	..	..	9	..	54	..	44	..	107	..	193	..	49	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	462	..	462	
12	Kaládgi	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12
		B.	6	3	10	2	9	1	4	..	4	4	7	10	3	1	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	46	22	68	
	Total ..	..	6	3	10	2	9	1	4	..	4	4	7	10	3	1	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	46	22	68	
13	Dhárwár	A.	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	5	13
		B.	5	1	10	3	23	3	14	1	26	6	24	12	19	1	4	..	17	7	21	2	3	..	166	36	202	
	Total ..	..	5	1	13	3	23	3	14	1	28	6	24	12	19	1	4	..	17	7	21	2	3	..	171	36	207	
14	Kárwár	A.	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	14
		B.	5	..	8	..	13	..	3	..	16	2	19	1	4	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	64	4	68	
	Total ..	..	9	..	8	..	13	..	3	..	16	2	19	1	4	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	68	4	72	
15	Ratnágiri	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15
		B.	..	..	4	1	3	1	1	1	2	2	11	5	14	3	4	..	1	3	7	1	..	..	47	17	64	
	Total ..	..	..	..	4	1	3	1	1	1	2	2	11	5	14	3	4	..	1	3	7	1	..	..	47	17	64	
16	Thána	A.	2	..	3	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	2	9	16
		B.	12	2	37	2	79	14	43	5	29	3	84	17	34	9	4	..	54	12	79	9	1	..	456	73	529	
	Total ..	..	14	2	40	3	80	14	43	6	30	3	84	17	34	9	4	..	54	12	79	9	1	..	463	75	538	

STATEMENT No. III.—(JUDICIAL)—*continued.*

Showing the Convicts in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency on 31st December 1882 according to the Nature and Length of Sentence—continued.

1	2	3	4																				5			6
Serial Number.	Jails.	Nature of Imprisonment indicated by letters marking two Divisions.	CLASSES ACCORDING TO LENGTH OF SENTENCE.																				Total.			Serial Number.
			A. Not exceeding 1 month.		B. Above 1 and not exceeding 3 months.		C. Above 3 months and not exceeding 6 months.		D. Above 6 months and not exceeding 1 year.		E. Above 1 year and not exceeding 2 years.		F. Above 2 and not exceeding 5 years.		G. Above 5 and not exceeding 10 years.		H. Exceeding 10 years.		I. SENTENCED TO TRANSPORTATION BEYOND SEAS. For Life		I. For a Term.		J. Sentenced to Death.				
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	
17	Ahmedabad ..	A.	..	..	2	..	1		1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	4	17
		B.	4	2	16	5	22	2	15	8	18	5	84	19	99	1	13	..	14	2	1	1	..	..	286	45	331	
	Total ..	..	4	2	18	5	22	3	16	8	18	5	84	19	99	1	13	..	14	2	1	1	..	..	289	46	335	
18	Dhuliákot	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18
		B.	..	..	23	..	48	..	52	..	56	..	22	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	203	..	203	
	Total ..	..	..	..	23	..	48	..	52	..	56	..	22	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	203	..	203	
19	Kaira	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19
		B.	10	..	31	1	39	..	23	4	7	1	9	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	129	6	135	
	Total ..	..	10	..	31	1	39	..	23	4	7	1	9	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	129	6	135	
20	Surat	A.	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	20
		B.	10	..	9	..	32	4	24	..	22	..	21	..	10	..	2	..	2	..	8	..	1	..	141	4	145	
	Total ..	..	10	..	9	..	33	4	24	..	23	..	21	..	10	..	2	..	2	..	8	..	1	..	143	4	147	
21	Dohad	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21
		B.	3	..	5	..	4	..	26	..	27	..	31	1	19	1	6	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	121	4	125	
	Total ..	..	3	..	5	..	4	..	26	..	27	..	31	1	19	1	6	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	121	4	125	
22	Rájkot	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	22
		B.	2	..	3	..	7	..	24	2	11	3	21	..	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	72	6	78	
	Total ..	..	2	..	3	..	7	..	25	2	11	3	21	..	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	73	6	79	
23	Karáchi	A.	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	23
		B.	3	..	10	1	44	3	116	..	172	1	48	..	19	1	..	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	416	6	422	
	Total ..	..	3	..	10	1	45	3	116	..	172	1	48	..	20	1	..	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	418	6	424	
24	Hyderabad	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	24
		B.	3	..	3	..	61	..	140	7	131	1	103	3	36	3	2	..	5	..	2	..	1	..	487	14	501	
	Total ..	..	3	..	3	..	61	..	140	7	131	1	104	3	36	3	2	..	5	..	2	..	1	..	488	14	502	
25	Shikárpur	A.	..	..	..	1	3	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	1	8	25
		B.	1	..	15	..	89	1	149	3	157	1	128	1	29	1	1	..	6	..	5	..	2	..	582	7	589	
	Total ..	..	1	..	15	1	92	1	153	3	157	1	128	1	29	1	1	..	6	..	5	..	2	..	589	8	597	
26	Nára	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26
		B.	..	..	..	..	24	..	102	..	337	..	174	..	35	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	674	..	674	
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	24	..	102	..	337	..	174	..	35	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	674	..	674	
27	Aden	A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27
		B.	3	..	10	..	6	..	2	..	3	..	9	..	3	..	1	..	8	..	2	..	..	..	47	..	47	
	Total ..	..	3	..	10	..	6	..	2	..	3	..	9	..	3	..	1	..	8	..	2	..	..	..	47	..	47	
	Total ..	A.	12	..	9	5	7	2	6	2	5	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41	9	50	
		B.	205	17	411	36	850	56	1,102	48	1,535	49	1,646	90	731	32	118	3	326	29	437	17	18	3	7,379	380	7,759	
	Total ..	..	217	17	420	41	857	58	1,108	50	1,540	49	1,647	90	732	32	118	3	326	29	437	17	18	3	7,420	389	7,809	
	On 31st December 1881..	..	162	17	444	27	951	69	1,299	51	1,931	71	1,939	92	807	34	117	6	288	28	412	17	16	..	8,416	412	8,828	

A.—Simple imprisonment.
B.—Rigorous imprisonment.

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. IV.—(JUDICIAL.)

Showing the Convicts in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency, on the 31st day of December 1881, who had been previously convicted.

1	2	3			4									5			6						7
					Number previously convicted.												Juvenile Prisoners under 16 years of age (Section 318 of the Criminal Procedure Code).						
					A.		B.		C.		D.						A.			B.			
					Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.						Number in Prison on the 1st day of the year			Number previously convicted.			
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number of Convicts on the last day of previous year.												Ratio of Column 4 D to Column 3.									Serial Number.
		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
1	Yerrowda	1,233	...	1,233	97	...	63	...	126	...	286	...	286	23·2	...	23·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
2	Common Jail	283	23	306	51	3	19	2	27	2	97	7	104	34·3	30·4	33·9	9	2	11	3	...	3	2
3	House of Correction { Europeans ..	15	...	15	3	...	1	...	1	...	5	...	5	33·3	...	33·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	{ Natives ..	272	...	272	51	...	34	...	47	...	132	...	132	48·5	...	48·5	1	...	1	1	...	1	3
4	Poona	268	55	323	42	2	14	...	6	...	62	2	64	23·1	3·6	19·8	74	...	74	29	...	29	4
5	Ahmednagar	112	16	128	18	1	10	1	2	...	30	2	32	26·8	12·5	25·0	1	2	3	1	2	3	5
6	Dhulia	212	20	232	26	1	5	...	2	...	33	1	34	15·6	5·0	14·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
7	Sholápur	96	18	114	3	...	2	...	1	...	6	...	6	6·2	...	5·3	1	...	1	...	...	...	7
8	Mhasvad	429	...	429	44	...	12	...	30	...	86	...	86	20·0	...	20·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
9	Sátára	83	27	110	3	1	3	1	1	...	7	2	9	8·4	7·4	8·2	...	1	1	...	...	...	9
10	Belgaum	49	7	56	4	...	1	...	1	...	6	...	6	12·3	...	12·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
11	Gokák	448	...	448	42	...	23	...	15	...	80	...	80	17·8	...	17·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
12	Kaládgi	82	19	101	5	...	...	...	...	..	5	..	5	6·1	...	4·9	1	...	1	...	...	...	12
13	Dhárwár	187	46	233	26	...	4	1	1	...	31	1	32	16·5	2·2	13·7	1	...	1	...	...	...	13
14	Kárwár	89	7	96	10	...	7	...	7	...	24	...	24	26·9	...	25·0	1	...	1	...	...	..	14
15	Ratnágiri	117	16	133	14	1	2	1	11	1	27	3	30	23·1	18·7	22·5	...	...	...	...	..	...	15
16	Thána	589	80	669	53	6	9	1	12	..	74	7	81	12·6	8·7	12·1	5	...	5	...	...	...	16
17	Ahmedabad	371	22	393	25	3	11	1	6	...	42	4	46	11·3	18·1	11·7	6	1	7	3	1	4	17
18	Dhuliákot	273	...	273	37	...	13	...	15	...	65	...	65	23·8	...	23·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
19	Kaira	135	8	143	9	1	5	...	...	...	14	1	15	10·3	12·5	10·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
20	Surat	194	7	201	9	...	9	...	4	...	22	...	22	11·3	...	10·9	...	...	..	...	...	...	20
21	Dohad	136	4	140	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	3·7	...	3·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	21
22	Rájkot	67	8	75	3	1	...	...	1	...	4	1	5	5·9	12·5	6·6	1	1	2	...	..	...	22
23	Karáchi	537	1	538	73	...	25	..	17	...	115	...	115	21·4	...	21·4	1	...	1	...	...	...	23
24	Hyderabad	710	11	721	49	...	17	...	11	...	77	...	77	10·8	...	10·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	24
25	Shikárpur	775	14	789	118	...	46	...	18	...	182	...	182	23·5	...	23·1	32	1	33	3	...	3	25
26	Nára	589	...	589	38	...	15	...	18	...	71	...	71	12·1	...	12·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
27	Aden	65	3	68	3	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	4	6·1	...	5·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	27
	Total ...	8,416	412	8,828	861	20	350	8	381	3	1,592	31	1,623	18·9	7·5	18·4	134	8	142	40	3	43	
	Total on 31st December 1880 ...	9,596	467	10,063	921	20	298	9	342	4	1,561	33	1,594	16·3	7·1	15·8	182	9	191	49	1	50	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. IV A.—(JUDICIAL).

Showing the Convicts admitted into the Jails during the year 1882, *who had been previously convicted.*

1	2	3			4									5			6				7
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.									Ratio of Column 4 D to Column 3.			Juvenile Prisoners under 16 years of Age (Section 318, Criminal Procedure Code).				Serial Number.
					A		B.		C.		D.						A.		B.		
					Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total						Number imprisoned.		Number previously convicted.		
		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1	Yerrowda	4	...	4	...	...	..	...	1	...	1	...	1	25·0	...	25·0	...	...	...	...	1
2	Common Jail	1,979	164	2,143	286	19	126	13	156	17	568	49	617	28·7	29·9	28·8	46	3	6	...	2
3	House of Correction { Europeans.	270	...	270	42	...	5	...	9	...	56	...	56	20·7	...	20·7	...	...	...	...	3
	{ Natives ...	303	...	303	44	...	23	...	37	...	104	...	104	34·3	...	34·3	3	...	...	...	
4	Poona	609	122	731	63	4	21	...	5	1	89	5	94	14·6	4·1	12·9	12	...	2	...	4
5	Ahmednagar	245	29	274	34	3	6	...	2	...	42	3	45	17·1	10·3	16·4	5	1	...	...	5
6	Dhulia	531	52	583	63	3	15	...	4	1	82	4	86	15·4	7·7	14·7	4	3	...	1	6
7	Sholápur	224	59	283	18	...	8	...	1	...	27	...	27	12·0	...	9·5	10	3	...	...	7
8	Mhasvad	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
9	Sátára	316	63	379	23	2	9	1	1	...	33	3	36	10·5	4·8	9·5	3	1	...	...	9
10	Belgaum	467	63	530	22	1	11	1	6	2	39	4	43	8·3	6·3	8·1	3	1	...	...	10
11	Gokák Gang...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
12	Kaládgi	303	45	348	17	...	2	..	...	...	19	...	19	6·3	...	5·5	6	2	...	...	12
13	Dhárwár	404	41	445	47	2	13	...	11	...	71	2	73	17·6	4·9	16·4	4	2	...	...	13
14	Kárwár	146	9	155	15	...	8	1	2	...	25	1	26	17·1	11·1	16·8	1	...	...	...	14
15	Ratnágiri	111	21	132	8	1	12	1	5	1	25	3	28	22·5	14·3	21·2	3	...	...	...	15
16	Thána	1,375	137	1,512	142	3	28	1	8	...	178	4	182	12·9	2·9	12·0	13	3	...	...	16
17	Ahmedabad	687	74	761	54	4	8	...	9	1	71	5	76	10·3	6·7	10·0	22	3	2	...	17
18	Dhuliákot	385	...	385	27	...	5	...	4	...	36	...	36	9·3	...	9·3	...	...	...	...	18
19	Kaira	602	39	641	18	1	2	...	2	...	22	1	23	3·6	2·6	3·6	14	4	...	...	19
20	Surat...	503	32	535	19	...	8	...	5	...	32	...	32	6·4	...	6·0	22	1	...	...	20
21	Dohad	205	3	208	8	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	3·9	...	3·8	5	1	...	...	21
22	Rájkot	140	10	150	3	...	1	...	1	...	5	...	5	3·5	...	3·5	4	...	...	...	22
23	Karáchi	638	22	660	87	...	27	...	13	...	127	...	127	19·9	...	19·2	2	1	1	...	23
24	Hyderabad	812	21	833	39	1	22	...	9	1	70	2	72	8·6	9·5	8·6	14	...	1	...	24
25	Shikárpur	1,141	18	1,159	168	...	37	...	15	...	220	...	220	19·3	...	18·9	18	...	5	...	25
26	Nára	82	...	82	4	...	2	..	1	...	7	...	7	8·5	...	8·5	...	...	...	...	26
27	Aden...	124	11	135	12	4	...	...	1	...	13	4	17	10·5	36·3	12·6	...	...	...	...	27
	Total ...	12,607	1,035	13,642	1,263	48	399	18	308	24	1,970	90	2,060	15·6	8·7	15·1	214	29	17	1	
	1881 ...	12,787	1,047	13,834	1,250	49	330	12	264	17	1,844	78	1,922	14·4	7·4	13·9	265	44	40	2	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. V.—(JUDICIAL).

Showing the Escapes and Re-captures of Convicts in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8
Serial Number.	Jails.	Remaining uncaptured on the 31st December 1881 of those who escaped during the previous ten years.	ESCAPED DURING THE YEAR.			RE-CAPTURED DURING THE YEAR.			REMAINED UNCAPTURED.			UNEXPIRED PORTION OF SENTENCE OF THOSE WHO ESCAPED DURING THE YEAR.			Serial Number.
			A.	B.	C.	A.	B.	C.	A.	B.	C.	A.	B.	C.	
			From inside the Jail.	From outside the Jail.	Total.	Of those who escaped in previous ten years.	Of those who escaped during the year.	Total.	Of previous years.	Of the year.	Total.	Under 1 year.	Above 1 and under 7 years.	Above 7 years.	
1	Yerrowda	5	...	...	...	2	...	2	3	...	3	...	...	...	1
2	Common Jail	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
3	House of Correction { Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
	{ Natives ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	
4	Poona	6	...	...	...	1	...	1	5	...	5	...	...	...	4
5	Ahmednagar	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	5
6	Dhulia	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	6
7	Sholápur	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	7
8	Mhasvad	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	8
9	Sátára	6	1	...	1	...	1	1	6	...	6	1	...	...	9
10	Belgaum	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	10
11	Gokák Gang	9	...	4	4	...	1	1	9	3	12	1	3	...	11
12	Kaládgi...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	12
13	Dhárwár	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	13
14	Kárwár	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	14
15	Ratnágiri	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	15
16	Thána	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	16
17	Ahmedabad	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	2	...	...	...	17
18	Dhuliákot	5	...	3	3	...	...	...	5	3	8	1	2	...	18
19	Kaira	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
20	Surat	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	20
21	Dohad	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	21
22	Rájkot	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	4	...	22
23	Karáchi	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	2	...	...	...	23
24	Hyderabad	17	...	4	4	2	...	2	15	4	19	3	1	...	24
25	Shikárpur	11	2	3	5	1	3	4	10	2	12	2	2	1	25
26	Nára	24	...	2	2	3	1	4	21	1	22	...	2	...	26
27	Aden	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	27
	Total ...	128	4	20	24	13	6	19	115	18	133	8	15	1	
	1881 ...	130	5	26	31	10	12	22	120	19	139	18	11	2	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. VI.—(JUDICIAL).

Showing the Offences committed by the Convicts, and the Punishments inflicted on them, in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

1	2	3		4		5						6										7	8
						Breaches of Jail Rules.						Punishment inflicted.											
												A.		B.—By Jail Officers.								C.	
														a.		b.		c.		d.	e.		
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average Number of Convicts.		Criminal Offences.		Smoking or having possession of forbidden articles.		Offences relating to work.		Other offences against prison discipline.		By Criminal Courts.		Solitary Confinement.		Reduced Diet.		Solitary Confinement with reduced Diet.		Corporal Punishment.	Other Punishments.	Total Punishments.	Ratio of column 6 C to column 3.	Serial Number.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.			
1	Yerrowda	1,174	...	7	..	47	...	159	...	39	...	7	..	2	...	...	...	148	...	28	67	...	252	21·5	1
2	Common Jail	229	18	...	...	43	1	39	...	51	2	...	...	4	...	...	...	92	3	34	1	...	134	54·3	2
3	House of Correction. { Europeans	22	...	...	...	7	...	4	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	1	...	...	19	86·4	3
	{ Natives	275	...	...	...	54	...	5	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	...	18	2	...	72	26·2	
4	Poona	196	49	...	...	7	...	45	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	21	...	4	21	5	62	26·3	4
5	Ahmednagar	82	13	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	2	...	...	8	8·4	5
6	Dhulia	180	20	...	...	3	...	4	...	16	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	9	4	27	13·5	6
7	Sholápur	111	20	...	...	4	...	8	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	12	...	14	10·7	7
8	Mhasvad	569	...	...	...	3	...	66	...	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	108	...	108	19·0	8
9	Sátára	68	24	1	...	2	1	7	2	2	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	6	2	4	5	23	25·0	9
10	Belgaum	44	9	...	...	3	...	62	2	11	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	4	12	40	4	84	158·5	10
11	Gokák Gang	553	...	1	...	...	...	5	...	10	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	16	2·9	11
12	Kaládgi	41	23	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	6	9	14·1	12
13	Dhárwár	175	40	...	...	8	...	17	7	16	3	...	...	3	6	...	...	24	4	1	13	...	51	23·7	13
14	Kárwár	90	5	...	...	39	...	39	2	23	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	18	...	17	64	2	104	109·5	14
15	Ratnágiri	74	16	1	...	...	...	20	1	2	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	21	...	5	29	32·2	15
16	Thána	503	80	...	...	40	...	217	5	78	6	...	...	5	3	...	...	24	...	12	294	8	346	39·3	16
17	Ahmedabad	320	29	1	...	10	...	6	...	14	18	1	...	4	...	14	5	5	13	7	...	...	49	14·0	17
18	Dhuliákot	234	...	...	...	49	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	51	...	4	...	...	55	23·5	18
19	Kaira	124	8	...	...	1	...	2	...	21	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	17	...	6	...	...	24	18·1	19
20	Surat	173	7	...	...	9	...	2	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	15	...	22	12·2	20
21	Dohad	127	4	1	...	5	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	5	...	10	7·6	21
22	Rájkot	64	10	1	...	6	...	1	...	11	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	3	...	...	19	25·7	22
23	Karáchi...	491	5	1	...	5	...	37	...	55	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	72	5	...	98	19·7	23
24	Hyderabad	595	15	...	...	4	...	5	...	15	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	21	...	24	3·9	24
25	Shikárpur	685	12	2	...	7	...	14	...	31	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	20	27	...	54	7·7	25
26	Nára	716	...	2	...	4	...	13	...	7	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	7	...	...	25	3·5	26
27	Aden	55	1	...	...	3	...	9	...	15	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	8	...	17	2	...	27	48·2	27
	Total ...	7,970	408	18	...	363	2	790	25	524	58	18	...	21	10	25	5	586	31	320	710	39	1,765	21·1	
	1881 ...	8,985	425	38	...	456	2	1,068	42	750	85	38	...	66	10	61	6	637	39	806	697	74	2,434	25·9	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. VII.—(JUDICIAL.)

Showing the State of Education of the Convicts imprisoned in and released from the Jails of the Bombay Presidency for the year 1882.

1	2	3		4						5		6		7		8						9						10
				On those in column 3 there were												Of those in column 7 there were when they entered the Jail.						Of those in column 7 there were when they left the Jail						
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number imprisoned during the year.		Unable to read or write.		Able to read or write a little.		Able to read or write well.		Daily Average Number of Convicts.		Daily Average Number under Instruction.		Number released during the year who had been under instruction in Jail.		Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Serial Number.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1	Yerrowda	4	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	1,174	...	14	...	5	...	2	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	2	...	1
2	Common Jail	1,979	164	1,595	160	294	3	90	1	229	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
3	House of Correction { Europeans ...	270	...	42	...	156	...	72	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
	{ Natives ...	303	...	215	...	59	...	29	...	275	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	~
4	Poona	609	122	539	121	44	1	26	...	196	49	62	...	33	...	27	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	26	...	4
5	Ahmednagar	245	29	210	29	22	...	13	...	82	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
6	Dhulia	531	52	453	52	30	...	48	...	180	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
7	Sholápur	224	59	184	59	29	...	11	...	111	20	9	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	7
8	Mhasvad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	569	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
9	Sátára	316	63	270	63	34	...	12	...	68	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
10	Belgaum	467	63	378	63	44	...	45	...	44	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
11	Gokák Gang	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	553	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
12	Kaládgi	303	45	259	45	32	...	12	...	41	23	2	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	12
13	Dhárwár	404	41	331	41	50	...	23	...	175	40	23	...	19	...	17	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	4	...	13
14	Kárwár	146	9	113	9	19	...	14	...	90	5	9	...	7	...	6	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	14
15	Ratnágiri	111	21	78	21	28	...	5	...	74	16	19	...	9	...	3	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	1	...	15
16	Thána	1,375	137	1,246	136	112	1	17	...	503	80	20	9	11	4	3	1	8	3	...	...	...	...	4	1	7	3	16
17	Ahmedabad	687	74	598	74	62	...	27	...	320	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17
18	Dhuliákot	385	...	332	...	28	...	25	...	234	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
19	Kaira	602	39	559	39	33	...	10	...	124	8	7	...	7	...	6	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	1	...	19
20	Surat	503	32	404	32	66	...	33	...	173	7	4	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	10
21	Dohad	205	3	192	3	12	...	1	...	127	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	21
22	Rájkot	140	10	130	10	5	...	5	...	64	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	22
23	Karáchi	638	22	603	22	17	...	18	...	491	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23
24	Hyderabad	812	21	812	21	...	...	...	...	595	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24
25	Shikárpur	1,141	18	1,095	18	29	...	17	...	685	12	44	...	25	...	16	...	6	...	3	...	...	...	22	...	3	...	25
26	Nára	82	...	82	...	...	...	...	...	716	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
27	Aden	124	11	109	11	11	...	4	...	55	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27
	Total ...	12,607	1,035	10,833	1,029	1,216	5	558	1	7,970	408	213	9	124	4	88	1	32	3	4	...	5	...	74	1	45	3	
	1881 ...	12,787	1,047	11,212	1,041	1,051	4	524	2	8,985	425	295	10	155	5	109	3	31	2	15	...	15	...	117	2	23	3	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. VIII.—(JUDICIAL).

Showing the Employment of Convicts as Prison Officers in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during 1882.

1	2	3		4		5		6		7	
Serial Number	Jails.	Average Number of Convicts.		Average Number employed as Prison Officers.		Ratio of Column 4 to Column 3.		Total Number employed as Prison Officers.		Number reduced or otherwise punished.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
1	Yerrowda	1,174	...	43	...	3·7	...	84	...	4	...
2	Common Jail	229	18	1	...	0·4	...	2	...	...	...
3	House of Correction { Europeans	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Natives	275	...	1	...	0·4	...	1	...	...	...
4	Poona	196	49	8	...	4·1	...	12	...	1	...
5	Ahmednagar	82	13	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
6	Dhulia	180	20	7	...	3·9	...	13	...	1	...
7	Sholápur	111	20	4	...	3·6	...	6	...	..	...
8	Mhasvad	569	...	31	...	5·4	...	79	...	4	...
9	Sátára	68	24	2	...	3·0	...	4	...	...	...
10	Belgaum	44	9	1	...	2·3	...	3	...	...	...
11	Gokák Gang	553	..	19	...	3·4	...	49	...	...	...
12	Kaládgi	41	23	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
13	Dhárwár	175	40	6	...	3·4	...	16	...	...	...
14	Kárwár	90	5	3	...	3·3	...	5	...	...	...
15	Ratnágiri	74	16	3	1	4·0	6·2	5	1	1	..
16	Thána	503	80	19	2	3·8	2·5	33	2	2	1
17	Ahmedabad	320	29	6	...	1·7	...	13	...	2	...
18	Dhuliakot	234	...	1	...	0·4	..	5	...	...	...
19	Kaira	124	8	1	...	0·8	...	2	...	...	...
20	Surat	173	7	3	...	1·7	..	4	...	...	...
21	Dohad	127	4	4	...	3·1	...	9	...	2	...
22	Rájkot	64	10	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..
23	Karáchi	491	5	8	1	1·6	20·0	12	1	2	...
24	Hyderabad	595	15	34	1	5·7	6·6	48	...	6	...
25	Shikárpur	685	12	33	...	4·8	...	53	...	5	...
26	Nára	716	...	18	...	2·5	...	30	...	1	...
27	Aden	55	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ..	7,970	408	256	5	3·2	1·2	492	4	32	1
	1881 ...	8,985	425	303	3	3·4	0·7	613	3	45	...

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. IX.—(FINANCIAL.)

Showing the Scale of Diet in force in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

1	2				3	4
Diet Scale of Labouring Prisoners.	Diet Scale of Non-labouring Prisoners.	Diet Scale of European Seamen Prisoners.			Punishment Diet Scale.	Note of any change effected in Diet Scales during the year.
		Sunday and Wednesday.	Monday and Friday.	Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday.		
DIET SCALE IN THE JAILS IN THE CITY OF BOMBAY.						
For Europeans.						
	lbs. oz. dr.	lbs. oz. dr.	oz.	oz.	oz.	
Mutton or beef, with bone.	0 10 0	0 8 0	...	...	..	
Bread, 2nd sort ..	1 0 0	1 0 0	18	22	18	
Sojee	0 3 0	0 3 0	..	..	..	
Rice, 2nd sort ..	0 2 8	0 2 8	..	..	..	
Ghee	0 0 8	0 0 8	..	..	..	
Salt	0 0 8	0 0 8	dr. ½	½	½	
Pepper, black ..	0 0 0½	0 0 0½	..	..	..	
Sugar, brown ..	0 1 0	0 1 0	..	..	..	
Vegetables	0 8 0	0 6 0	..	..	1½	
Onions	..	..	..	..	½	
Wheat flour	..	..	8	4	4	
Potatoes	..	..	8	8	6	
Mutton suet.. ..	..	..	½	..	..	
Beef	..	..	..	..	6	
Dall	..	..	..	..	1½	
Firewood	3 0 0	3 0 0	3	3	3	1 lb. wheaten flour or rice. 6 drs. salt.
For Natives.						
Flour	0 8 0	0 6 0				
Rice, 2nd sort ..	0 8 0	0 8 0				
Dall	0 5 0	0 4 0				
Vegetables	0 8 0	0 6 0				
Ghee, 2nd sort, or oil	0 0 8	0 0 8				
Salt	0 0 6	0 0 6				
Curry-stuff	0 0 8	0 0 8				
Cocum	0 0 8	0 0 8				
Meat, if ordered by Medical Officer ..	..	..				
Firewood	1 0 0	1 0 0				

1	2		3	4
Diet Scale of Labouring Prisoners.	Diet Scale of Non-labouring Prisoners.	Diet Scale of European Seamen Prisoners.	Punishment Diet Scale.	Note of any change effected in Diet Scales during the year.
DIET SCALE IN THE MOFUSSIL JAILS.				
For Europeans.				
	lb. oz. dr.	lb. oz. dr.		
Mutton or beef, without bone	0 10 0	0 8 0		
Bread, 2nd sort .	1 2 0	1 2 0		
Vegetables	0 8 0	0 8 0		
Sojee	0 3 0	0 3 0		
Brown sugar ..	0 1 0	0 1 0		
Rice	0 2 8	0 2 8		
Salt	0 0 8	0 ½ 0		
Pepper, black ..	0 0 0½	0 0 0½		
Ghee	0 1 0	0 1 0		
Firewood	2 0 0	2 0 0	....	1 lb. wheaten flour or rice. 6 drs. salt.
For Natives.				
For *bond fide* Hard Labour—				
Wheat, bájri, or jowári	1 8 0	1 3 0	.. ..	An extra allowance of 2 ozs. grain is given to prisoners on extramural labour in the Shikárpur Jail.
Dall*	0 5 0	0 3 0		
Salt	0 0 6	0 0 6		
Vegetables	0 8 0	0 6 0		
Curry-stuff	0 0 8	0 0 4		
Cocum or tamarind ..	0 0 8	..		
Oil	0 1 0	0 0 4		
Animal food	0 5 0	..		
Fuel	1 0 0	1 0 0		
On Intramural or Medium Labour—				
Wheat, bájri or jowári	1 4 0	..	....	An extra allowance of 2 ozs. grain is given to prisoners in the Dhárwár Jail.
Dall*	0 4 0	..		
Salt	0 0 6	..		
Vegetables	0 6 0	..		
Curry-stuff	0 0 4	..		
Oil	0 0 4	..		
Animal food	0 4 0	..		
Fuel	1 0 0	..		

1	2	3	4
Diet Scale of Labouring Prisoners.	Diet Scale of Non-labouring Prisoners.	Diet Scale of European Seamen Prisoners.	Punishment Diet Scale.	Note of any change effected in Diet Scales during the year.
		An extra allowance of 4 ozs. grain is given to prisoners in the Gokák and Mhasvad Gangs and to prisoners on extramural labour in the Hyderabad Jail		
		An extra allowance of 2 ozs. grain is given to prisoners in the Yerrowda and 2 ozs. to prisoners in Dhuliakot and Sind Jails; also to prisoners sentenced to over 3 months in the Ahmedabad and to 2 years and upwards in the Poona Jail.		

* To be omitted when animal food is given.

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. X.—(FINANCIAL).

Showing the Expenditure in Guarding and Maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882, excluding the Cost of Building new Jails, of Additions, Alterations or Repairs.

1	2	3			4		5		6		7			8		9		10	11	12
		Average Number of Prisoners.			Rations.		Establishment.		Police Guard.		Hospital Charges.			Clothing.		Contingencies.				
					A.	B.	A.	B.	A.	B.	A.	B.	C.	A.	B.	A.	B.			
Serial Number.	Jails.	Convicts.	Under Trial.	Total.	Total Cost.	Cost per Head of Average Strength, excluding Civil Prisoners.	Total Cost.	Cost per Head of Average Strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per Head of Average Strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per Head or Average Strength.	Cost per Head of Average Number Sick.	Total Cost.	Cost per Head of Average Strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per Head per Average Strength.	Grand Total expended.	Total Cost per Head of Average Strength.	Serial Number.
					Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	
1	Yerrowda Jail...	1,174	...	1,174	22,551	19 3 4	27,629	23 8 7	4,457	3 12 9	1,084	0 14 9	49 4 4	1,856	1 9 3	4,101	3 7 11	61,678	52 8 7	1
2	Common Jail	247	12	259	5,585	21 9 0	9,501	36 10 11	...	...	489	1 14 3	97 15 10	320	1 3 9	2,897	11 3 0	18,792	72 8 11	2
3	House of Correction { Europeans ...	22	1	23	1,155	50 3 6	9,433	410 2 1	...	...	281	12 3 6	281 0 0	137	5 15 3	1,277	55 8 4	12,283	534 0 8	3
	Natives ...	275	...	275	5,956	21 10 6	9,433	34 4 10	...	...	281	1 0 4	56 3 2	419	1 8 4	1,278	4 10 4	17,367	63 2 5	
4	Poona	245	3	248	4,026	16 3 9	8,133	32 12 9	1,560	6 4 8	578	2 5 3	96 5 4	633	2 8 10	1,137	4 9 4	16,067	64 12 7	4
5	Ahmednagar	95	3	98	1,356	13 15 0	4,927	50 4 5	1,280	13 1 0	296	3 0 4	148 0 0	44	0 7 2	326	3 5 1	8,229	83 15 6	5
6	Dhulia	200	8	208	3,530	16 15 6	6,338	30 7 6	2,346	11 4 6	130	0 10 0	43 5 4	519	2 7 11	1,001	4 13 0	13,864	66 10 6	6
7	Sholápur	131	3	134	1,797	13 6 7	3,419	25 8 3	1,347	10 0 10	172	1 4 7	43 0 0	78	0 9 4	278	2 1 2	7,091	52 14 9	7
8	Mhasvad	569	...	569	15,398	27 1 0	18,158	31 14 7	2,526	4 7 0	1,482	2 9 8	61 12 0	838	1 7 7	6,914	12 2 5	45,316	79 10 3	8
9	Sátára	92	1	93	1,488	16 0 0	4,846	52 1 9	2,136	22 15 5	129	1 6 2	43 0 0	91	0 15 8	425	4 9 1	9,115	98 0 2	9
10	Belgaum	53	3	56	900	16 1 2	3,423	61 2 0	1,392	24 13 9	116	2 1 2	58 0 0	87	1 8 10	376	6 11 5	6,294	112 6 4	10
11	Gokák	553	...	553	15,942	28 13 3	17,869	32 5 0	1,260	2 4 5	2,254	4 1 3	75 2 2	2,279	4 1 11	3,186	5 12 2	42,790	77 6 0	11
12	Kaládgi...	64	22	86	718	8 5 7	5,032	58 8 2	1,903	22 2 0	226	2 10 0	75 5 4	74	0 13 9	375	4 5 9	8,328	96 13 4	12
13	Dhárwár	215	2	217	3,527	16 4 1	5,989	27 9 7	1,608	7 6 7	271	1 3 11	45 2 8	377	1 11 10	794	3 10 6	12,566	57 14 6	13
14	Kárwár...	95	1	96	1,701	17 11 6	4,765	49 10 2	2,136	22 4 0	110	1 2 4	55 0 0	105	1 1 6	501	5 3 6	9,318	97 1 0	14
15	Ratnágiri	90	1	91	1,561	17 2 6	4,427	48 10 4	2,123	23 5 3	244	2 10 11	81 5 4	164	1 12 10	347	3 13 0	8,866	97 6 10	15
16	Thána	583	13	596	11,697	19 10 0	10,738	18 0 3	1,874	3 2 4	777	1 4 10	70 10 2	1,830	3 1 2	5,174	8 10 11	32,090	53 13 6	16
17	Ahmedabad	349	14	363	7,569	20 13 7	5,613	15 7 5	1,460	4 0 4	260	0 11 5	65 0 0	405	1 1 10	1,083	2 15 9	16,390	45 2 5	17
18	Dhuliákot	234	...	234	5,138	21 15 4	10,095	43 2 3	2,592	11 1 3	345	1 7 7	43 2 0	499	2 2 1	763	3 4 2	19,432	83 0 8	18
19	Kaira	132	4	136	2,827	20 12 7	4,049	29 12 4	1,224	9 0 0	214	1 9 2	107 0 0	167	1 3 8	283	2 1 4	8,764	64 7 1	19
20	Surat	180	2	182	3,368	18 8 1	5,087	27 15 2	1,231	6 12 3	222	1 3 6	74 0 0	64	0 5 8	578	3 2 10	10,550	57 15 6	20
21	Dohad	131	2	133	1,965	14 12 4	4,626	34 12 6	1,992	14 15 8	93	0 11 2	46 8 0	247	1 13 9	272	2 0 9	9,195	69 2 2	21
22	Rájkot	74	4	78	1,556	19 15 2	2,857	36 10 1	780	10 0 0	97	1 3 11	48 8 0	113	1 7 2	295	3 12 6	5,698	73 0 10	22
23	Karáchi	496	7	503	11,422	22 11 4	6,193	12 5 0	4,656	9 4 1	821	1 10 1	91 3 7	1,707	3 6 4	907	1 12 10	25,706	51 1 8	23
24	Hyderabad	610	17	627	13,021	20 12 3	7,865	12 8 8	3,084	4 14 8	816	1 4 10	40 12 10	1,871	2 15 9	2,000	3 3 0	28,657	45 11 2	24
25	Shikárpur	697	17	714	13,515	18 14 10	8,129	11 6 2	4,464	6 4 6	933	1 4 11	46 10 5	2,552	3 9 2	1,614	2 4 0	31,207	43 11 7	25
26	Nára	716	...	716	29,923	41 12 8	7,874	11 0 0	13,144	18 5 9	1,242	1 11 9	82 12 9	4,659	6 8 1	5,076	7 1 5	61,918	86 7 8	26
27	Aden	56	...	56	2,425	43 4 10	5,775	103 2 0	1,176	21 0 0	220	3 14 10	220 0 0	95	1 11 2	652	11 10 3	10,343	184 11 1	27
	Total ...	8,378	140	8,518	1,91,617	22 7 11	2,22,223	26 1 5	63,751	7 7 9	14,183	1 10 8	63 9 7	22,230	2 9 9	43,910	5 2 6	5,57,914	65 8 0	
	Subordinate Jails ..	311	...	311	7,810	25 1 10	8,622	27 11 6	1,164	3 11 11	...	...	...	456	1 7 6	1,949	6 4 3	20,001	64 5 0	
	Grand Total ...	8,689	140	8,829	1,99,427	22 9 5	2,30,845	26 2 4	64,915	7 5 8	14,183	1 9 8	63 9 7	22,686	2 9 1	45,859	5 3 1	5,77,915	65 7 3	
1881	Total District Jails ...	9,410	112	9,522	2,25,135	23 10 3	2,21,114	23 3 7	62,020	6 8 3	17,173	1 12 10	55 6 4	25,245	2 10 5	39,987	4 3 2	5,90,674	62 0 6	
	Subordinate Jails ...	324	...	324	8,906	27 7 10	8,153	25 2 7	1,164	3 9 6	...	...	...	709	2 3 0	1,971	6 1 4	20,903	64 8 3	
	Total ..	9,734	112	9,846	2,34,041	23 12 4	2,29,267	23 4 7	63,184	6 6 8	17,173	1 11 11	55 6 4	25,954	2 10 2	41,958	4 4 2	6,11,577	62 1 10	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. XI.—(FINANCIAL.)

Showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882 *(excluding Cost of building new Jails, of Additions, Alterations or Repairs) compared with the Expenditure on the same account in each of the three preceding years.*

1	2	3				4				5				6				7				8				9
Serial Number.	Jails.	Cost of Rations per Head of Average Strength.				Cost of Establishment and Police Guard per Head of Average Strength.				Cost of all Hospital Charges per Head of Average Strength.				Cost of Clothing per Head of Average Strength.				Cost of Contingencies per Head of Average Strength.				Total Cost per Head of Average Strength.				Serial Number.
		1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	
		Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
1	Yerrowda	33 0	32 12	24 4	19 3	22 2	25 8	24 3	27 5	4 13	2 6	1 6	0 15	1 15	3 0	3 12	1 9	5 0	4 11	4 14	3 8	66 14	68 5	58 7	52 8	1
2	Common Jail	36 2	33 1	25 1	21 9	22 9	25 15	28 15	36 11	1 14	2 1	2 6	1 14	1 7	1 9	1 10	1 4	6 9	7 4	8 9	11 3	68 9	69 14	66 9	72 9	2
3	House of Correction... ...	40 0	36 6	27 15	23 14	50 0	61 2	76 13	63 5	3 5	3 7	2 10	1 14	0 13	2 5	0 11	1 14	8 1	8 1	9 12	8 9	102 4	111 5	117 13	99 8	3
4	Poona	29 5	24 14	18 5	16 4	21 7	27 4	29 12	39 1	1 9	2 3	2 10	2 5	3 1	3 3	2 6	2 9	2 12	3 8	3 2	4 9	58 2	61 0	56 3	64 13	4
5	Ahmednagar	27 14	19 14	12 8	13 15	26 11	26 5	43 4	63 5	2 4	2 14	3 2	3 0	1 5	2 3	1 4	0 7	2 8	1 9	3 4	3 5	60 11	52 13	63 6	84 0	5
6	Dhulia...	29 1	22 2	19 0	16 15	19 12	31 0	34 14	41 12	0 13	0 15	0 10	0 10	2 9	2 6	1 4	2 8	4 0	4 11	3 11	4 13	56 3	61 2	59 7	66 10	6
7	Sholápur	28 3	25 9	16 7	13 7	14 8	23 0	35 6	35 9	2 1	1 15	1 5	1 5	2 2	0 4	0 3	0 9	2 2	1 3	1 9	2 1	49 1	51 15	54 14	52 15	7
8	Mhasvad	52 4	47 5	31 9	27 1	23 8	23 1	32 13	36 6	3 7	2 1	2 7	2 10	3 3	4 7	0 7	1 7	7 2	4 15	5 14	12 2	89 9	81 13	73 2	79 10	8
9	Sátára	35 3	26 9	19 1	16 0	30 3	33 0	52 0	75 1	1 3	1 7	0 15	1 6	1 5	2 6	2 2	1 0	3 3	3 6	3 4	4 9	71 1	66 12	77 7	98 0	9
10	Belgaum	28 0	20 0	17 2	16 1	26 11	39 15	56 10	86 0	9 4	4 8	3 12	2 1	1 0	3 3	...	1 9	3 12	5 15	6 1	6 11	68 12	73 10	83 10	112 6	10
11	Gokák Gang	59 10	46 2	30 5	28 13	31 11	36 12	41 1	34 9	9 7	6 15	5 4	4 1	3 0	1 3	...	4 2	4 12	3 5	3 5	5 12	97 3	94 5	79 15	77 6	11
12	Kaládgi	27 12	14 0	11 6	8 5	21 12	45 12	55 6	80 10	4 10	4 3	3 0	2 10	0 13	1 5	3 5	0 14	2 10	3 10	5 4	4 6	57 9	68 14	78 5	96 13	12
13	Dhárwár	26 7	18 6	13 12	16 4	22 7	26 14	32 7	35 0	1 13	1 13	1 10	1 4	1 12	2 11	3 2	1 12	2 10	3 3	2 1	3 11	55 1	52 15	53 2	57 15	13
14	Kárwár	30 9	23 3	19 7	17 12	54 2	60 8	82 12	71 14	1 3	1 2	1 8	1 2	2 0	2 15	1 12	1 1	2 14	5 11	4 6	5 4	90 12	93 7	109 13	97 1	14
15	Ratnágiri	29 12	27 3	19 3	17 2	20 13	22 14	42 13	72 0	0 14	0 15	1 13	2 11	2 12	2 9	0 15	1 13	2 3	2 2	3 7	3 13	56 6	55 11	68 3	97 7	15
16	Thána	34 14	27 13	21 6	19 10	14 7	16 7	16 12	21 3	1 14	2 6	2 0	1 5	3 6	3 12	3 3	3 1	15 12	15 11	8 5	8 11	70 5	66 2	51 9	53 13	16
17	Ahmedabad	31 4	21 4	15 15	20 13	15 1	19 7	21 0	19 8	2 1	1 15	0 14	0 11	1 12	1 13	1 9	1 2	2 8	2 8	2 2	3 0	52 10	47 9	41 8	45 2	17
18	Dhuliákot	31 0	22 5	16 14	21 15	26 8	37 13	40 10	54 3	3 13	2 8	1 9	1 8	1 7	1 15	1 10	2 2	2 14	3 7	3 8	3 4	65 10	68 0	64 3	83 0	18
19	Kaira	31 13	20 2	17 11	20 13	28 1	32 6	32 13	38 12	2 7	1 10	1 4	1 9	2 1	1 15	1 3	1 4	3 0	2 0	2 4	2 1	67 6	58 2	55 3	64 7	19
20	Surat	30 6	22 1	19 10	18 8	24 1	30 6	30 11	34 11	1 8	1 3	1 9	1 3	2 9	1 4	1 5	0 6	3 8	2 11	2 13	3 3	62 0	57 10	56 0	57 15	20
21	Dohad	33 11	15 3	12 3	14 12	23 6	33 13	41 10	49 12	1 4	0 13	0 15	0 11	2 8	2 8	1 8	1 14	1 12	2 7	1 10	2 1	62 11	54 12	57 15	69 2	21
22	Rájkot...	30 9	19 6	15 12	19 15	29 10	31 8	34 0	46 10	3 1	1 6	0 15	1 4	2 0	1 5	1 3	1 7	6 13	4 0	3 0	3 12	72 2	58 3	54 14	73 1	22
23	Karáchi	40 10	34 6	24 11	22 11	21 9	21 0	20 2	21 9	1 14	2 2	1 7	1 10	2 5	2 3	2 8	3 6	2 9	1 9	1 14	1 13	68 15	61 4	50 10	51 2	23
24	Hyderabad	35 13	25 11	20 14	20 12	13 1	13 9	13 10	17 7	1 15	1 1	0 15	1 5	2 12	3 4	3 9	3 0	1 2	1 6	2 0	3 3	54 13	44 15	41 0	45 11	24
25	Shikárpur	34 0	27 6	21 12	18 15	13 15	14 11	15 3	17 10	1 4	0 3	1 2	1 5	2 10	3 14	4 3	3 9	1 4	1 9	1 15	2 4	53 0	48 12	44 1	43 11	25
26	Nára	60 5	45 11	45 8	41 13	32 4	27 8	31 8	29 6	2 3	2 0	1 14	1 12	6 4	7 1	6 2	6 8	7 1	6 12	6 6	7 1	108 2	88 15	91 7	86 8	26
27	Aden	48 9	53 15	44 0	43 5	161 2	97 0	97 2	124 2	11 5	6 1	3 6	3 15	2 12	3 2	4 13	1 11	11 12	10 2	5 1	11 10	235 8	171 4	154 7	184 11	27
	Average...	36 10	30 11	23 10	22 8	23 1	26 8	29 12	33 9	2 15	2 4	1 13	1 11	2 7	3 0	2 10	2 10	4 10	4 8	4 3	5 2	69 11	66 15	62 0	65 8	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. XII.—(FINANCIAL.)

Showing the Employment of the Convicts in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7												8			
						Average Number employed on Working Days.												Ratio per Cent. on Column 4 of those employed on working days as			
						A.	On Prison Duties.					On Jail Buildings.				K.	L.				
							B.	C.	D.	E.	F.	Additions and Alterations.		New Jails.							
												G.	H.	I.	J.						
Serial Number	Jails.	Average Number not sentenced to Labour.	Average Number under Sentence of Labour on working days.	Average Number Sick.	Average Number Convalescent and Infirm.	On Unremunerative Labour.	Prison Officers.	Prison Servants	Gardening.	Employed in preparing Articles for use in Jails, *i.e.*, Wheat-grinding, Manufacture of Prison Clothing, &c.	Jail Repairs.	Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	Manufactures	Public Works.	Prison Officers.	Prison Servants.	On Manufactures.	Serial Number.
1	Yerrowda	...	1,174	22	16	...	43	74	84	105	36	...	39	...	...	630	125	3·7	6·3	53·7	1
2	Common Jail	5	242	5	5	122	1	28	...	14	5	...	...	...	...	62	...	0·4	11·6	25·6	2
3	House of Correction	...	297	7	18	128	1	23	...	15	1	...	...	...	...	104	...	0·4	7·7	35·0	3
4	Poona	6	239	6	1	...	8	24	8	17	8	1	...	...	...	158	8	3·3	10·0	66·1	4
5	Ahmednagar	1	94	2	7	...	...	10	16	9	2	...	...	...	...	48	...	...	10·6	51·1	5
6	Dhulia	4	196	3	9	...	7	20	43	24	3	...	...	...	...	63	24	3·6	10·2	32·1	6
7	Sholápur	2	129	4	7	...	4	10	26	14	1	...	...	...	...	9	54	3·1	7·8	7·0	7
8	Mhasvad	...	569	24	11	...	31	41	2	23	1	97	...	...	...	...	339	5·4	7·2	...	8
9	Sátára	3	89	3	5	...	2	9	13	10	4	...	...	...	...	43	...	2·2	10·1	48·3	9
10	Belgaum	7	46	2	2	...	1	5	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	2·2	10·9	...	10
11	Gokák Gang	...	553	30	39	...	19	35	3	34	32	...	...	...	...	...	361	3·4	6·3	...	11
12	Kaládgi...	2	62	3	..	...	...	7	15	26	3	...	...	...	...	2	6	...	11·3	3·2	12
13	Dhárwár	4	211	6	25	...	6	21	18	32	10	...	1	...	...	92	...	2·8	9·9	43·6	13
14	Kárwár...	1	94	2	9	...	3	8	21	6	2	...	...	...	...	41	2	3·2	8·5	43·6	14
15	Ratnágiri	1	89	3	5	...	4	10	11	6	2	...	2	...	...	46	...	4·5	11·2	51·7	15
16	Thána	17	566	11	52	...	21	51	40	58	36	...	1	...	...	233	63	3·7	9·0	41·2	16
17	Ahmedabad	10	339	4	9	...	6	29	38	19	8	...	5	...	...	221	...	1·8	8·5	65·2	17
18	Dhuliákot	...	234	8	17	...	1	22	55	17	6	...	...	...	...	5	103	0·4	9·4	2·1	18
19	Kaira	4	128	2	7	...	1	13	13	34	6	...	...	...	...	39	13	0·8	10·2	30·4	19
20	Surat	4	176	3	17	...	3	25	16	27	10	...	1	...	...	74	...	1·7	14·2	42·0	20
21	Dohad	...	131	2	2	...	4	13	14	11	3	...	...	...	...	51	31	3·1	9·9	39·0	21
22	Rájkot	4	70	2	2	...	...	8	24	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	11·4	...	22
23	Karachi...	1	495	9	2	...	9	48	...	40	23	1	..	...	...	344	19	1·8	9·7	69·5	23
24	Hyderabad	3	607	20	3	...	35	38	39	43	9	4	...	...	...	243	173	5·8	6·3	40·0	24
25	Shikárpur	8	689	20	26	...	33	65	61	105	7	19	...	...	...	150	203	4·8	9·5	21·8	25
26	Nára	...	716	15	13	...	18	56	...	7	...	17	...	...	...	...	590	2·5	7·8	...	26
27	Aden	...	56	1	2	...	...	13	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	37	...	...	23·2	66·1	27
	Total ..	87	8,291	219	311	250	261	706	564	713	218	139	49	...	...	2,695	2,166	3·1	8·5	32·5	
	1881 ...	89	9,321	308	357	195	306	796	744	910	395	48	27	...	...	3,081	2,154	3·3	8·5	33·0	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. XIII.—(FINANCIAL.)

Showing the Results of the Employment of the Convicts in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

1	2	3	4								5								6			7			8
			DEBITS.								CREDITS.								A.	B.	C.	A.	B.	C.	
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average Number sentenced to Labour	Cash in hand at the end of 1881.	Manufactured Articles at the end of 1881.	Raw Materials at the end of 1881.	Amount of Outstanding Bills due by the Jails at the end of 1882.	Amount of Outstanding Bills due to the Jails at the end of 1881.	Plant and Machinery at the end of 1881.	Amount drawn from Treasury during 1882.	Total.	Cash in hand at the end of 1882.	Manufactured Articles at the end of 1882.	Raw Materials at the end of 1882.	Amount of Outstanding Bills due by the Jails at the end of 1881.	Amount of Outstanding Bills due to the Jails at the end of 1882.	Plant and Machinery at the end of 1882.	Amount paid into the Treasury by Cash and Invoice during 1882.	Total.	Excess of Credits or Profits.	Average Profit per head of Number sentenced to Labour.	Excess of Debits or Loss.	Excess of 5 G over 4 G, or Cash Profit.	Average Cash Profit per head of Number sentenced to Labour.	Excess of 4 G over 5 G, or Cash Loss.	Serial Number.
			A.	B.	C.	D.	E.	F.	G.	H.	A.	B.	C.	D.	E.	F.	G.	H.							
1	Yerrowda	1,174	1	3,657	2,911	2,160	6,664	8,584	41,688	65,665	5	3,458	5,425	1,608	6,752	8,759	62,127	88,134	22,469	19	...	20,439	17	...	1
2	Common Jail	242	...	1,055	393	114	499	562	2,183	4,806	39	1,091	434	210	67	576	5,369	7,786	2,980	12	...	3,186	13	...	2
3	House of Correction	297	10	2,320	805	163	491	860	3,935	8,584	7	2,503	1,482	4	783	853	10,381	16,013	7,429	25	...	6,446	22	...	3
4	Poona	239	...	440	208	339	548	2,766	6,386	10,687	...	430	158	61	55	2,660	8,773	12,137	1,450	6	...	2,387	10	...	4
5	Ahmednagar	94	72	248	99	86	165	73	1,744	2,487	8	196	119	105	167	98	2,512	3,205	718	8	...	768	8	...	5
6	Dhulia	196	249	574	936	84	1,796	651	2,986	7,276	28	360	713	315	1,424	638	7,775	11,253	3,977	20	...	4,789	24	...	6
7	Sholápur	129	...	157	115	48	190	274	519	1,303	570	150	74	7	247	345	3,582	4,975	3,672	28	...	3,063	24	...	7
8	Mhasvad	569	...	...	...	2	...	...	131	133	...	...	...	...	...	...	25,848	25,848	25,715	45	...	25,717	45	...	8
9	Sátára	89	48	548	156	253	54	224	2,992	4,275	6	404	159	290	14	215	5,034	6,122	1,847	21	...	2,042	23	..	9
10	Belgaum	46	...	...	...	...	33	482	25	540	...	...	...	2	10	482	1,003	1,497	957	21	...	978	21	...	10
11	Gokák Gang	553	...	...	...	...	...	...	88	88	...	...	...	...	...	...	19,597	19,597	19,509	35	...	19,509	35	...	11
12	Kaládgi	62	...	135	130	6	475	262	156	1,164	...	89	89	22	137	201	930	1,468	304	5	..	774	12	...	12
13	Dhárwár	211	81	708	348	393	989	1,060	7,268	10,847	76	721	419	263	894	915	10,502	13,790	2,943	14	...	3,234	15	...	13
14	Kárwár	94	4	471	751	6	572	503	989	3,296	...	611	255	315	286	402	2,933	4,802	1,506	16	...	1,944	21	...	14
15	Ratnágiri	89	...	1,205	2,012	61	1,591	455	2,911	8,235	5	766	952	748	1,070	394	4,690	8,625	390	4	...	1,779	20	...	15
16	Thána	566	...	943	624	1,581	1,488	1,230	15,073	20,939	...	936	782	792	1,431	1,506	23,420	28,867	7,928	14	...	8,347	15	...	16
17	Ahmedabad	339	550	3,462	748	528	2,815	1,847	9,299	19,249	1	2,094	1,311	217	2,098	1,830	18,536	26,087	6,838	20	...	9,237	27	..	17
18	Dhuliakot	234	23	494	118	21	443	841	418	2,358	7	81	41	24	532	779	6,011	7,475	5,117	22	...	5,593	24	...	18
19	Kaira	128	1	335	221	51	32	143	1,158	1,941	...	215	182	106	126	143	1,863	2,635	694	5	...	705	6	...	19
20	Surat	176	...	2,718	661	687	550	430	4,949	9,995	...	1,941	930	391	663	436	7,689	12,050	2,055	12	...	2,740	16	...	20
21	Dohad	131	...	958	340	148	576	478	1,916	4,416	44	242	221	127	602	400	5,073	6,709	2,293	18	...	3,157	24	...	21
22	Rájkot	70	24	...	..	13	...	69	154	260	25	9	...	31	...	69	344	478	218	3	...	190	3	...	22
23	Karáchi	495	60	2,982	921	1,079	3,119	195	15,053	23,409	...	2,414	404	1,118	1,295	199	24,552	29,982	6,573	13	..	9,499	19	...	23
24	Hyderabad	607	...	330	1,333	363	1,553	1,171	12,718	17,468	...	251	573	443	1,374	1,152	24,967	28,760	11,292	19	...	12,249	20	..	24
25	Shikárpur	689	225	1,414	1,057	232	3,013	777	8,454	15,172	34	1,250	754	615	2,034	785	15,193	20,665	5,493	8	...	6,739	10	...	25
26	Nára	716	...	...	...	...	...	...	675	675	...	...	...	...	...	...	67,588	67,588	66,913	93	...	66,930	93	...	26
27	Aden	56	...	422	200	132	89	4,137	1,941	6,921	...	282	120	195	166	3,457	3,905	8,125	1,204	21	...	1,964	35	...	27
	Total Central and District Jails	8,291	1,348	25,576	15,087	8,550	27,745	28,074	1,45,809	2,52,189	855	20,494	15,597	8,009	22,227	27,294	3,70,197	4,64,673	2,12,484	26	...	2,24,388	27	...	
	Subordinate Jails ...	311	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,293	3,293	3,293	11	...	3,293	11	..	
	Grand Total ...	8,602	1,348	25,576	15,087	8,550	27,745	28,074	1,45,809	2,52,189	855	20,494	15,597	8,009	22,227	27,294	3,73,490	4,67,966	2,15,777	25	...	2,27,681	26	...	
1881	Total Central and District Jails...	9,321	857	31,956	14,732	7,941	35,182	30,134	1,56,993	2,77,795	1,348	25,576	15,087	11,680	27,745	28,074	3,58,141	4,67,651	1,89,856	20	...	2,01,148	22	...	
	Subordinate Jails ...	324	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,573	2,573	2,573	8	...	2,573	8	...	
	Grand Total ...	9,645	857	31,956	14,732	7,941	35,182	30,134	1,56,993	2,77,795	1,348	25,576	15,087	11,680	27,745	28,074	3,60,714	4,70,224	1,92,429	20	...	2,03,721	21	...	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. XIV.—(FINANCIAL.)

Showing the Net Cost of the Prisoners in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Serial Number.	Jails.	Cost of Maintenance.	Excess of Payments over Drawings from Treasury, Col. 7 A of Statement No. XIII.	Excess of Drawings over Payments, Col. 7 C of Statement No. XIII.	Net Cost to Government.	Net Cost per Head of all Convicts.	Net Cost per Head of Convicts sentenced to Labour.	Remarks.	Serial Number.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
1	Yerrowda ...	61,678	20,439	.....	41,239	35	35		
2	Common Jail ...	18,792	3,186	.....	15,606	60	64		1
3	House of Correction ...	29,650	6,446	.....	23,204	78	78		2
4	Poona ...	16,067	2,387	.....	13,680	55	57		3
5	Ahmednagar ...	8,229	768	.....	7,461	76	79		4
6	Dhulia ...	13,864	4,789	.....	9,075	44	46		5
7	Sholápur ...	7,091	3,063	.....	4,028	30	31		6
8	Mhasvad ...	45,316	25,717	.....	19,599	34	34		7
9	Sátára ...	9,115	2,042	.....	7,073	78	79		8
10	Belgaum ...	6,294	978	.....	5,316	95	116		9
11	Gokák Gang ...	42,790	19,509	.....	23,281	42	42		10
12	Kaládgi ...	8,328	774	.....	7,554	88	122		11
13	Dhárwár ...	12,566	3,234	.....	9,332	43	44		12
14	Kárwár ...	9,318	1,944	.....	7,374	77	78		13
15	Ratnágiri ...	8,866	1,779	.....	7,087	78	80		14
16	Thána ...	32,090	8,347	.....	23,743	40	42		15
17	Ahmedabad ...	16,390	9,237	.....	7,153	20	21		16
18	Dhuliákot ...	19,432	5,593	.....	13,839	59	59		17
19	Káira ...	8,764	705	.....	8,059	59	63		18
20	Surat ...	10,550	2,740	.....	7,810	43	44		19
21	Dohad ...	9,195	3,157	.....	6,038	45	46		20
22	Rájkot ...	5,698	190	.....	5,508	71	74		21
23	Karáchi ...	25,706	9,499	.....	16,207	32	33		22
24	Hyderabad ...	28,657	12,249	.....	16,408	26	27		23
25	Shikárpur ...	31,207	6,739	.....	24,468	34	36		24
26	Nára ...	61,918	66,913	.....	*4,995	*7	*7		25
27	Aden ...	10,343	1,964	.....	8,379	150	150		26
									27
	Total Central and District Jails ...	5,57,914	2,24,388	.....	3,33,526	39	40		
	Subordinate Jails ...	20,001	3,293	.....	16,708	54	54		
	Grand Total ...	5,77,915	2,27,681	.....	3,50,234	40	41		
1881 ...	Total Central and District Jails ..	5,90,674	2,01,148	.....	3,89,526	41	42		
	Subordinate Jails ...	20,903	2,573	.....	18,330	57	57		
	Total ...	6,11,577	2,03,721	.....	4,07,856	42	42		

* Profit.

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

LIBRARY
OF THE
BOMBAY
BRANCH
OF THE
ASIATIC SOCIETY

STATEMENT No. XV.—(VITAL.)

STATEMENT No.

Showing the Sickness and Mortality among the Convicts

Serial Number.	Jails.		3			4			5			6			7			8		
			Number of Persons that can be accommodated in the parts of the Jail devoted to Convicts and Under-trials respectively, but exclusive of Hospital and Observation Cells.			Average Daily Strength.			Maximum Population on any one day.			Number admitted into Hospital.			Daily Average Number of Sick.			Number of Deaths in and out of Hospital.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Yerrowda ...	Convicts ...	1,532	...	1,532	1,174	...	1,174	1,346	...	1,346	491	...	491	21·5	...	21·5	17	...	17
2	Common Jail ...	Convicts ...	161	16	177	229	18	247	307	30	337	109	5	114	4·9	0·6	5·5	6	...	6
		Under-trials.	68	...	68	11	1	12	29	2	31	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	House of Correction—																			
	Europeans	Convicts ...	30	...	30	22	...	22	39	...	39	15	...	15	1·0	...	1·0	...	...	...
		Under-trials.	11	...	11	1	...	1	5	...	5	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Natives ...	Convicts ...	304	...	304	275	...	275	323	...	323	87	...	87	5·6	...	5·6	4	...	4
4	Poona ...	Convicts ...	284	40	324	196	49	245	269	59	328	152	20	172	5·9	0·5	6·4	6	3	9
		Under-trials.	6	...	6	3	...	3	11	2	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Ahmednagar	Convicts ...	236	34	270	82	13	95	121	15	136	60	5	65	2·0	0·3	2·3	...	...	...
		Under-trials.	8	2	10	3	...	3	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Dhulia ...	Convicts ...	309	25	334	180	20	200	243	16	259	117	23	140	3·0	0·3	3·3	6	...	6
		Under-trials.	15	2	17	8	...	8	31	2	33	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Sholápur ...	Convicts ...	127	20	147	111	20	131	116	29	145	69	7	76	3·2	0·5	3·7	6	2	8
		Under-trials.	8	5	13	2	1	3	14	1	15	3	...	3	0·1	...	0·1	...	...	...
8	Mhasvad ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...	569	...	569	671	...	671	910	...	910	24·5	...	24·5	12	...	12
9	Sátára ...	Convicts ...	128	22	150	68	24	92	116	28	144	59	11	70	2·2	0·4	2·6	...	...	...
		Under-trials.	4	2	6	1	...	1	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Belgaum ...	Convicts ...	185	6	191	44	9	53	74	9	83	72	10	82	1·9	0·2	2·1	3	...	3
		Under-trials.	...	2	2	3	...	3	10	4	14	1	...	1	0·03	...	0·03	...	...	...
11	Gokák ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...	553	...	553	685	...	685	712	...	712	30·	...	30	34	...	34
12	Kaládgi ...	Convicts ...	168	32	200	41	23	64	110	25	135	58	2	60	2·9	0·2	3·1	...	...	...
		Under-trials.	13	...	13	21	1	22	66	1	67	14	...	14	0·6	...	0·6	1	...	1
13	Dhárwár ...	Convicts ...	478	50	528	175	40	215	217	42	259	148	31	179	5·1	0·7	5·8	3	...	3
		Under-trials.	10	10	20	2	...	2	10	1	11	3	..	3	0·1	...	0·1	...	...	...
14	Kárwár ...	Convicts ...	157	19	176	90	5	95	104	5	109	72	3	75	2·01	0·1	2·1	1	...	1
		Under-trials.	16	...	16	1	...	1	2	...	2	1	...	1	0·03	...	0·03	...	...	...
15	Ratnágiri ...	Convicts ...	298	34	332	74	16	90	116	20	136	46	27	73	2·3	0·8	3·1	1	...	1
		Under-trials.	9	8	17	...	1	1	2	4	6	1	...	1	0·08	...	0·08	...	...	...
16	Thána ...	Convicts ...	616	93	709	503	80	583	656	82	738	313	51	364	9·4	1·6	11·0	12	3	15
		Under-trials.	15	...	15	12	1	13	36	3	39	3	...	3	2	...	2	1	...	1
17	Ahmedabad.	Convicts ...	521	88	609	320	29	349	412	27	439	134	9	143	4·0	...	4·0	9	...	9
		Under-trials.	20	5	25	13	1	14	64	3	67	1	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...
18	Dhuliákot ...	Convicts ...	459	...	459	234	...	234	275	...	275	237	...	237	8·05	...	8·05	9	...	9
		Under-trials.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Kaira ...	Convicts ...	203	10	213	124	8	132	149	9	158	46	...	46	2·2	...	2·2	5	...	5
		Under-trials.	6	2	8	4	...	4	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Surat ...	Convicts ...	161	6	167	173	7	180	186	4	190	82	4	86	2·6	0·1	2·7	11	...	11
		Under-trials.	6	7	13	2	...	2	16	1	17	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	..	...
21	Dohad ...	Convicts ...	295	10	305	127	4	131	138	4	142	65	1	66	1·7	0·08	1·8	...	..	...
		Under-trials.	10	10	20	2	...	2	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	Rájkot ...	Convicts ...	78	...	78	64	10	74	80	11	91	76	12	88	2·3	...	2·3	1	...	1
		Under-trials.	4	...	4	4	...	4	24	...	24	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1
23	Karáchi ...	Convicts ...	511	27	538	491	5	496	533	8	541	211	16	227	7·4	1·3	8·7	14	...	14
		Under-trials.	20	...	20	7	...	7	10	...	10	7	...	7	0·2	...	0·2	...	...	...
24	Hyderabad..	Convicts ...	776	14	790	595	15	610	782	13	795	340	1	341	18·7	1·3	20·0	22	...	22
		Under-trials.	26	2	28	16	1	17	26	2	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	Shikárpur...	Convicts ...	772	27	799	685	12	697	844	19	863	1,387	25	1,412	19·6	0·8	20·4	50	...	50
		Under-trials.	23	14	37	16	1	17	37	2	39	9	3	12	...	...	...	1	...	1
26	Nára ...	Convicts ...	...	...	...	716	...	716	834	...	834	619	...	619	15	...	15	44	...	44
27	Aden ...	Convicts ...	76	5	81	55	1	56	75	3	78	36	...	36	0·8	...	0·8	...	...	...
		Under-trials.	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
	1882 ...	Convicts ...	8,865	578	9,443	7,970	408	8,378	9,821	458	10,279	6,723	263	6,986	209·7	9·8	219·5	276	8	284
		Under-trials.	318	71	389	132	8	140	425	28	453	46	5	51	3·1	...	3·1	4	...	4
	Total ...		9,183	649	9,832	8,102	416	8,518	10,246	486	10,732	6,769	268	7,037	212·8	9·8	222·6	280	8	288
	Total, 1881 ...		9,167	655	9,822	9,091	431	9,522	10,957	515	11,472	7,073	263	7,371	296·4	13·4	309·8	385	21	406

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

XV.—(VITAL.)

in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

9			10			11			12														13
Deaths from Fever.			Deaths from Bowel Complaints.			Deaths from Cholera.			Ratio per Cent. of Average Strength.														
									A.			B.			C.			D.			E			
									Of Admissions into Hospital.			Of Daily Average Number Sick.			Of Deaths from Cholera.			Of Deaths from all other Causes.			Of Deaths from all Causes both in and out of Hospital.			Serial Number.
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
1	...	1	3	...	3	...	...	...	41·8	...	41·8	1.8	...	1·8	...	...	...	1·4	...	1·4	1·4	...	1·4	1
1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	47·6	27·8	46·2	2·1	3·3	2·2	...	...	...	2·6	...	2·4	2·6	...	2·4	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9·1	...	8·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68·2	...	68·2	4·5	...	4·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100·0	...	100·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	1	...	..	...	31·6	...	31·6	2·0	...	2·0	...	...	...	1·4	...	1·4	1·4	...	1·4	
...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	77·5	40·8	70·2	3·0	1·0	2·6	...	...	...	3·1	6·1	3·7	3·1	6·1	3·7	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	73·2	38·5	68·4	2·4	2·3	2·4	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	..	5
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	...	3	1	...	1	65·0	116·0	70·0	1·7	1·5	1·6	0·5	...	0·5	2·8	...	2·5	3·3	...	3·0	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	1	4	...	4	...	...	...	62·1	35·0	58·0	2·9	2·5	2·8	...	...	...	5·4	10·0	6·1	5·4	10·0	6·1	7
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	100·0	...	100·0	10·0	. .	10·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	3	1	...	1	2	...	2	159·9	...	159·9	4·3	...	4·3	0·4	...	0·4	1·7	...	1·7	2·1	...	2 1	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	86·7	45·8	76·0	3·2	1·7	2·8	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	163·6	111·1	154·7	4·3	2·2	3·9	...	...	...	6·8	...	5·7	6·8	...	5·7	10
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	33·3	..	33·3	1·0	..	1·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
5	...	5	16	...	16	4	...	4	128·7	...	128·7	5·4	...	5·4	0·7	...	0·7	5·4	...	5·4	6·1	...	6·1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	141·5	8·7	93·7	7·1	0·9	4·9	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	..	66·6	...	63·6	2·9	...	2·7	...	...	..	4·8	...	4·5	4·8	...	4·5	
1	..	1	..	..	...	...	...	...	84·6	77·5	82·2	2·9	1·7	2·7	...	..	...	1·7	...	1·4	1·7	...	1·4	13
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150·0	...	150·0	5·0	...	5·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	80·0	60·0	78·9	2·2	2·2	2·2	...	...	...	1·1	...	1·1	1·1	...	1·1	14
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	100·0	...	100·0	3·0	...	3·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	62·1	168·7	81·1	3·1	5·0	3·4	...	...	...	1·3	...	1·1	1·3	...	1.1	15
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100·0	...	...	8·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	1	2	..	2	...	...	...	62·2	63·7	62·4	1·9	2·0	1·9	...	...	...	2·4	3·7	2·6	2·4	3·7	2·6	16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25·0	...	23·1	1·7	...	1·5	...	...	...	8·3	...	7·7	8·3	...	7·7	
...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	41·9	31·0	40·9	1·2	...	1·1	...	..	...	2·8	...	2·6	2·8	...	2·6	17
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
2	...	2	3	...	3	...	.	...	101·3	...	101·3	3·4	...	3·4	...	...	...	3·8	..	3·8	3 8	...	3·8	18
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	.	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	1	2	...	2	...	...	..	37·1	...	34·8	1·9	...	1·7	...	...	...	4·0	...	3·8	4·0	...	3·8	19
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	1	4	...	4	..	...	...	47·4	57·1	47·7	1·5	1·4	1·5	...	...	...	6·4	...	6·1	6·4	...	6·1	20
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	51·2	25·0	50·4	1·3	2·0	1·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	118·7	120·0	118·9	3·6	...	3·1	...	...	...	1·6	...	1·3	1·6	...	1·3	22
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	25·0	...	25·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	25·0	..	25·0	25·0	...	25·0	
2	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	43·0	320·0	45·8	1·5	26·0	1·8	..	—	..	2·9	..	2·8	2·9	...	2·8	23
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	100·0	...	100·0	2·9	...	2·9	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
10	...	10	4	...	4	...	...	...	57·1	6·6	55·9	3·1	8·7	3·3	...	..	...	3·7	...	3·6	3·7	...	3·6	24
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	...	10	4	...	4	...	...	...	202·5	208·3	202·6	2·9	...	2·9	...	...	..	7·3	...	7·2	7·3	...	7·2	25
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	56·2	300·0	70·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	6·2	...	5·9	6·2	...	5·9	26
11	...	11	4	...	4	...	..	...	86·4	...	86·4	2·1	...	2·1	...	...	...	6·1	...	6·1	6·1	...	6·1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65·4	...	64·3	1·5	...	1·5	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	27
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
50	...	50	56	1	57	7	...	7	84·4	64·4	83·4	2·6	2·4	2·6	0·09	...	0·08	3·4	2·0	3·3	3·5	2·0	3·4	
2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	34·8	62·5	36·4	2·4	...	2·2	...	...	...	3·0	...	2·9	3·0	...	2·9	
52	...	52	56	1	57	7	...	7	83·5	64·4	82·6	2·6	2·4	2·6	0·09	...	0·08	3·4	1·9	3·3	3·5	1·9	3·4	
53	...	53	94	9	103	27	4	31	77·8	69·1	77·4	3·3	3·1	3·3	0·3	0·9	0·3	3·9	3·9	3·9	4·2	4·9	4·2	

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. XVI.—(VITAL.)

Showing the Admissions and Deaths from the Chief Diseases among the Convicts in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

1	2	3																				4								
Serial Number.	Jails.	A. Small-pox.		B. Intermittent Fever.		C. Remittent and Continued Fever.		D. Cholera.		E. Scrofula and Phthisis Pulmonalis.		F. Anæmia and General Debility.		G. Respiratory Diseases.		H. Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		I. Jaundice.		K. Ulcers and Boils.		Ratio of Admissions and Deaths per Cent. of Average Strength from								Serial Number.
																						Intermittent Fever.		Remittent and Continued Fever.		Cholera.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa		
		A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	
1	Yerrowda	...	...	79	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	8	2	31	3	28	3	7	...	30	...	6·7	0·08	...	...	...	...	2·4	0·3	1
2	*Common Jail*	...	...	28	...	6	1	...	...	1	...	8	1	3	...	24	1	...	...	3	...	11·3	...	2·4	0·4	...	...	9·7	0·4	2
3	House of Correction { Europeans	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	13·7	..	...	...	...	...	18·2	...	3
	House of Correction { Natives	...	...	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	7	...	19	1	...	...	...	...	13·5	...	...	...	...	...	6·9	0·4	
4	Poona	...	...	26	...	5	...	...	...	2	1	15	5	9	1	29	1	4	...	7	1	10·6	...	2·0	...	...	...	11·8	0·4	4
5	Ahmednagar	...	...	31	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	..	...	3	...	2	...	1	...	32·6	...	1·1	...	...	...	3·2	...	5
6	Dhulia...	...	...	37	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	3	1	3	1	30	3	2	...	7	...	18·5	...	...	...	0·5	0·5	15·0	1·5	6
7	Sholápur	...	...	10	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	6	2	1	...	22	4	...	...	...	...	7·6	...	1·5	0·7	...	...	16·8	3·0	7
8	Mhasvad Gang	...	...	398	...	27	3	4	2	4	...	26	...	57	4	126	1	14	...	45	...	69·9	...	4·7	0·5	0·7	0·3	22·1	0·2	8
9	Sátára	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	7	...	...	...	4	...	8·7	...	...	...	...	...	7·6	...	9
10	Belgaum	...	...	6	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	3	1	4	...	6	...	...	...	12	...	11·3	...	...	...	...	...	11·3	...	10
11	Gokák Gang	...	...	204	...	63	5	8	4	1	1	15	2	40	1	155	16	1	...	59	...	36·9	...	11·4	0·9	1·4	0·7	28·0	2·8	11
12	Kaládgi	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	9	...	15·6	...	...	...	...	...	1·6	...	12
13	Dhárwár	...	...	43	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	4	...	24	...	...	...	7	...	20·0	0·5	0·5	...	...	...	11·2	...	13
14	Kárwár	...	...	16	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	4	...	8	1	...	...	1	...	16·8	...	3·2	...	...	...	8·4	1·1	14
15	Ratnágiri	...	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	4	...	5	...	11	...	...	...	5	...	23·3	...	...	...	...	...	12·2	...	15
16	Thána	...	...	156	...	10	1	...	...	4	1	11	4	6	...	76	2	3	...	6	..	26·8	..	1·7	0·2	...	...	13·0	0·3	16
17	Ahmedabad	...	...	57	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	8	2	18	2	...	...	16	1	10·6	...	0·3	...	..	..	5·2	0·6	17
18	Dhuliákot	...	...	78	...	6	2	..	...	1	1	8	1	11	..	62	3	..	...	17	1	33·3	...	2·6	0·8	...	...	26·5	1·3	18
19	Kaira	...	...	9	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	7	2	12	2	...	...	...	...	6·8	0·7	0·7	...	0·7	...	9·1	1·5	19
20	Surat	...	...	22	...	8	1	...	...	1	...	8	4	4	1	15	1	...	...	2	...	12·2	...	4·4	0·5	...	...	8·3	2·2	20
21	Dohad	...	...	24	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	12	...	...	...	13	...	18·3	...	0·8	...	...	...	9·2	..	21
22	Rájkot...	...	...	37	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	20	...	1	...	1	...	50·0	...	1·3	...	...	...	27·0	...	22
23	Karáchi	...	...	74	...	3	2	...	...	1	...	4	2	33	5	24	1	...	..	19	...	14·9	...	0·6	0·4	...	...	4·8	0·2	23
24	Hyderabad	...	...	146	5	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	47	6	45	4	2	...	14	...	23·9	0·8	0·8	0·8	...	...	7·4	0·7	24
25	Shikárpur	...	...	420	...	18	10	...	...	3	...	13	5	198	17	204	4	10	1	88	..	60·3	...	2·6	1·4	...	...	29·3	0·6	25
26	Nára	...	...	264	...	47	11	...	...	1	1	14	2	98	17	51	4	10	...	7	...	36·9	...	6·5	1·5	...	...	7·1	0·5	26
27	Aden	...	..	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	14·3	...	14·3	..	...	...	8·9	...	27
	Total ...	...	...	2,252	8	217	42	14	7	23	7	172	35	592	60	1,041	57	56	1	374	3	26·9	0·1	2·6	0·5	0·2	0·1	12·4	0·7	
	1881 ...	7	...	2,634	20	219	32	58	31	44	13	169	27	486	74	968	103	32	1	476	16	28·0	0·2	2·3	0·3	0·6	0·3	10·3	1·1	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. XVIII.—(VITAL.)

Showing the Mortality, according to Age, among the Convicts in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

1	2	3						4						5						6						7						8
		UNDER 16 YEARS.						16 TO 40.						40 TO 60.						OVER 60.						TOTAL.						
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average Number.		Deaths.		Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.		Average Number.		Deaths.		Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.		Average Number.		Deaths.		Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.		Average Number.		Deaths.		Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.		Average Number.		Deaths.		Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.		Serial Number.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1	Yerrowda	...	...	...	...	...	...	814	...	8	...	0·9	...	222	...	7	...	3·2	...	143	...	2	...	1·4	...	1,179	...	17	...	1·4	...	1
2	Common Jail	7	1	...	...	...	...	194	13	6	...	...	...	21	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	222	18	6	...	2·7	...	2
3	House of Correction. Europeans ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	3
	House of Correction. Natives ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	237	...	4	..	1·7	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	273	...	4	...	1·5	...	
4	Poona	60	1	...	...	...	...	114	37	4	...	3·5	...	15	10	2	3	13·3	30·0	3	1	...	...	...	...	192	49	6	3	3·1	6·1	4
5	Ahmednagar	1	1	...	...	...	...	66	10	...	...	..	...	12	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	81	13	...	...	...	...	5
6	Dhulia	1	...	...	...	...	...	138	16	4	...	2·9	...	42	4	2	...	4·7	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	182	20	6	...	3·3	...	6
7	Sholápur	2	1	...	...	...	..	98	19	3	1	3·0	5·3	10	...	3	1	30·0	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	110	20	6	2	5·5	10·0	7
8	Mhasvad Gang	...	...	...	...	...	...	512	...	8	...	1·6	...	62	...	4	...	6·4	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	577	...	12	...	2·1	...	8
9	Sátára	1	2	...	...	...	...	55	18	...	...	..	...	9	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	66	24	...	...	...	...	9
10	Belgaum	1	...	...	...	...	...	33	9	2	...	6·1	...	7	...	1	...	14·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	9	3	...	7·3	...	10
11	Gokák Gang	...	...	...	...	...	...	516	...	31	...	6·0	...	33	..	3	...	9·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	549	...	34	...	6·1	...	11
12	Kaládgi	2	...	...	...	...	...	29	20	...	...	...	...	7	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	39	23	...	...	...	...	12
13	Dhárwár	1	1	...	..	...	..	147	18	...	...	...	...	24	19	3	...	12·8	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	173	40	3	...	1·7	...	13
14	Kárwár	1	...	...	...	...	...	78	4	1	...	1·3	...	7	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	88	5	1	...	1·1	...	14
15	Ratnágiri	...	...	...	...	...	...	55	12	...	...	...	...	17	4	1	...	5·9	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	72	17	1	...	1·4	...	15
16	Thána	5	...	...	...	...	...	424	54	10	1	2·4	1·8	67	25	2	1	2·9	4·0	2	...	...	1	...	...	498	79	12	3	2·4	3·8	16
17	Ahmedabad	5	...	...	...	...	...	280	23	9	...	3·2	...	27	6	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	318	30	9	...	2·8	...	17
18	Dhuliakot	...	...	...	...	...	...	203	...	7	...	3·5	...	29	...	2	...	6·9	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	235	...	9	...	3·8	...	18
19	Kaira	2	...	...	...	...	...	113	7	5	...	4·4	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	124	7	5	...	4·0	...	19
20	Surat	4	...	...	...	...	...	138	4	7	...	5·1	...	25	3	3	...	12·0	...	2	...	1	...	50·0	...	169	7	11	...	6·5	...	20
21	Dohád	...	...	...	...	...	...	113	4	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	—	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	127	4	...	...	...	...	21
22	Rájkot	1	1	...	...	...	...	46	6	1	...	2·2	...	16	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	64	9	1	...	1·6	...	22
23	Karáchi	1	...	...	...	...	...	436	5	11	...	2·5	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	300·0	...	486	5	14	...	2·9	...	23
24	Hyderabad	1	...	..	...	...	...	498	13	16	...	3·2	...	85	2	6	...	7·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	584	15	22	...	3·6	...	24
25	Shikárpur	30	...	...	...	...	...	579	11	37	...	6·4	...	60	1	8	...	13·3	...	5	...	5	...	100·0	...	674	12	50	...	7·4	...	25
26	Nára	...	...	...	..	...	...	674	...	36	...	5·3	...	53	...	8	...	15·1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	729	...	44	...	6·0	...	26
27	Aden	...	...	...	...	...	..	50	...	...	...	..	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	55	1	...	...	...	...	27
	Total ..	128	8	...	...	...	...	6,661	303	210	2	3·2	0·7	959	91	55	5	5·7	5·5	182	5	11	1	6·0	20·0	7,930	407	276	8	3·5	2·0	
	Total 1881 ...	189	19	2	...	1·1	...	7,655	305	297	16	3·9	5·2	999	93	75	5	7·5	5·4	85	7	9	...	10·6	...	8,928	424	383	21	4·3	4·9	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. XIX.—(VITAL.)

Showing the Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882, *according to Length of Imprisonment.*

1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8			9
		UNDER 6 MONTHS IN JAIL.			FROM 6 TO 12 MONTHS.			FROM 1 TO 2 YEARS.			FROM 2 TO 3 YEARS.			FROM 3 TO 7 YEARS.			ABOVE 7 YEARS.			
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average Number.	Deaths.	Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.	Average Number.	Deaths.	Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.	Average Number.	Deaths.	Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.	Average Number.	Deaths.	Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.	Average Number.	Deaths.	Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.	Average Number.	Deaths.	Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Number.	Serial Number.
1	Yerrowda	174	2	1·2	132	...	...	179	5	2·8	222	3	1·3	213	6	2·8	259	1	0·4	1
2	Common Jail	218	6	2·7	14	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
3	House of Correction { Europeans	17	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	3
	House of Correction { Natives ...	138	3	2·2	75	...	...	44	1	2·3	14	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Poona	48	...	...	29	3	10·3	32	2	6·2	43	3	7·0	66	...	...	23	1	4·3	4
5	Ahmednagar	59	...	...	11	...	...	5	...	...	7	...	...	6	...	...	6	...	...	5
6	Dhulia	47	2	4·3	37	2	5·4	50	1	2·0	15	...	...	29	1	3·4	24	...	...	6
7	Sholápur	19	1	5·3	29	4	13·8	38	1	2·6	4	1	25·0	34	1	3·0	6	...	...	7
8	Mhasvad Gang	95	3	3 1	101	4	4·0	131	1	0·7	111	1	0·9	124	1	0·8	15	2	13·3	8
9	Sátára	53	...	...	12	...	...	7	...	...	8	...	...	9	...	...	1	...	...	9
10	Belgaum	44	2	4·5	1	...	...	3	1	33·3	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	10
11	Gokák Gang	84	4	4·8	88	6	6·8	134	7	5·2	175	8	4·5	64	9	14·0	4	...	...	11
12	Kaládgi	26	...	...	5	...	...	11	...	...	11	...	...	6	...	...	3	...	...	12
13	Dhárwár	101	1	1·0	42	...	...	36	...	...	15	...	...	17	2	11·8	2	...	...	13
14	Kárwár	44	1	2·2	22	...	...	17	...	...	6	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	14
15	Ratnágiri	19	...	...	7	...	...	6	1	16·7	5	...	...	32	...	...	20	...	...	15
16	Thána	165	3	1·8	248	3	1·2	81	4	4·9	23	4	17·4	18	1	5·5	42	...	...	16
17	Ahmedabad	83	8	9·6	30	...	...	22	...	...	30	1	3·3	115	...	...	68	...	...	17
18	Dhuliákot	117	2	1·7	30	1	3·3	54	4	7·4	25	2	8·0	6	...	...	3	...	...	18
19	Kaira	80	4	5·0	21	...	...	8	1	12·5	5	...	...	14	...	...	3	...	...	19
20	Surat	98	6	6·1	19	2	10·5	25	1	4·0	16	...	...	16	1	6·2	2	1	50·0	20
21	Dohád	55	...	...	18	...	...	29	...	...	11	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	21
22	Rájkot	29	...	...	36	1	2·8	5	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	22
23	Karáchi	129	9	6·9	116	1	0·9	173	2	1·2	48	1	2·1	21	1	4·8	4	...	...	23
24	Hyderabad	335	14	4·2	116	3	2·6	91	4	4·4	28	...	...	25	1	4·0	4	...	...	24
25	Shikárpur...	340	36	10·6	150	10	6·7	115	4	3·5	30	...	...	50	...	...	1	...	...	25
26	Nára	319	13	4·1	225	17	7·5	122	13	10·6	41	...	...	21	1	4·7	1	...	...	26
27	Aden	27	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	8	...	...	3	...	...	12	...	...	27
	Total ...	2,963	120	4·1	1,620	57	3·6	1,428	53	3·7	908	24	2·6	914	25	2·7	504	5	1·0	
	Total, 1881 ...	2,663	187	7·0	1,986	83	4·2	1,903	79	4·2	1,231	25	2·0	987	26	2·6	582	4	0·7	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. XX.

Showing Particulars regarding Civil Prisoners in the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15								16		17
																										Hospital.								Cost.		
																										A.		B.		C.		D.		A.	B.	
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received during the year.		Total Population.		Average Daily Number.		Released during the year.		Escaped.		Trans-ferred.		Died.		Remaining on 31st December.		Capacity of Barracks at 36 superficial feet per head.		Average Number of Prisoners above capacity.		Average Number of Prisoners below capacity.		Admission.		Daily Average Sick.		Deaths.		Ratio of Deaths per Cent. of Average Strength.		Total Charges.	Average Cost per Prisoner.	Serial Number.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M-	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1	Yerrowda	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	.....	...	1
2	Common Jail	33	1	906	90	939	91	40	3	906	88	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	3	200	8	...	...	160	5	2	...	0·1	...	...	...	...	...	4,285 8 2	99 10 8	2
3	House of Correction. { Europeans. / Natives ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	3
4	Poona	5	...	70	4	75	4	6	1	73	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	82	47	...	...	76	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,054 11 0	150 10 9	4
5	Ahmednagar	1	1	24	5	25	6	2	1	24	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	31	12	...	...	29	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	176 13 2	58 15 0	5
6	Dhulia	36	1	270	20	306	21	24	1	264	15	...	...	...	...	1	...	41	6	29	11	...	...	5	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	202 0 0	8 1 3	6
7	Sholápur	...	...	8	...	8	...	1	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	6	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	169 15 0	169 15 0	7
8	Mhasvad Gang	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	8
9	Sátára	...	...	29	1	29	1	2	...	29	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	6	...	...	38	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	228 0 0	114 0 0	9
10	Belgaum	...	...	19	1	19	1	2	...	19	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	3	...	...	28	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	168 0 0	84 0 0	10
11	Gokák Gang	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	11
12	Kaládgi	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	7	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	84 10 6	...	12
13	Dhárwár	2	1	17	...	19	1	2	...	18	1	...	...	...	...	..	..	1	...	19	4	...	...	17	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	182 11 11	91 5 11	13
14	Kárwár	2	...	21	...	23	...	3	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	7	4	...	...	4	4	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	14
15	Ratnágiri	2	...	29	...	31	...	1	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	4	...	...	10	4	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	238 13 10	238 13 10	15
16	Thána	25	3	157	18	182	21	14	1	154	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	...	32	32	...	...	18	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	275 14 3	18 6 3	16
17	Ahmedabad	32	1	330	32	362	33	28	2	318	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	2	23	3	5	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	195 2 9	6 8 1	17
18	Dhuliákot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	18
19	Kaira	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	19
20	Surat	23	1	218	8	241	9	26	2	207	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	2	43	3	...	...	17	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	269 2 9	9 9 10	20
21	Dohad	1	...	38	2	39	2	1	...	39	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	21
	Godhra	2	...	13	...	15	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	
22	Rájkot	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	22
23	Karáchi	2	...	52	24	54	24	2	1	53	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	168 0 0	56 0 0	23
24	Hyderabad	5	...	152	16	157	16	9	1	152	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	228 0 0	22 12 9	24
25	Shikárpur	2	...	60	4	62	4	4	...	54	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	10	10	...	...	6	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	192 0 0	48 0 0	25
26	Nára	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	26
27	Aden	...	...	3	...	3	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	5	...	...	20	5	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	447 3 0	447 3 0	27
	Total ...	173	9	2430	225	2,603	234	168	13	2397	219	...	...	...	...	1	...	205	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,566 10 4	47 5 3	
	Total, 1881 ...	130	8	2240	226	2,370	234	144	13	2193	225	...	...	...	...	4	...	173	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,423 11 3	53 10 6	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. XXI.

Showing Particulars regarding Prisoners under Trial in the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

1	2	3		4		5			6			7			8			9		10		11		12			13
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received.		Total Population.			Average Daily Number.			Released.			Convicted and sentenced			Transferred.		Escaped.		Deaths.		Remaining on 31st December 1882.			Serial Number.
		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total	
1	Yerrowda...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	1
2	Common Jail	7	...	336	18	343	18	361	11	1	12	225	13	238	98	4	102	2	...	...	...	...	...	18	1	19	2
3	House of Correction. { Europeans.	...	...	15	...	15	...	15	1	...	1	8	...	8	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	3
	{ Natives ...	...	...	3	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Poona	4	...	81	11	85	11	96	3	...	3	50	3	53	31	7	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	5	4
5	Ahmednagar	4	...	47	4	51	4	55	3	...	3	28	1	29	21	3	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	5
6	Dhulia	3	...	88	7	91	7	98	8	...	8	55	5	60	36	2	38	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	6
7	Sholapur	6	2	41	14	47	16	63	2	1	3	18	6	24	26	9	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4	7
8	Mhasvad Gang	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
9	Sátára	6	...	45	13	51	13	64	1	...	1	26	4	30	25	8	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	9
10	Belgaum	3	...	77	10	80	10	90	3	...	3	28	4	32	44	6	50	1	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	10
11	Gokak Gang	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
12	Kaládgi	4	...	134	14	138	14	152	21	1	22	80	6	86	36	7	43	20	1	..	...	1	...	1	...	1	12
13	Dhárwár	3	..	53	5	56	5	61	2	...	2	19	1	20	37	4	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
14	Kárwár	...	...	40	...	40	...	40	1	...	1	18	...	18	22	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
15	Ratnágiri...	1	...	5	10	6	10	16	...	1	1	1	1	2	3	8	11	...	...	...	...	...	..	2	1	3	15
16	Thána	22	2	159	4	181	6	187	12	1	13	71	1	72	90	5	95	1	...	...	...	1	...	18	...	18	16
17	Ahmedabad	6	...	154	18	160	18	178	13	1	14	55	3	58	96	14	110	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	1	10	17
18	Dhuliákot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
19	Kaira	2	...	131	6	133	6	139	4	...	4	28	...	28	27	2	29	58	4	...	...	...	...	20	...	20	19
20	Surat	...	...	37	3	37	3	40	2	...	2	10	2	12	27	1	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20
21	Dohad	4	...	100	...	104	...	104	2	...	2	38	...	38	41	...	41	21	...	...	...	...	..	4	...	4	21
22	Rájkot	...	...	107	7	107	7	114	4	...	4	42	4	46	49	3	52	7	...	...	...	1	...	8	..	8	22
23	Karáchi	3	1	280	9	283	10	293	7	...	7	142	4	146	130	6	136	9	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	23
24	Hyderabad	22	1	527	23	549	24	573	16	1	17	305	16	321	221	8	229	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	23	24
25	Shikárpur...	21	4	366	24	387	28	415	16	1	17	180	18	198	125	6	131	57	4	...	...	1	...	24	...	24	25
26	Nára	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
27	Aden	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27
	Total ...	121	10	2,827	200	2,948	210	3,158	132	8	140	1,427	92	1,519	1,193	103	1,296	176	9	...	...	4	...	148	6	154	
	Total, 1881 ...	95	9	2,728	247	2,823	256	3,079	106	6	112	1,223	104	1,327	1,300	136	1,436	177	6	...	...	2	...	121	10	131	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT.

STATEMENT A.

Showing the Nature and Amount of Accommodation for each Class of Prisoners in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency at the close of the year 1882.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
			Number of Prisoners who could be accommodated on 31st December 1882 in part of the Jail devoted to															Spent on Jail Buildings during the year.		
Serial Number.	Name of Jail.	Description of Accommodation.	Hospital.		Observation Cells.		Civil Prisoners.		Under Trial.		Europeans.		Juvenile Convicts	Female Convicts	Male Convicts.	Grand Total.	Superficial Area per Prisoner within enclosing walls in square yards.	By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.	Remarks.
			Males.	Females	Males.	Females	Males.	Females	Males.	Females	Males.	Females								
1	Yerrowda ...	Cells	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	108	160	...	...	...	Rs. a. p. Original Works... 10,053 7 8 Repairs 1,860 15 6
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		* Do. without	112	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,384	1,496	...	...	...	
		Total ...	124	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	..	...	...	1,492	1,656	170	...	11,914	
		Total average population ...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1,148	1,174	240	...	...	
2	Common Jail ..	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	Alterations to the cook-room, &c. ... ... 136 14 9 Repairs 963 12 0
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		* Do. without	24	...	...	...	...	...	68	...	...	..	6	16	151	265	...	...	...	
		Total ...	24	...	...	...	...	...	68	...	...	...	6	16	155	269	39	...	1,101	
		Total average population ...	5	1	...	...	...	...	11	1	...	...	7	17	217	259	41	...	...	
3	House of Correction	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	Repairs 654 0 10
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		* Do. without	15	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	304	330	...	...	...	
		Total ...	15	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	30	...	...	...	304	360	24	...	654	
		Total average population ...	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	21	...	...	...	269	298	29	...	...	
4	Poona	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	94	...	124	221	...	...	...	Original Works... ... 7,891 0 0 Repairs 1,296 0 0
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		* Do. without	25	...	2	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	40	63	136	...	...	...	
		Total ...	25	...	2	...	...	...	6	...	3	...	94	40	187	357	76	...	9,187	
		Total average population ...	6	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	61	48	129	248	109	...	...	

5	Ahmednagar ...	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	3	...	98	109	...	...	...	Removing to another site latrine of female ward	27	4	6
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
		* Do. without ...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	34	135	184	...	...	...	Repairs	415	9	3
		Total ...	13	...	...	...	...	...	8	2	...	...	3	34	233	293	44	...	443				
		Total average population ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	13	80	98	133	...	...				
6	Dhulia	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	.	4	24	32	...	...	...	Repairs	286	9	8
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..				
		* Do. without ...	15	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	15	21	268	334	...	...	...				
		Total ...	15	...	...	...	...	...	15	2	2	...	15	25	292	366	45	...	287				
		Total average population...	3	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	20	177	208	79	...	...				
7	Sholápur	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	4	...	6	18	...	...	...	Repairs	472	15	0
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
		* Do. without ...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	..	...	20	117	152	...	...	...				
		Total ...	10	...	...	...	...	...	8	5	...	...	4	20	123	170	56	...	473				
		Total average population ..	3	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	1	19	107	134	71	...	...				
8	Mhasvad Gang ...	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	...				
		* Do. without ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..				
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,050				
		Total average population...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	..	545	569	63	...	..				
9	Sátára ...	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	2	...	4		6	18		..	.	Repairs . . .	261	13	6
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	..	.	...	.					
		* Do. without ...	12	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	..	22	116	150	...	..	..				
		Total ...	12	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	2	...	4	22	122	168	24	.	262				
		Total average population...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	.	.	.	24	65	93	43	.					
10	Belgaum .	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	.	.	11			11	...			Improvements to the gallows in the Belgaum Jail . ..	324	14	0
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation	..																				
		* Do. without ..	9	..	...	...	...	...	...	2	.	.		6	174	191	.			Repairs	207	15	10
		Total	9	..	...	..	...	...	...	2			11	6	174	202	25		533				
		Total average population	2	.	.		.	.	3	..				9	42	56	92	.					

* Capacity to be calculated at the rate of ... cubic feet per prisoner under Rules 1, 11, 14, 15, and 16.

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Serial Number.	Name of Jail.	Description of Accommodation.	Number of Prisoners who could be accommodated on 31st December 1882 in part of the Jail devoted to															Spent on Jail Buildings during the year.		Remarks.
			Hospital.		Observation Cells.		Civil Prisoners.		Under Trial.		Europeans.		Juvenile Convicts.	Female Convicts.	Male Convicts.	Grand Total.	Superficial Area per Prisoner within enclosing wall, in square yards.	By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.	
			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.								
11	Gokák Gang ...	Cells	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		* Do. without ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	89	
		Total average population ...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	523	553	...	...	...	
12	Kaládgi	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...		Rs. a. p.
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Repairs 93 10 10
		* Do. without ...	10	...	...	...	..	...	13	...	...	...	8	32	158	221	...	...	...	
		Total ...	10	...	...	..	...	...	13	...	...	...	8	32	160	223	164	...	94	
		Total average population ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	20	1	...	...	...	23	39	86	425	...	...	
13	Dhárwár	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	15	15	...	...	...	Additions and alterations to the cells 319 1 10
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Repairs 506 4 0
		* Do. without ...	20	3	3	3	...	...	10	10	...	...	...	50	463	562	...	...	...	
		Total ...	20	3	3	3	...	...	10	10	...	...	...	50	478	577	32	...	825	
		Total average population ...	5	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	39	169	217	84	...	..	
14	Kárwár	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	4	21	35	...	...	...	
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Repairs 346 11 0
		* Do. without ...	12	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	15	126	169	...	...	...	
		Total ...	12	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	5	...	5	19	147	204	73	...	347	
		Total average population ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	5	87	96	155	...	...	

15	Ratnágiri	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	...	...	...	Repairs 1,729 8 9
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		* Do. without ...	20	...	8	...	...	...	9	8	...	...	...	34	288	367	...	...	...	
		Total ...	20	...	8	...	...	...	9	8	...	...	...	34	298	377	28	...	1,730	
		Total average population ...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	15	72	91	115	...	...	
16	Thána	Cells	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	13	114	133	...	...	...	Completing the distribution of water in the Jail... 513 0 0
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	Erecting quarters for matron 1,934 15 7
		* Do. without ...	34	4	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	80	498	631	...	...	...	Erecting gallows for the Jail 286 1 0
		Total ...	36	4	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	4	93	612	764	78	...	3,424	Repairs 689 8 10
		Total average population ...	11	2	...	...	...	...	10	1	...	...	4	78	490	596	100	...	...	
17	Ahmedabad ...	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	7	...	...	...	Additions, alterations and repairs 1,502 11 0
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		* Do. without ...	20	...	...	...	...	...	20	5	3	...	...	88	511	647	...	...	...	
		Total ...	20	...	...	...	...	...	20	5	3	...	7	88	511	654	30	...	1,503	
		Total average population ...	4	...	...	...	...	...	13	1	...	...	5	29	311	363	55	...	...	
18	Dhuliakot	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	Repairs 161 11 6
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		* Do. without ...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	459	484	...	...	...	
		Total ...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	459	484	11	...	162	
		Total average population ...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	226	234	23	...	...	
19	Kaira	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	Repairs 422 3 6
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		* Do. without ...	8	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	...	...	...	10	197	223	...	...	...	
		Total ..	8	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	...	..	...	10	203	229	30	...	422	
		Total average population ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	8	121	136	50	...	...	
20	Surat	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Improvement to the Jail... 48 15 1
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Accommodation for under-trial female prisoners ... 10 0 0
		* Do. without ...	13	...	...	...	...	...	6	7	3	...	10	6	148	193	...	...	...	Repairs 304 15 0
		Total ...	13	...	...	...	...	...	6	7	3	...	10	6	148	193	36	...	364	
		Total average population ..	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	7	168	182	38	...	...	

* Capacity to be calculated at the rate of 500 cubic feet per prisoner under columns 10, 11, 14, 15 and 16.

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
			Number of Prisoners who could be accommodated on 31st December 1882 in part of the Jail devoted to															Spent on Jail Buildings during the year.		
Serial Number.	Name of Jail.	Description of Accommodation.	Hospital.		Observation Cells.		Civil Prisoners.		Under Trial.		Europeans.		Juvenile Convicts.	Female Convicts.	Male Convicts.	Grand Total.	Superficial Area per Prisoner within enclosing wall, in square yards.	By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.	Remarks.
			Males.	Females	Males.	Females	Males.	Females	Males.	Females	Males.	Females								
21	Dohad	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. a. p.
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Repairs 56 12 9
		* Do. without ...	9	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	...	...	5	10	290	334	...	...	..	
		Total ...	9	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	..	...	5	10	290	334	34	...	57	
		Total average population ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	4	124	133	85	...	...	
22	Rájkot	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		* Do. without	10	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	78	92	...	...	...	
		Total ...	10	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	78	92	17	—	328	
		Total average population ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	2	10	60	78	20	...	...	
23	Karáchi	Cells	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	...	20	...	...	46	...	...	...	Improvemonts to the District Jail at Karáchi ... 129 10 11
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Improving the drainage of the Jail 139 15 6
		* Do. without	54	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	27	470	571	...	...	...	Repairs 205 5 9
		Total ...	59	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	21	...	20	27	470	617	83	...	475	
		Total average population ...	8	1	...	...	..	...	7	...	1	...	...	4	482	503	101		...	
24	Hyderabad ...	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		* Do. without	25	...	...	...	...	...	26	2	...	...	22	14	748	837	...	...	...	
		Total ...	25	..	...	...	...	...	26	2	...	...	22	14	754	843	23	...	...	
		Total average population ...	19	1	...	...	...	...	16	1	...	...	1	14	575	627	28	...	...	

25	Shikárpur... ...	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	13	13	...	...	...	Improving Jail barracks ventilation	540	7 11
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Repairs	1,077	13 11
		* Do. without ...	26	2	...	...	...	...	23	14	...	...	47	27	712	851	...	...	...			
		Total ...	26	2	...	...	...	...	23	14	...	...	47	27	725	864	59	...	1,618			
		Total average population ...	19	1	...	...	...	...	16	1	...	...	30	11	636	714	71	...	...			
26	Nára	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		* Do. without ..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total average population ...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	701	716	...	...	...			
27	Aden	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	7	7	...	...	...			
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		* Do. without ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	4	5	65	97	...	...	...	Repairs	272	0 0
		Total ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	4	5	72	104	216	...	272			
		Total average population ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	53	56	402	...	...			
	Total	Cells	19	...	...	...	...	...	20	4	103	...	152	21	564	883	...	...	...			
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		* Do. without ...	524	9	13	3	...	...	298	67	6	...	117	557	7,923	9,517	...	...	...			
		Total ...	543	9	13	3	...	...	318	71	109	...	269	578	8,487	10,400	...	...	39,614			
		Total average population ...	213	10	...	...	...	...	129	8	27	...	117	398	7,616	8,518	...	...	...			

* Capacty to be caculated at the rate of 500 cubic feet per prisoner under columns 10, 11, 14, 15 and 16.

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT B

Showing the State of Health of the Prisoners admitted into, and discharged from, the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during the year 1882.

1	2	3			4	5			6			7		8		9			10	11
Serial Number.	Jails.	State of Health on admission of those admitted during the year.			Number discharged during the year.	State of Health of column 4 on admission.			State of Health of column 4 on release.			State of Weight of column 4 Prisoners on admission.		State of Weight of column 4 Prisoners on release.		State of Health on admission into Jail of those who died during the year.			Remarks.	Serial Number.
		Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.		Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.	Number (9,460) who gained weight during imprisonment.	Number (6,514) who lost weight.	Number (9,460) who gained weight during imprisonment.	Number (6,514) who lost weight.	Good.	Indifferent.	Bad.		
												Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.					1
1	Yerrowda	681	87	...	844	734	109	1	606	238	...	108	113	112	106	15	2	..		2
2	Common Jail	2,066	71	7	2,220	2,111	103	6	2,185	27	8	98	103	102	99	4	1	1		3
3	House of Correction { Europeans ...	266	3	3	257	250	6	1	253	4	...	134	136	136	132	...	...	...		4
	{ Natives ...	286	28	2	356	340	14	2	344	12	...	96	101	103	99	2	2	..		5
4	Poona	723	23	12	805	782	10	13	776	12	17	99	107	104	102	8	1	...		6
5	Ahmednagar	213	51	13	313	278	27	8	282	25	6	106	113	110	108	...	...	...		7
6	Dhulia	582	1	2	550	545	3	2	548	2	...	102	110	108	104	6	...	...		8
7	Sholápur	236	47	1	275	234	40	1	260	15	...	95	101	100	97	5	2	1		9
8	Mhasvad Gang	646	142	3	514	466	48	...	484	25	5	106	113	115	108	7	2	3		10
9	Sátára	364	12	3	400	385	13	2	397	3	...	99	109	103	106	...	...	...		11
10	Belgaum	524	12	3	540	537	...	3	535	3	2	88	104	95	101	3	...	...		12
11	Gokák Gang	589	66	18	621	571	42	8	605	3	13	107	114	115	106	28	4	2		13
12	Kaládgi	331	20	1	383	373	9	1	377	5	1	99	106	108	104	...	...	...		14
13	Dhárwár	417	48	2	487	477	10	...	481	5	1	100	109	109	103	3	...	...		15
14	Kárwár	118	28	9	175	130	37	8	166	7	2	99	110	104	104	...	...	1		16
15	Ratnágiri	126	5	1	200	191	9	...	197	3	...	99	103	106	99	...	...	1		17
16	Thána	867	613	160	1,750	1,091	506	153	1,523	126	101	102	106	105	96	9	2	4		18
17	Ahmedabad	480	182	214	917	509	198	210	534	214	169	101	104	105	100	5	...	4		19
18	Dhuliákot	392	95	30	575	508	52	15	471	83	21	103	109	107	95	4	3	2		20
19	Kaira	639	4	2	648	645	3	...	647	...	1	100	103	104	100	4	...	1		21
20	Surat	466	60	9	576	476	92	8	528	38	10	101	105	104	100	6	4	1		22
21	Dohád	146	60	2	223	172	46	5	193	28	2	100	107	105	101	...	...	...		23
22	Rajkot	148	1	1	131	130	...	1	130	1	...	105	131	108	111	1	...	..		24
23	Karachi...	659	7	4	769	758	8	3	757	10	2	104	117	111	110	12	1	1		25
24	Hyderabad	827	46	16	1,081	962	85	33	988	74	19	106	102	116	103	14	6	2		26
25	Shikarpur	1,031	113	17	1,292	1,222	60	10	1,250	29	13	117	116	119	109	44	2	4		27
26	Nara	236	497	11	613	268	281	64	378	199	36	116	118	125	110	11	17	16		
27	Aden	131	3	1	155	152	1	2	155	...	...	86	123	126	108	...	...	...		
	Total ..	14,190	2,295	545	17,670	15,298	1,812	560	16,050	1,191	429	103	110	109	104	191	49	44		
	1881 ...	13,010	2,119	671	16,514	13,976	2,043	525	14,659	1,513	372	103	110	109	104	245	107	52		

Four under-trial prisoners died during the year—
2 from remittent fever.
1 from dilatation of aorta.
1 from fatty degeneration of heart.

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT C.

Statement showing the Working of the Mark System during the year 1882.

1	2	3	4										5										6										7	8	9
			Number of Convicts released during the year who gained Remission under Mark system.										Maximum Remission in Days gained by any Convict released during the year.										Average Remission gained by the Convicts entered in Column 4.												
			Sentenced to										Sentenced to										Sentenced to												
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number released during the year who came under the Mark system for industry, but failed to gain remission.	Two years exactly.	Not exceeding 3 years.	Ditto 4 years.	Ditto 5 years.	Ditto 6 years.	Ditto 7 years.	Ditto 8 years.	Ditto 9 years.	Ditto 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	Two years exactly.	Not exceeding 3 years.	Ditto 4 years.	Ditto 5 years	Ditto 6 years.	Ditto 7 years.	Ditto 8 years.	Ditto 9 years.	Ditto 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	Two years exactly.	Not exceeding 3 years.	Ditto 4 years.	Ditto 5 years.	Ditto 6 years.	Ditto 7 years.	Ditto 8 years.	Ditto 9 years.	Ditto 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	Maximum Gratuity earned by any Convict released during the year.	Average Gratuity earned by the Convicts entered in Column 4.	Remarks.
1	Yerrowda	110	...	1	...	2	1	26	2	1	13	7	...	92	...	107	92	319	255	256	349	443	...	92	...	76	92	218	242	256	298	364	...	...	
2	Common Jail	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	House of Correction	36	6	3	4	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	61	76	140	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	41	64	126	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Poona	45	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	113	...	79	...	6	...	...	412	..	...	113	...	79	...	6	...	...	234	...	...	..	
5	Ahmednagar	7	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Dhulia	6	1	1	2	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	71	116	147	230	...	30	345	...	...	...	71	116	130	230	...	30	345	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Sholápur	12	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	...	219	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	65	...	219	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	Mhasvad Gang	271	...	...	2	6	...	6	1	...	6	1	...	...	150	175	...	320	300	...	337	418	...	..	99	107	...	208	300	...	193	418	...	...	
9	Sátára	3	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	..	195	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	...	174	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	Belgaum	1	...	...	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	Gokák Gang	124	7	9	2	12	3	1	...	...	1	...	86	140	138	214	236	188	...	...	355	...	65	104	123	182	211	188	...	...	355	...	...	...	
12	Kaládgi	17	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	92	...	64	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	78	...	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	Dhárwár	33	...	...	1	6	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	129	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	Kárwár...	14	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	170	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	129	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	Ratnágiri	13	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	115	...	177	...	...	..	...	280	...	...	115	...	177	...	...	..	...	280	...	...	...	
16	Thána	54	...	4	4	5	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	92	142	173	201	289	...	...	330	...	...	77	109	157	201	289	...	...	330	..	...	..	
17	Ahmedabad	16	...	1	...	2	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	102	...	40	102	81	...	206	..	...	...	102	...	30	102	81	...	206	...	...	..	...	
18	Dhuliakot	104	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	166	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	166	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
19	Kaira	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	258	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	258	...	...	...	...	...	...	
20	Surat	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
21	Dohad	31	...	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	159	179	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	159	137	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
22	Rájkot	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	Karáchi...	245	18	4	2	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	45	90	165	221	...	195	...	...	...	...	45	56	142	178	...	195	...	...	...	...	...	...	
34	Hyderabad	81	5	4	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	30	83	...	66	...	...	...	...	...	485	22	70	...	46	...	...	...	...	...	485	...	..	
25	Shikárpur	31	3	9	4	8	...	2	...	1	...	...	74	105	158	195	...	170	...	73	...	...	40	47	99	118	...	121	...	73	...	...	...	...	
26	Nára	34	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	71	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
27	Aden	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	1,328	41	47	23	63	8	42	4	3	24	9	86	140	165	230	236	320	345	256	412	485	45	82	111	124	140	145	296	178	281	422	...	...	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons

STATEMENT D.

Statement showing the Nature of the Crimes for which Convicts are imprisoned.

1				2																		3		4
Serial Number.	Sections of Penal Code classified.			Convicts admitted to Jail on 31st December under Sentence not exceeding																		Total.		Serial Number.
	Chapter of Penal Code.	Sections.	Nature of Offences.	A.		B.		C.		D.		E.		F.		G.		H.		I.				J.				
				1 month.		Above 1 and not exceeding 3 months.		Above 3 and not exceeding 6 months.		Above 6 months and not exceeding 1 year.		Above 1 year and not exceeding 2 years.		Above 2 years and not exceeding 5 years.		Above 5 years and not exceeding 10 years.		Exceeding 10 years.		Sentenced to Transportation beyond Seas.				Sentenced to Death.				
																				A. For life.		B. For a term.						
				M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	
1	VI	All sections	Offences against the State ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	1
2	VII	Do.	Do. relating to the Army and Navy	..	..	2	..	5	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	14	..	14	2
3	VIII	Do.	Do. against public tranquillity	2	..	..	..	1	..	5	..	5	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	..	17	3
4	IX	162, 163, 170 and 171 ..	Do. by others relating to public servants	..	..	1	1	9	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	1	15	4
5	,,	All other sections ..	Do. public servants	..	..	1	..	2	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	6	5
6	X	All sections	Contempt of the lawful authority of public servants	1	..	1	..	4	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	13	1	14	6
7	XI	193, 200 to 205	False evidence and the like, and false personation in a suit or criminal proceeding	..	..	1	..	21	1	7	1	16	..	16	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	64	3	67	7
8	,,	201 to 204	Causing disappearance of evidence and omitting to inform or giving false information regarding an offence	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	1	7	4	4	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	16	6	22	8
9	,,	206 to 210	Fraudulent claims, decrees, disposals of property	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	9
10	,,	211	Making false criminal charge ..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	..	1	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	3	10	10
11	,,	212, 216, 224 to 227 ..	Harbouring offenders, compounding offences, resisting apprehensions and the like	..	..	..	..	14	..	8	..	9	..	6	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	41	..	41	11
12	,,	217 to 223	Offences by public servants against public justice	4	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	9	12
13	,,	288 and 229	Interrupting public servant and personating juror or assessor.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	13
14	XII	241 to 254	Lighter offences relating to coin.	1	..	..	..	3	..	2	1	6	..	5	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	21	1	22	14
15	,,	All other sections ..	Graver offences relating to coin and stamps	..	..	..	..	3	1	8	..	4	1	6	..	10	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	29	2	31	15
16	XIII	All sections	Offences relating to weights and measures	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16
17	XIV	264 to 289	Offences affecting the public health and safety	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	17
18	,,	290 and 291	Nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18
19	,,	292 to 294 A.	Obscene books and lotteries ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19
20	XV	All sections	Offences relating to religion ..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20
21	XVI	302, 303, 307	Murder and attempt to murder ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	1	17	35	25	16	6	1	195	26	37	10	18	3	300	93	393	21
22	,,	304, 304A, 305, 306, 308.	Culpable homicide and attempt to commit the same and abetting suicide	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	3	7	1	67	3	62	5	8	1	11	3	26	1	..	..	199	17	216	22
23	,,	309	Attempt to commit suicide ..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	4	23
24	,,	311	Being a thug	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24
25	,,	312 to 318	Causing miscarriage, exposing children and concealment of birth of child	..	..	..	1	1	7	2	8	2	18	3	19	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	8	56	64	25
26	,,	323, 334, 352, 355 ..	Hurt and assault with or without provocation	37	..	26	..	12	3	14	..	8	..	26	1	3	1	2	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	131	5	136	26
27	,,	324, 333, 335 to 338 ..	Aggravated cases of hurt, all cases of grievous hurt, and doing acts dangerous to human life	4	..	8	..	37	1	27	..	64	3	108	9	27	..	1	..	8	..	21	1	..	..	305	14	319	27

28	„	341 to 348	Wrongful restraint and confinement	1	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	5	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	1	13	28
29	„	353 to 357	Aggravated assault	2	..	3	..	6	..	1	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	..	18	29
30	„	363 to 373	Kidnapping, abduction, selling minors to slavery	..	..	..	..	3	..	8	2	8	1	21	2	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	45	6	51	30
31	„	374	Unlawful compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	2	31
32	„	376	Rape	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	10	..	38	..	22	..	..	..	1	..	13	..	..	..	86	..	86	32
33	„	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	..	2	..	5	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	23	..	23	33
34	XVII	379 to 381, 461 and 462	Theft, including theft in building and by servants, and breaking open closed receptacle	90	8	194	23	389	26	525	22	767	15	401	4	86	2	6	..	8	..	38	2	..	..	2,504	102	2,606	34
35	„	384 and 385	Extortion, unaggravated	..	..	4	..	2	..	3	..	3	..	4	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	..	19	35
36	„	386 to 389	Do. aggravated	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	36
37	„	392, 394 and 382	Robbery and aggravated theft	..	..	1	..	4	..	37	2	87	..	92	..	52	2	2	..	1	..	6	..	..	..	282	4	286	37
38	„	395, 400 and 402	Dacoity	..	..	..	..	1	..	10	..	35	..	405	..	273	..	80	..	86	..	228	1	..	..	1,118	1	1,119	38
39	„	403 and 404	Dishonest misappropriation	1	..	4	1	6	..	17	..	13	..	4	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	48	2	50	39
40	„	406 and 409	Criminal breach of trust	4	..	20	5	22	1	29	..	57	2	21	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	162	9	171	40
41	„	411 to 414	Receiving and concealing stolen property	4	3	49	5	66	5	82	7	92	2	89	3	28	1	2	1	3	..	3	..	..	..	418	27	445	41
42	„	417 to 420	Cheating	4	..	5	..	8	..	17	..	26	..	13	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	74	..	74	42
43	„	421 to 424	Fraudulent deeds and distribution of property	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	43
44	„	426 to 440	Mischief	1	..	4	..	10	2	10	..	8	1	39	3	20	1	..	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	96	7	103	44
45	„	447 and 448	Simple trespass and house trespass	4	1	1	..	2	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	1	12	45
46	„	449, 450, 459 and 460	House-breaking in order to commit offence punishable with death or imprisonment for life, and causing death or grievous hurt in house-breaking	..	..	..	..	4	..	21	..	33	..	30	..	6	..	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	98	..	98	46
47	„	451 to 458	House-breaking and house trespass	3	1	27	2	127	5	135	2	200	2	151	..	55	..	7	..	4	..	30	..	..	..	739	12	751	47
48	XVIII	465 to 489	Forgery and offences relating to trade and property marks	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	8	..	24	..	10	1	..	..	2	..	10	..	..	..	55	2	57	48
49	XIX	490 to 492	Ciminal breach of contract	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	49
50	XX	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	..	..	6	1	16	1	12	..	5	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	43	2	45	50
51	XXI	500 to 502	Defamation	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	51
52	XXII	504 to 510	Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance	3	..	2	..	2	..	5	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	..	15	52
53	Criminal Procedure Code	505 to 517	Bad livelihood and belonging to wandering gang of thieves	..	..	..	..	17	..	57	..	28	..	5	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	109	..	109	53
	Penal Code.	401																								225	9	234	
54			All other offences	50	3	53	2	48	3	36	1	10	..	23	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	225	9	234	54
			Total	217	17	420	41	857	58	1,108	50	1,540	49	1,647	90	732	32	118	3	326	29	437	17	18	3	7,420	389	7,809	

Inspector Gereral of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

APPENDIX E.

Statement showing the Religion, Age and previous Occupation of the Convicts admitted in the Jails of this Presidency during the year 1882.

No.	Jails.	3 Religion. A Christian. a. Europeans. M.	F.	b. Eurasians. M.	F.	c. Natives. M.	F.	B. Mahomedans. M.	F.	C. Hindus. M.	F.	D. Buddhists and Jains. M.	F.	E. All other Classes. M.	F.	4 Age. A. Under 16. M.	F.	B. 16 to 40. M.	F.	C. 40 to 60. M.	F.	D. Above 60. M.	F.	5 Previous Occupation. Males. Persons employed under Government or Municipal or other Local Authorities.	Professional Persons.	Persons in service or performing personal offices.	Persons engaged in agriculture and with animals.	Persons engaged in commerce and trade.	Persons employed in Mechanical Arts Manufactures and Engineering Apparatus, &c.	Miscellaneous Persons not classed otherwise.	Females. Married.	Unmarried.	Widows.	Prostitutes.	6 Total. M.	F.	Total.	7 No.
1	Yerrowda	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	1
2	Common Jail	..	..	..	3	149	9	777	44	1,012	108	2	..	39	..	46	3	1,796	151	136	10	1	..	26	6	841	16	462	100	528	61	3	48	52	1,979	164	2,143	2
3	House of Correction ..	251	..	19	..	19	..	112	..	165	..	2	..	5	..	3	..	528	..	42	..	..	..	39	5	53	10	347	110	9	..	..	..	..	573	..	573	3
4	Poona	2	..	..	..	24	2	64	5	513	115	..	..	1	..	12	..	541	122	56	..	..	..	27	..	143	131	35	178	95	90	2	3	27	609	122	731	4
5	Ahmednagar	..	..	..	..	3	..	19	1	223	28	..	..	1	..	5	1	205	22	29	6	6	..	15	6	27	157	25	4	11	26	..	..	3	245	29	274	5
6	Dhulia	..	..	..	..	2	..	82	2	447	50	..	..	—	..	4	3	483	45	42	4	2	..	46	2	41	350	30	19	34	38	4	8	2	531	52	583	6
7	Sholápur	5	..	..	..	1	..	29	1	188	58	1	..	..	..	10	3	196	51	18	5	..	..	16	5	15	119	14	43	12	35	4	18	2	224	59	283	7
8	Mhasvad Gang	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8
9	Sátára	..	..	..	..	..	..	32	2	281	59	2	2	1	..	3	1	290	57	19	5	4	..	32	..	15	141	10	102	16	33	2	26	2	316	63	379	9
10	Belgaum	..	..	..	..	11	2	80	5	362	56	14	..	..	..	3	1	419	55	41	7	4	..	61	2	4	143	25	218	14	35	1	15	12	467	63	530	10
11	Gokák Gang	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	11
12	Kaládgi	..	..	..	..	1	..	32	4	270	41	..	..	..	..	6	2	262	41	32	2	3	..	22	45	1	188	37	..	10	25	3	17	..	303	45	348	12
13	Dhárwár	..	..	..	..	3	..	105	7	293	33	3	1	..	..	4	2	366	36	33	3	1	..	27	43	10	106	27	191	..	26	..	14	1	404	41	445	13
14	Kárwár	..	..	..	..	16	2	11	..	119	7	..	..	..	..	1	..	135	8	10	1	..	..	12	4	13	65	38	11	3	5	..	4	..	146	9	155	14
15	Ratnágiri	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	163	21	..	..	..	..	3	..	100	13	7	7	1	1	8	1	17	67	15	2	1	8	..	11	2	111	21	132	15
16	Thána	1	..	2	..	47	1	97	3	1,226	133	..	..	2	..	13	3	1,094	93	262	36	6	5	51	6	78	1,048	61	103	28	67	1	64	5	1,375	137	1,512	16
17	Ahmedabad	2	..	..	..	3	..	77	3	594	71	10	..	1	..	22	3	593	62	69	9	3	..	50	1	71	444	12	55	54	47	3	23	1	687	74	761	17
18	Dhuliakot	..	..	..	..	1	..	52	..	326	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	325	..	58	..	2	..	12	2	34	168	3	141	25	..	..	..	..	385	..	385	18
19	Kaira	..	..	..	..	5	..	50	3	547	36	..	..	..	..	14	4	543	34	44	1	1	..	10	1	20	392	3	30	146	35	4	..	..	602	39	641	19
20	Surat	1	..	..	..	..	..	84	2	405	30	6	..	7	..	22	1	400	20	79	11	2	..	22	3	24	142	28	264	20	28	1	8	..	503	32	535	20
21	Dohad	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	1	193	2	..	..	..	..	5	1	175	1	24	1	1	..	8	1	7	162	8	4	15	3	..	..	..	205	3	208	21
22	Rájkot	..	..	..	..	..	..	35	2	104	8	..	..	1	..	4	..	121	9	14	1	1	..	23	1	9	93	1	2	11	8	..	2	..	140	10	150	22
23	Karáchi	11	..	..	..	9	..	543	20	74	2	..	..	1	..	2	1	593	21	42	..	1	..	80	..	..	309	205	12	32	14	1	1	6	638	22	660	23
24	Hyderabad	..	..	..	..	..	..	730	20	82	1	..	..	..	..	14	..	716	16	81	5	1	..	26	..	35	665	16	27	43	16	3	1	1	812	21	833	24
25	Shikárpur	..	..	1	..	5	..	1,013	15	122	3	..	..	..	..	18	..	1,050	16	71	2	2	..	97	1	51	575	52	283	82	12	4	..	2	1,141	18	1,159	25
26	Nára	..	..	..	..	..	..	68	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	70	..	12	..	..	..	1	..	1	76	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	82	..	82	26
27	Aden	3	..	..	..	2	..	103	9	12	2	1	..	3	..	..	..	118	9	6	2	..	..	24	24	45	9	3	10	9	4	..	1	6	124	11	135	27
	Total ..	276	..	22	3	300	16	4,216	149	7,684	864	44	3	65	..	214	29	11,123	882	1,228	118	42	6	735	159	1,556	5,579	1,467	1,909	1,202	616	36	259	124	12,607	1,035	13,642	
	1881 ..	225	1	10	1	244	18	4,488	177	7,716	838	32	6	69	6	265	44	11,046	834	1,410	165	63	4	660	104	1,397	5,793	1,534	2,068	1,228	615	33	279	120	12,784	1,047	13,831	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

APPENDIX F.

Statement showing the Convicts admitted in the Jails of the Bombay Presidency during 1882, *according to the Nature and Length of Sentence.*

1	2	3																		4				5			6
		Classes according to Length of Sentence.																									
		A.		B.		C.		D.		E.		F.		G.		H.		I.				J.		A.		B.		Total.			
No.	Jails.	Not exceeding 1 month.		Above 1 and not exceeding 3 months.		Above 3 and not exceeding 6 months.		Above 6 and not exceeding 1 year.		Above 1 and not exceeding 2 years.		Above 2 and not exceeding 5 years.		Above 5 and not exceeding 10 years.		Above 10 years.		Sentenced to Transportation.				Sentenced to Death.		Simple Imprisonment		Rigorous Imprisonment.				No.
																		A. For life.		B. For a term.										
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	
1	Yerrowda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	4	1
2	Common Jail ...	1,219	117	554	27	164	13	19	6	7	1	11	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	1	...	39	24	1,940	140	1,979	164	2,143	2
3	House of Correction	219	...	52	...	138	...	100	...	58	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	571	...	573	...	573	3
4	Poona	259	60	118	35	113	19	55	3	32	2	20	2	...	..	...	..	...	...	7	1	5	...	20	10	589	112	609	122	731	4
5	Ahmednagar ...	59	8	84	14	42	4	23	...	23	1	7	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	7	6	238	23	245	29	274	5
6	Dhulia	122	32	91	5	153	9	89	5	36	...	12	...	9	...	2	...	9	1	3	..	5	...	26	6	505	46	531	52	583	6
7	Sholápur ...	62	27	61	17	37	6	34	3	8	...	10	1	7	...	...	...	...	4	3	...	2	1	5	10	219	49	224	59	283	7
8	Mhásvad Gang .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	8
9	Sátára	105	25	71	21	61	5	39	4	19	4	8	3	1	...	...	...	4	1	2	...	6	..	6	2	310	61	316	63	379	9
10	Belgaum ...	208	25	76	17	95	11	18	1	28	5	17	...	3	...	..	...	3	...	6	...	13	4	27	6	440	57	467	63	530	10
11	Gokák Gang ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	11
12	Kaládgi... ...	112	27	70	6	58	5	24	...	14	1	22	2	1	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	24	6	279	39	303	45	348	12
13	Dhárwár ...	131	17	84	10	116	9	23	1	19	1	9	...	...	...	...	...	5	3	12	...	5	...	12	10	392	31	404	41	445	13
14	Kárwár... ...	57	5	15	1	39	2	7	...	11	1	3	...	3	..	6	...	1	...	2	...	2	...	11	2	135	7	146	9	155	14
15	Ratnágiri ...	29	4	41	3	16	6	9	1	13	1	2	4	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	8	3	103	18	111	21	132	15
16	Thána	589	75	306	36	239	15	87	5	37	...	51	3	32	...	2	...	16	3	10	...	6	...	63	14	1,312	123	1,375	137	1,512	16
17	Ahmedabad ...	178	25	165	25	147	6	67	5	35	4	38	7	27	...	7	...	13	...	1	1	9	1	38	4	649	70	687	74	761	17
18	Dhuliákot ...	97	...	114	...	86	...	46	...	38	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	2	...	383	...	385	...	385	18
19	Kaira	248	19	195	11	97	4	34	4	22	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	8	589	31	602	39	641	19
20	Surat	214	15	87	6	101	5	40	5	39	...	11	1	4	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	4	...	39	6	464	26	503	32	535	20
21	Dohad	57	3	29	...	40	...	52	...	23	...	3	..	...	...	...	...	1	...	..	...	...	...	2	2	203	1	205	3	208	21
22	Rájkot	30	5	12	...	17	...	32	2	8	...	28	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	8	3	132	7	140	10	150	22
23	Karáchi ...	87	8	66	6	135	5	210	1	116	1	13	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	3	...	3	1	10	1	628	21	638	22	660	23
24	Hyderabad ...	99	4	41	5	205	3	231	7	162	1	54	1	9	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	3	...	14	...	798	21	812	21	833	24
25	Shikárpur ...	110	5	95	3	360	4	292	5	193	1	67	...	9	...	2	...	4	...	2	...	7	...	22	4	1,119	14	1,141	18	1,159	25
26	Nára	...	...	...	...	7	....	22	...	43	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	...	82	...	82	26
27	Aden	64	10	39	1	16	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	4	118	7	124	11	135	27
	Total ...	4,355	516	2,466	249	2,482	131	1,556	58	985	25	413	27	118	3	19	...	75	15	54	2	84	9	404	131	12,203	904	12,607	1,035	13,642	
	1881 ...	3,898	502	2,646	220	2,430	161	1,704	74	1,228	38	504	14	103	2	22	1	94	20	69	1	86	14	405	122	12,379	925	12,784	1,047	13,831	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

APPENDIX G

[illegible] 188[illegible]

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APPENDIX H.

Statement of Factory Profits for the year 1882.

1	2	3	4								
			Debit.								
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Number.	Jails.	Average Number sentenced to Labour.	Cash in hand at the end of 1881.	Manufactured Articles at the end of 1881.	Raw Materials at the end of 1881.	Amount of Outstanding Bills due by the Jails at the end of 1882.	Amount of Outstanding Bills due to the Jails at the end of 1881.	Plant and Machinery at the end of 1881.	Amount drawn from Treasury for Raw Materials during 1882.	Total.	Number.
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1	Yerrowda...	1,174	0 13 9	3,657 4 9	2,910 14 6	2,120 4 9	6,447 0 2	8,437 12 9	40,565 1 4	64,139 4 0	1
2	Common Jail	242	.....	1,054 15 0	392 12 9	114 0 10	499 6 1	562 1 2	2,183 3 11	4,806 7 9	2
3	House of Correction	297	9 8 0	2,320 5 9	804 14 1	163 1 1	490 12 1	859 8 4	3,935 0 9	8,583 2 1	3
4	Poona	239	.....	440 6 1	208 7 9	337 10 11	548 0 4	2,766 5 1	6,327 10 5	10,628 8 7	4
5	Ahmednagar	94	71 4 7	248 6 0	99 4 5	85 14 0	165 4 5	60 11 1	1,714 9 11	2,445 6 5	5
6	Dhulia	196	180 15 4	574 0 9	935 8 7	77 10 0	1,631 2 3	353 15 7	2,584 7 2	6,337 11 8	6
7	Sholápur	129	.....	156 10 0	114 14 6	41 4 2	4 9 0	273 8 6	404 11 5	995 9 7	7
8	Mhasvad Gang	569	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	8
9	Sátára	89	24 4 2	547 10 3	155 8 2	252 9 2	54 7 3	219 15 0	2,960 11 0	4,215 1 0	9
10	Belgaum	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10
11	Gokák Gang	553	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11
12	Kaládgi	62	.....	135 7 11	129 15 0	5 1 4	449 11 11	261 15 1	143 6 10	1,125 10 1	12
13	Dhárwár	211	77 4 9	708 1 3	348 5 3	387 15 5	988 12 5	860 1 7	7,234 8 4	10,605 1 0	13
14	Kárwár	94	1 8 6	471 3 11	751 5 5	6 5 0	377 15 7	459 10 2	980 1 7	3,048 2 2	14
15	Ratnágiri	89	.....	1,205 3 7	2,012 4 4	60 14 6	1,569 8 4	432 12 4	2,827 9 6	8,108 4 7	15
16	Thána	566	.....	942 12 7	623 13 1	1,579 5 7	1,442 0 10	1,230 5 4	14.432 8 5	20,250 13 10	16
17	Ahmedabad	339	540 3 10	3,461 14 4	747 10 10	527 12 6	2,430 11 11	1,832 7 6	9,271 0 9	18,811 13 8	17
18	Dhuliakot...	234	0 3 2	493 8 5	118 0 10	20 12 7	142 11 5	579 14 1	330 6 3	1,685 8 9	18
19	Kaira	128	1 0 0	335 1 7	221 5 10	47 13 2	32 0 4	143 5 11	1,067 6 6	1,848 1 4	19
20	Surat	176	.....	2,718 7 2	661 5 8	687 2 0	550 6 0	396 13 4	4,866 5 1	9,880 7 3	20
21	Dohad	131	.....	958 1 3	339 13 8	142 6 9	470 3 6	361 11 9	1.736 10 5	4,008 15 4	21
22	Rájkot	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19 4 6	51 14 6	71 3 0	22
23	Karáchi	495	60 3 3	2,982 3 6	921 5 9	1,079 1 4	3,118 12 11	195 7 4	15,052 13 11	23,410 0 0	23
24	Hyderabad	607	.....	330 5 10	1,333 7 7	359 3 3	1,092 12 11	1,008 14 6	10,919 2 0	15,043 14 1	24
25	Shikárpur	689	77 5 3	1,413 15 7	1,057 0 7	231 13 5	3,013 4 9	589 7 9	5,918 0 6	12,300 15 10	25
26	Nára	716	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26
27	Aden	56	.....	421 12 1	200 0 0	132 2 6	88 10 4	4,136 9 7	1,940 10 11	6,919 13 5	27
	Total ...	8,291	1,044 10 7	25,577 13 7	15,088 2 7	8,460 4 3	25,608 4 9	26,042 10 3	1,37,448 1 5	2,39,269 15 5	

Statement of Factory Profits for the year 1882—continued.

Number.	Jails.	5 Credit. 1 Cash in hand at the end of 1882.	2 Manufactured Articles at the end of 1882.	3 Raw Materials at the end of 1882.	4 Amount of Outstanding Bills due by the Jails at the end of 1881.	5 Amount of Outstanding Bills due to the Jails at the end of 1882.	6 Plant and Machinery at the end of 1882.	7 Amount paid into the Treasury during 1882.	8 Total.	6 Total Profits.	7 Total Loss.	8 Profit per Prisoner.	9 Loss per Prisoner.	10 Number.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1	Yerrowda	0 4 8	3,458 2 9	5,424 8 8	1,509 13 3	6,281 7 0	8,612 9 1	54,789 7 5	80,076 4 10	15,937 0 10	...	13 9 2	...	1
2	Common Jail	38 15 3	1,090 12 10	433 8 1	209 15 0	66 11 0	576 2 4	5,368 11 10	7,784 12 4	2,978 4 7	...	12 4 11	...	2
3	House of Correction	7 0 0	2,503 3 1	1,482 6 0	3 12 2	783 1 9	852 13 10	10,381 3 3	16,013 8 1	7,430 6 0	...	25 0 4	...	3
4	Poona	.....	429 13 8	158 6 1	56 12 4	55 5 0	2,660 0 7	8,201 12 0	11,562 1 8	933 9 1	...	3 14 6	...	4
5	Ahmednagar	7 10 0	195 14 4	119 3 0	102 12 11	166 13 0	85 1 1	2,425 1 7	3,102 7 11	657 1 6	...	6 15 10	...	5
6	Dhulia	17 7 6	360 4 3	712 15 7	304 10 8	931 4 0	339 12 7	5,335 2 10	8,001 9 5	1,663 13 9	...	8 7 9	...	6
7	Sholápur	.....	150 3 11	74 3 9	.....	.....	253 0 7	681 4 4	1,158 12 7	163 3 0	...	1 4 3	...	7
8	Mhasvád Gang	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	8
9	Sátára	2 14 6	404 3 7	159 3 6	289 12 1	13 15 9	208 13 5	4,743 12 4	5,822 11 2	1,607 10 2	...	18 1 0	...	9
10	Belgaum	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	10
11	Gokák Gang	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	11
12	Kaládgi	.....	89 0 7	88 10 8	18 12 9	104 15 11	200 11 1	604 8 7	1,106 11 7	.....	18 14 6	...	0 4 10	12
13	Dhárwár	74 15 8	721 2 2	418 13 0	259 10 0	893 13 5	755 6 11	10,121 7 9	13,245 4 11	2,640 3 11	..	12 8 2	...	13
14	Kárwár...	.....	611 1 1	254 14 3	315 0 10	285 11 4	366 10 10	2,233 13 5	4,067 3 9	1,019 1 7	...	10 13 6	...	14
15	Ratnágiri	4 14 9	766 2 10	952 7 0	731 15 1	1,043 5 8	382 12 6	4,632 13 7	8,514 7 5	406 2 10	...	4 9 0	...	15
16	Thána	.....	935 13 3	782 6 3	784 9 10	1,395 1 0	1,505 13 1	19,996 2 10	25,399 14 3	5,149 0 5	...	9 1 7	...	16
17	Ahmedabad	0 14 0	2,093 13 5	1,310 10 2	217 5 7	1,751 9 0	1,815 3 4	17,691 2 5	24,880 9 11	6,068 12 3	...	17 14 5	...	17
18	Dhuliakot	.....	81 4 10	41 6 2	10 11 8	95 6 0	565 14 10	1,204 14 5	1,999 9 11	314 1 2	...	1 5 6	...	18
19	Kaira	.....	215 5 7	181 14 4	105 10 10	126 7 0	143 5 11	1,361 0 0	2,133 11 8	285 10 4	...	2 4 10	...	19
20	Surat	.....	1,940 15 9	929 13 3	383 7 1	663 3 7	402 4 10	7,661 11 5	11,981 7 11	2,101 0 8	...	11 15 0	...	20
21	Dohad	34 14 5	242 5 6	221 7 10	119 3 3	432 5 5	337 10 0	3,825 11 8	5,213 10 1	1,204 10 9	...	9 3 1	...	21
22	Rájkot	.....	9 6 11	.....	.....	.....	19 4 6	57 7 7	86 3 0	15 0 0	...	0 3 5	...	22
23	Karáchi	.....	2,414 2 6	403 9 0	1,118 6 5	1,295 0 8	199 2 4	24,552 0 5	29,982 5 4	6,572 5 4	...	13 4 5	...	23
24	Hyderabad	.....	251 6 10	572 12 7	436 5 2	648 7 6	1,011 14 6	14,490 14 11	17,411 13 6	2,367 15 5	...	3 14 5	...	24
25	Shikárpur	34 0 0	1,250 1 9	753 12 3	613 11 11	2,033 9 2	551 7 9	8,521 5 11	13,758 0 9	1,457 0 11	...	2 1 10	..	25
26	Nára	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	26
27	Aden	.....	281 8 10	119 9 0	194 12 4	166 7 9	3,456 9 2	3,904 9 11	8,123 9 0	1,203 11 7	...	21 7 11	...	27
	Total ...	223 14 9	20,496 6 3	15,596 8 5	7,787 3 2	19,234 0 11	25,302 9 1	2,12,786 4 5	3,01,426 15 0	62,175 14 1 62,156 15 7	18 14 6	7 7 11	...	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

APPENDIX I.

Statement of Extramural Convict Labour Profit for the year 1882.

Number.	Jails.	Number of Prisoners employed on Extramural Labour.	Debit.							Credit.						Total Profit.	Total Loss.	Number.
			Cash in hand at the end of 1881.	Amount of Outstanding Debts due to the Jails at the end of 1881.	Amount of Outstanding Debts due by the Jails at the end of 1882.	Tools and Plant at the end of 1881.	Amount drawn from Treasury. For Tools, &c.	Amount drawn from Treasury. For Extra Guards.	Total.	Cash in hand at the end of 1882.	Amount of Outstanding Debts due to the Jails at the end of 1882.	Amount of Outstanding Debts by the Jails at the end of 1881.	Tools and Plant at the end of 1882.	Amount paid into the Treasury.	Total.			
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
1	Yerrowda	125	....	183 9 9	39 7 0	....	....	999 8 11	1,222 9 8	....	407 12 3	90 8 9	....	6,218 5 7	6,716 10 7	5,494 0 11	..	1
2	Common Jail	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	..	2
3	House of Correction	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	..	3
4	Poona	8	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	370 6 0	370 6 0	370 6 0	..	4
5	Ahmednagar	..	0 8 0	....	....	....	....	....	0 8 0	....	....	....	....	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 0 0	..	5
6	Dhulia	24	....	146 4 0	....	....	....	243 12 1	390 0 1	....	492 15 0	....	....	1,060 8 0	1,553 7 0	1,163 6 11	..	6
7	Sholápur	54	....	180 3 0	7 0 0	....	....	84 0	271 3 0	569 13 0	244 2 0	7 0 0	....	2,512 1 0	3,333 0 0	3,061 13 0	..	7
8	Mhasvad Gang	339	....	....	....	....	....	129 8 2	129 8 2	....	....	....	....	25,764 13 11	25,764 13 11	25,635 5 9	..	8
9	Sátára	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1 4 0	1 4 0	1 4 0	..	9
10	Belgaum	28	....	32 8 0	....	477 1 5	12 2 11	....	521 12 4	....	10 0 0	1 2 0	477 1 5	929 15 6	1,418 2 11	896 6 7	..	10
11	Gokák Gang	361	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	19,596 13 2	19,596 13 2	19,596 13 2	..	11
12	Kaládgi	6	....	25 12 0	....	....	....	....	25 12 0	....	32 0 0	....	....	286 3 8	318 3 8	292 7 8	..	12
13	Dhárwár	..	....	....	....	25 6 0	....	....	25 6 0	....	....	....	25 6 0	....	25 6 0	....	..	13
14	Kárwár	2	....	....	....	12 0 0	0 7 6	....	12 7 6	....	....	0 7 6	10 0 0	108 9 3	119 0 9	106 9 8	..	14
15	Ratnágiri	..	....	21 6 0	....	....	....	0 14 11	22 4 11	....	27 0 0	....	....	12 10 0	39 10 0	17 5 1	..	15
16	Thána	63	....	46 6 0	....	....	....	588 15 4	635 5 4	....	....	....	....	8,051 11 10	8,051 11 10	2,416 6 6	..	16
17	Ahmedabad	..	....	367 10 1	....	....	....	....	367 10 1	.....	278 2 3	....	....	102 0 10	380 3 1	12 9 0	..	17
18	Dhuliakot	103	....	245 5 0	....	25 8 0	....	....	270 13 0	....	377 13 0	....	15 10 6	3,626 0 6	4,019 8 0	3,748 11 0	..	18
19	Kaira	13	....	....	....	....	....	54 2 0	54 2 0	....	....	....	....	412 14 3	412 14 3	358 12 3	..	19
20	Surat	..	....	....	....	8 14 0	....	....	8 14 0	....	....	....	8 14 0	....	8 14 0	....	..	20
21	Dohad	31	....	100 3 2	....	92 15 4	52 3 6	91 10 11	337 0 11	8 12 0	169 6 0	7 9 5	48 6 11	1,172 2 10	1,406 5 2	1,069 4 3	..	21
22	Rájkot	24	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	..	22
23	Karáchi	19	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	..	23
24	Hyderabad	173	....	459 15 0	4 0 0	161 14 9	102 5 0	1,696 11 4	2,424 14 1	....	726 0 6	7 0 0	140 8 8	10,411 1 0	11,284 10 2	3,859 12 1	..	24
25	Shikárpur	203	140 10 0	....	....	99 11 6	12 14 9	2,446 9 7	2,699 13 10	....	....	0 14 3	142 5 6	6,357 14 10	6,501 2 7	3,801 4 9	..	25
26	Nára	590	....	....	....	....	....	674 15 0	674 15 0	....	....	....	....	67,588 4 8	67,588 4 8	66,913 5 8	..	26
27	Aden	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	..	27
	Total	2,166	141 2 0	1,809 2 0	59 7 0	903 7 0	180 1 8	7,010 12 3	10,094 15 11	578 9 0	2,765 3 0	114 9 11	868 5 0	1,49,589 4 10	1,53,915 15 9	1,43,820 15 10	..	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

APPENDIX J.

Statement showing the Nominal Profits on Manufactured Articles which have been actually supplied by the Jails of the Bombay Presidency at "Cost Price" (Raw Materials only) to Jails and other Departments during the year 1882 *(from* 1st *January to* 31st *December* 1882*).*

Number.	Jails.	Amount actually credited to the Jail for Raw Materials used for Articles supplied at "Cost Price" to				Estimated Value of Convict Labour expended, but not charged or taken into account, in manufacturing Articles supplied at "Cost Price" to				Remarks.
		The Jail itself.	Other Jails or Gangs.	Other Government Departments.	Total.	The Jail itself, as per Col. 3.	Other Jails or Gangs as per Col. 4.	Other Government Departments as per Col. 5.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1	Yerrowda	2,875 15 4	3,123 15 0	4,683 4 10	10,683 3 2	1,123 2 4	1,251 1 5	1,589 6 7	3,963 10 4	
2	Common Jail	266 12 4	.....	.....	266 12 4	124 15 1	.....	.....	124 15 1	
3	House of Correction	425 10 4	2 12 0	18 13 0	447 3 4	194 13 0	0 12 0	7 12 0	203 5 0	
4	Poona...	750 8 5	2,581 13 1	1,273 8 0	4,605 13 6	357 9 1	1,473 3 1	546 3 6	2,376 15 8	
5	Ahmednagar	53 1 0	.....	665 14 8	718 15 8	20 9 0	.....	153 0 9	173 9 9	
6	Dhulia	940 0 11	51 12 0	1,269 1 6	2,260 14 5	637 3 7	17 1 0	337 1 5	991 6 0	
7	Sholápur	129 14 2	.....	.....	129 14 2	60 14 2	.....	.....	60 14 2	
8	Mhasvad Gang	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
9	Sátára	131 8 7	.....	77 12 9	209 5 4	63 0 0	.....	58 0 0	121 0 0	
10	Belgaum	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
11	Gokák Gang	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
12	Kaládgi	74 7 3	.....	42 6 6	116 13 9	56 5 0	.....	2 4 0	58 9 0	
13	Dhárwár	855 14 10	539 7 6	4,165 12 9	5,561 3 1	561 11 6	217 15 0	1,582 14 9	2,362 9 3	
14	Kárwár	246 3 0	.....	29 11 8	275 14 8	141 6 5	.....	20 14 4	162 4 9	
15	Ratnágiri	180 12 6	.....	793 2 3	973 14 9	64 11 0	.....	277 7 10	342 2 10	
16	Thána	2,162 14 7	216 9 0	1,395 4 11	3,774 12 6	848 4 9	76 13 4	682 8 4	1,607 10 5	
17	Ahmedabad	754 11 5	261 0 3	216 2 1	1,231 13 9	338 3 4	122 14 0	216 10 1	677 11 5	
18	Dhuliákot	253 14 7	.....	.....	253 14 7	181 12 10	.....	.....	181 12 10	
19	Kaira...	262 1 6	.....	88 10 9	350 12 3	56 12 6	.....	17 8 6	74 5 0	
20	Surat	479 4 0	21 10 8	2,050 6 9	2,551 5 5	176 3 10	20 5 0	769 7 9	966 0 7	
21	Dohad	315 8 1	32 11 10	.....	348 3 11	94 7 6	0 12 0	.....	95 3 6	
22	Rájkot	42 7 7	.....	.....	42 7 7	15 11 7	.....	.....	15 11 7	
23	Karáchi	1,969 3 10	.....	548 11 0	2,517 14 10	668 15 0	.....	135 8 8	804 7 8	
24	Hyderabad	1,976 3 8	5,401 14 10	2,346 3 5	9,727 5 11	592 13 11	1,621 7 8	703 13 10	2,918 3 5	
25	Shikárpur	2,936 10 4	216 4 1	160 7 5	3,313 5 10	1,628 15 5	138 5 2	69 14 3	1,837 2 10	
26	Nára	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
27	Aden	85 15 0	.....	.....	85 15 0	13 12 10	.....	.....	13 12 10	
	Total ...	18,169 11 3	12,452 14 3	19,825 6 3	50,447 15 9	8,022 5 8	4,940 9 8	7,170 8 7	20,133 7 11	

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

APPENDIX K.

STATEMENT No. I.

Showing the Number and Disposal of the Convicts confined in the Subordinate Jails during 1882.

1	2	3		4		5		6		7			8		9								10		11		12		13			14		
Districts.	Number of Subordinate Jails.	Remaining on 31st December 1881.		Imprisoned during the year 1882.		Total.		Received from other Jails.		Grand Total.			Transferred to other Jails.		Released during the year								Transferred to Lunatic Asylum.		Escaped.		Died.		Remaining on 31st December 1882.			Daily Average Number.		
															On Appeal.		On Expiry of Sentence.		On Payment of Fine.		By order of Government.											
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total.
Shikárpur	2	56	1	382	23	438	24	...	...	438	24	462	...	...	10	...	331	13	32	11	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	62	...	62	59·12	1·31	60·43
Upper Sind Frontier ...	2	2	...	105	3	107	3	...	...	107	3	110	...	...	...	...	75	...	24	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2	10	9·06	0·26	9·32
Hyderabad	5	35	2	465	28	500	30	...	...	500	30	530	...	...	6	4	406	26	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	24	...	24	46·1	4·48	50·38
Thar and Párkar	7	11	...	108	...	119	...	...	...	119	...	119	...	...	1	...	101	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	10	...	10	13·16	...	13·16
Karáchi	6	30	...	331	10	361	10	...	...	361	10	371	...	...	1	...	302	9	33	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	25	30 5	1·11	31·61
Ahmedabad	1	2	...	27	4	29	4	...	...	29	4	33	...	...	1	...	26	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 35	0·07	1·42
Panch Maháls	1	16	...	157	7	173	7	...	...	173	7	180	...	..	1	...	132	6	9	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	...	31	14·8	0·2	15·0
Broach	1	16	...	233	4	249	4	16	...	265	4	269	...	...	9	...	223	4	9	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	..	21	...	21	16	1	17
Poona	1	...	...	45	10	45	10	...	...	45	10	55	...	...	...	...	45	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·58	0·12	0·70
Násik	4	15	1	388	64	403	65	...	...	403	65	468	...	...	9	...	330	63	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	36	2	38	29·45	4·48	33·93
Khándesh	1	53	3	323	28	376	31	...	...	376	31	407	...	...	...	...	333	29	11	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	31	2	33	35	2	37
Ahmednagar	5	1	...	85	13	86	13	...	...	86	13	99	...	...	...	...	84	12	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	1·69	0·32	2·01
Sholápur	2	...	...	29	3	29	3	...	...	29	3	32	...	...	...	...	25	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·62	0·08	0·7
Sátára	4	4	1	150	17	154	18	...	...	154	18	172	...	...	...	...	145	18	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	4·01	2·31	6·32
Belgaum	1	...	...	4	1	4	1	...	...	4	1	5	...	...	...	...	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21	0·02	0·23
Kaládgi	1	...	...	33	7	33	7	...	...	33	7	40	...	...	...	...	33	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·69	0·14	0·83
Dhárwár	3	8	...	78	3	86	3	...	...	86	3	89	...	...	...	...	85	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	2·14	0·02	2·16
Kánara	3	19	1	187	11	206	12	...	...	206	12	218	...	...	13	...	161	11	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	1	10	14·48	0·48	14·96
Ratnágiri	4	2	...	139	25	141	25	...	...	141	25	166	...	...	1	...	111	24	25	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	3·33	0·5	3·83
Kolába	2	5	...	234	27	239	27	...	...	239	27	266	...	...	4	...	209	27	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	8·87	1·01	9·88
Total ...	56	275	9	3,503	288	3,778	297	16	...	3,794	297	4,091	...	...	56	4	3,160	268	285	16	...	...	...	...	6	...	7	...	280	9	289	291·16	19·91	311·07
1881 ...	78	346	17	3,879	315	4,225	332	25	...	4,250	332	4,582	2	...	63	1	3,433	291	467	30	...	...	1	...	4	...	5	1	275	9	284	305·87	18·19	324·08

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. II.

Showing the Length of Sentence, the Nature of Imprisonment and the Average Duration of Sentence of the Convicts confined in the Subordinate Jails during 1882.

1	2	3						4				5			6			7			8		
Districts.	Number of Subordinate Jails.	Sentence.						Nature of Imprisonment.				Total.			Average Length of Imprisonment.			Duration of longest Sentence.			Duration of shortest Sentence.		
		From 1 to 14 days.		From 14 days to to 1 month.		Above 1 month.		Simple.		Rigorous.													
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	D.	H.	M.	D.	H.	M.	D.	H.
Shikárpur	2	96	13	165	5	177	6	3	2	435	22	438	24	462	1	24	2	4	...	...	...	1	...
Upper Sind Frontier ...	2	18	...	39	1	50	2	17	1	90	2	107	3	110	1	1	12	4	8	...	...	1	...
Hyderabad	5	102	...	233	9	165	21	8	...	492	30	500	30	530	1	7	9	3	...	...	...	1	...
Thar and Párkar	7	27	...	18	...	74	...	4	...	115	...	119	...	119	1	14	3	3	...	...	...	2	...
Karáchi	6	71	2	170	2	120	6	13	5	348	5	361	10	371	1	3	14	3	...	...	...	2	...
Ahmedabad	1	9	4	20	...	...	...	9	...	20	4	29	4	33	...	16	37	1	...	...	...	4	...
Panch Mahás	1	41	5	66	2	66	...	2	...	171	7	173	7	180	1	3	9	3	20	...	...	1	...
Broach	1	58	2	128	1	63	1	11	2	238	2	249	4	253	...	26	4	3	...	...	...	1	...
Poona	1	45	10	...	...	...	...	8	2	37	8	45	10	55	...	4	15	...	7	...	...	...	1
Násik	4	136	21	145	30	122	14	46	4	357	61	403	65	468	...	27	9	3	...	...	...	1	...
Khándesh	1	57	5	174	17	145	9	17	1	359	30	376	31	407	1	8	12	4	10	...	...	4	...
Ahmednagar	5	86	13	...	...	...	...	5	1	81	12	86	13	99	...	7	7	...	14	...	...	1	...
Sholápur	2	29	3	...	...	...	...	2	1	27	2	29	3	32	...	8	...	...	14	...	...	1	...
Sátára	4	119	11	35	7	...	...	6	2	148	16	154	18	172	...	13	14	...	31	...	..	1	...
Belgaum	1	4	1	...	...	...	...	3	1	1	...	4	1	5	...	9	5	...	12	...	...	3	...
Kaládgi	1	33	7	...	...	...	...	...	2	33	5	33	7	40	...	7	14	...	14	...	...	1	...
Dhárwár	3	86	3	...	...	...	...	5	2	81	1	86	3	89	...	9	17	...	14	...	...	...	1
Kánara	3	55	3	95	7	56	2	21	4	185	8	206	12	218	...	29	5	3	...	...	...	...	2
Ratnágiri	4	120	21	21	4	...	...	27	10	114	15	141	25	166	...	8	12	1	...	...	...	...	3
Kolába	2	91	13	145	14	3	...	27	8	212	19	239	27	266	...	13	12	4	...	...	...	...	6
Total ...	56	1,283	137	1,454	99	1,041	61	234	48	3,544	249	3,778	297	4,075	...	29	21	4	10	...	...	...	1
1881 ...	78	1,607	171	1,572	107	1,046	54	237	62	3,988	270	4,225	332	4,557	...	28	5	6	...	...	...	...	2

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. III.

Showing the Expenditure incurred in the Maintenance of the Convicts in the Subordinate Jails during the year 1882.

1	2	3	4		5		6		7		8		9	10	11	12	13
			Rations.		Fixed Establishment.		Police Guard.		Clothing.		Contingencies.						
Districts.	Number of Subordinate Jails.	Daily Average Number	Total Cost.	Cost per Head of Average Strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per Head of Average Strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per Head of Average Strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per Head of Average Strength.	Total Cost.	Cost per Head of Average Strength.	Grand Total Expenditure.	Total Receipt from Extramural Convict Labour paid into Treasury.	Net Cost.	Total Expenditure per Head of Average Strength.	Net Cost per Head of Average Strength.
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Shikárpur	2	60·43	1,220 5 0	20 5 5	1,379 8 8	22 15 11	720 0 0	12 0 0	111 0 8	1 13 7	232 13 10	3 14 1	3,663 11 9	1,163 12 11	2,499 14 10	61 1 0	41 10 8
Upper Sind Frontier ..	2	9·32	192 4 3	20 1	575 13 6	61 12 8	....	..	....	....	184 3 1	19 12 2	952 4 10	0 3 3	952 1 7	102 2 11	102 2 7
Hyderabad	5	50·58	1,065 15 5	20 14 5	1,116 8 1	21 14 3	....	..	5 0 0	0 1 7	99 6 10	1 15 2	2,286 14 4	699 14 7	1,586 15 9	44 13 5	31 1 10
Thar and Párkar	7	13·16	345 12 11	26 4 5	614 3 11	46 10 9	....	..	16 10 0	1 4 3	66 4 1	5 0 7	1,042 14 11	10 0 0	1,032 14 11	79 4 0	78 7 10
Karáchi	6	31·61	888 12 11	28 1 11	953 15 0	30 2 10	....	..	191 14 4	6 1 1	141 0 4	4 7 5	2,175 10 7	145 11 0	2,029 15 7	68 13 3	64 3 6
Ahmedabad	1	1·42	48 12 0	34 3 6	60 0 0	42 1 10	....	..	....	....	19 4 8	13 8 7	128 0 8	....	128 0 8	89 13 11	89 13 11
Panch Mahális	1	15·0	390 6 0	26 0 5	224 13 4	14 15 10	....	..	49 7 4	3 4 9	270 5 2	18 0 4	934 15 10	....	934 15 10	62 5 4	62 5 4
Broach	1	17·0	517 4 9	30 6 10	431 14 0	25 6 5	....	..	....	....	102 12 11	6 0 9	1,051 15 8	183 7 2	868 8 6	61 14 1	51 1 7
Poona	1	0·7	23 14 6	34 3 11	60 0 0	85 15 4	....	..	....	....	....	....	83 14 6	....	83 14 6	120 3 3	120 3 3
Násik	4	33·93	1,166 4 6	34 4 10	912 0 0	26 13 2	444 0 0	13 0 11	....	....	288 5 7	8 7 8	2,810 10 1	775 9 10	2,035 0 3	82 10 7	59 13 8
Khándesh	1	37·0	706 7 11	19 1 6	716 0 0	19 5 7	....	..	40 8 0	1 1 6	292 14 1	7 14 8	1,755 4 0	312 15 0	1,442 15 0	47 7 3	39 0 0
Ahmednagar	5	2·01	65 0 6	32 8 3	300 0 0	150 0 0	....	..	....	....	29 10 6	14 13 3	394 11 0	....	394 11 0	197 5 6	197 5 6
Sholápur	2	0·7	19 10 3	28 0 11	120 0 0	171 6 10	....	..	....	....	7 8 6	10 12 2	147 2 9	....	147 2 9	200 3 11	210 3 11
Sátára	4	6·32	154 14 0	24 8 1	240 0 0	37 15 7	....	..	6 0 0	0 15 2	2 15 9	0 7 6	403 13 9	....	403 13 9	63 14 4	63 14 4
Belgaum	1	0·23	7 6 9	32 4 4	60 0 0	260 13 11	....	..	11 3 2	40 10 11	....	....	78 9 11	....	78 9 11	341 13 2	341 13 2
Kaládgi	1	0·83	17 4 0	20 12 6	60 0 0	72 4 7	....	..	....	....	4 0 6	4 13 8	81 4 6	....	81 4 6	97 14 9	97 14 9
Dhárwár	3	2·16	70 2 5	32 4 11	180 0 0	82 14 5	....	..	....	....	13 5 6	6 2 3	263 7 11	....	263 7 11	121 5 8	121 5 8
Kánara	3	14·96	489 6 1	32 10 0	180 0 0	12 0 0	....	..	9 15 3	0 10 7	79 6 10	5 4 9	758 12 2	....	758 12 2	50 9 4	50 9 4
Ratnágiri	4	3·83	106 9 10	27 12 6	240 0 0	62 8 8	....	..	....	....	23 0 10	6 0 1	369 10 8	....	369 10 8	96 5 4	96 5 4
Kolába	2	9·88	313 5 5	31 11 5	197 0 0	19 15 0	....	..	14 11 0	1 7 8	91 8 10	9 4 4	616 9 3	1 8 0	615 1 3	62 6 6	62 4 1
Total ..	56	311·07	7,809 15 5	25 1 10	8,621 12 6	27 11 6	1,164 0 0	3 11 11	456 5 4	1 7 6	1,948 15 10	6 4 3	20,001 1 1	3,293 1 9	16,707 15 4	64 5 0	53 11 11
1881 ..	78	324·08	8,906 6 7	27 7 10	8,152 11 2	25 2 7	1,164 0 0	3 9 6	708 11 11	2 3 0	1,971 3 10	6 1 4	20,903 1 6	2,573 1 8	18,329 15 10	64 8 3	56 9 2

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

STATEMENT No. IV.

List of Subordinate Jails.

Districts.	Subordinate Jails.	Daily Average Strength.	Districts.	Subordinate Jails.	Daily Average Strength.
Shikárpur	Sukkur	47·75	Khándesh	Bhusával	37·0
	Mehar	12·68			37·0
		60·43	Ahmednagar... ...	Shrigonda	0·33
Upper Sind Frontier..	Jacobabad	9·09		Jámkhed	0·29
	Kashmor	0·23		Nevása	0·26
		9·32		Kopargaon	0·13
Hyderabad	Guni	7·64		Sangamner	1·0
	Badin...	9·62			2·01
	Hála	13·91	Sholápur	Bársi	0·3
	Mirpur	8·27		Málsiras	0·4
	Naushahro	11·14			0·7
		50·58	Sátára	Karád	2·03
Thar and Párkar ...	Umarkot	10·30		Pátan...	0·8
	Nagar...	2·21		Tásgaon	3·36
	Cháchra	...		Khatáv	0·13
	Mitti	0·07			6·32
	Dipla	...	Belgaum	Athni...	0·23
	Sánghar	0·43			0·23
	Khipra	0·15	Kaládgi	Bágevádi	0·83
		13·16			0·83
Karáchi	Kotri...	14·27	Dhárwár	Shevgaon	0·97
	Balakhan	...		Karajgi	0·37
	Tatta	5·28		Ron	0·82
	Keti	...			2·16
	Sujáwal	11·72	Kánara	Kumta	4·06
	Sháhbandar	0·34		Sirsi	6·14
		31·61		Haliyál	4·76
Ahmedabad	Gogha	1·42			14·96
		1·42	Ratnágiri	Málvan	2·44
Panch Mahás... ...	Godhra	15·0		Rájápur	0·44
		15·0		Chiplun	0·43
Broach	Broach	17·0		Dápoli	0·52
		17·0			3·83
Poona...	Junnar	0·7	Kolába	Alíbág	8·72
Násik	Násik...	31·0		Mahád	1·16
	Málegaon	0·89			9·88
	Vinchur	0·04			
	Satána	2·0			
		33·93			

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

APPENDIX L.

Statement showing the Names of the Superintendents who were in charge of the Jails in the Bombay Presidency, as well as Names of the Jailors, during the year 1882.

No.	Jails.	Names of Officers in charge.	Names of Deputy Superintendents and Jailors.
			Jailor.
1	Yerrowda	Drs. J. P. Greany and S. M. Salaman.	Mr. J. Taylor.
			Deputy Superintendents.
2	Common Jail	Captain W. P. Walshe, Messrs. A. G. Mackenzie and S. Higgins.	Mr. V. Continho.
3	House of Correction ...	Captain W. P. Walshe	Mr. S. Higgins.
			Jailors.
4	Poona	Drs. J. P. Greany and S. M. Salaman.	Mr. Framji Cowasji.
5	Ahmednagar	Drs. R. H. Batty, Charles Monks and W. McConaghy.	Messrs. Jamsedji Darasha and Ganesh Sadáshew.
6	Dhulia	Dr. W. H. Boyd	Messrs. Cursetji Jewaji and Laxumon Succaram.
7	Sholápur	Dr. H. B. Briggs	Messrs. Isaac Solomon and Waman Balcrishna.
8	Mhasvad	W. W. Wellis, Esq.	.....
9	Sátára	Drs. G. Bainbridge and Arthur Sargent.	Mr. Daniel Solomon.
10	Belgaum	E. T. Richardson, Esq., Drs. A Sargent and D. E. Hughes.	Mr. Rungaswamy.
11	Gokák	J. McCarter, Esq.	Messrs. Cooteswamy and Isaac Solomon.
12	Kaládgi	Messrs. J. Hearn and Shreniwas Ballaji.	Messrs. B. S. Albuquerque and Narayen Dadaji.
13	Dhárwár	Drs. J. Davidson, H. Cook, and A. Sargent.	Mr. V. J. Fernandes.
14	Kárwár	Drs. C. T. Peters, T. E. Worgan, H. Ingle, Esq., and Dr. W. H. Henderson.	Mr. Edulji Dorabji.
15	Ratnágiri	Drs. H. McCalman and M. M. Mackenzie.	Messrs. E. Duffey and Sobrow Kallingaya.
16	Thána	S. S. Smith, Esq.	.....
17	Ahmedabad	W. T. Pegge, Esq.	....
18	Dhuliákot	W. T. Pegge, Esq.	.....
19	Kaira	Drs. R. Manser, Edmond Tully and D. Charles Davidson.	Mr. J. E. Hussey.
20	Surat	Drs. D. E. Hughes, D. Charles Davidson, James Davidson, Aderji Jewanji, Esq., and Dr. John Robb.	Mr. Dadabhai Sorabsha.
21	Dohad	Dr. K. S. Nariman	Mr. Bunaji Bhowji.
22	Rájkot	Dhunjishaw Hormusji, Esq.	Mr. Shaik Ally Shaik Metha.
23	Karáchi	John Innes, Esq.	.....
24	Hyderabad...	Dr. T. Holmestead	Mr. C. G. Desmier.
25	Shikárpur	Drs. J. C. H. Peacock and H. P. Dimmock.	Messrs. C. N. Hall and Jethanand.
26	Nára	Assistant Surgeon M. S. Postwalla ...	Mr. Rahimtoola.
27	Aden	Dr. E. Colson, Captain C. W. H. Sealy, Drs. H. Adey and John Robb.	Mr. Cowasji Jamsedji.

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

ANNUAL REPORT ON THE JUVENILE PRISONS FOR THE YEAR 1882.

No. $\frac{8}{1554\ B}$ OF 1883.

FROM

THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF PRISONS,

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY;

TO

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT, BOMBAY.

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the Poona Juvenile Prison for the year 1882.

2. The following table shows the number and disposal of the juvenile prisoners for the last two years, from which it will be seen that there has been a marked decrease in admissions and consequent daily average strength in 1882 as compared with the preceding year, and that the number remaining on 31st December 1882 is much less than on the same date in 1881:—

	1882.	1881.
Number remaining at close of previous year ...	74	84
Number admitted during the year	16	24
Total ...	90	108
Released	33	29
Transferred	...	...
Died	3	5
Number remaining on 31st December	54	74
Daily average number ...	61	76

3. There have been 3 deaths in the Juvenile Prison during the year, which, though less than last year, is proportionally very large, being 4·9 to daily average strength. The health of the boys has not been good, the younger ones suffering especially from rheumatism, which was thought to be due to the cells being damp and over-ventilated. The sleeping platforms were consequently raised, and wooden shutters fitted to the open barred doors with a beneficial effect, besides the diet has been recently changed, not so much in quantity as variety, the food now given being more suitable for youths, and regular gymnastic exercises have been introduced which seem likely to have a decidedly good effect on the general health of the juveniles.

4. The cells and workshops are well adapted for a juvenile prison, they are entirely cut off from the male adult prison, and the juveniles are taught their lessons and trades by special paid teachers who have nothing to do with the Jail. The only drawback is that there is no regular exercise ground or garden work for the boys, so that they do not get sufficient out-door exercise, but this will be obviated to a great extent by the regular course of gymnastics recently introduced by Dr. Salaman.

5. Considerable progress has been made in education, as will be seen from the table given in the Superintendent's report, some of the boys reaching the 4th standard. On my frequent inspection I have been struck with the readiness and

facilty with which the boys answer the questions put to them on the subjects on which they have received instruction and the interest they take in their lessons, especially the two Afghan boys mentioned by the Superintendent.

6. The behaviour of the boys has been, as reported in former years, very good. Though double the number were punished as compared with 1881, there were only 8 punishments in all inflicted, a very small number, and of these 5 were punished for not completing their tasks.

7. The outturn of work, if allowance is made for the decrease in the daily average strength, is much the same as last year, the profits from the juvenile labour amount to over Rs. 800, the same trades being taught as formerly.

8. The information regarding the employment of the boys after release is, as far as it goes, very unsatisfactory, the boys do not seem to follow the trades they learned in Jail, whether it is that they have no one to take them by the hand and encourage them to stick to the trades they have learned, or to the influence of early association and caste restriction, I am unable to say, but of this I am certain, that some of the boys on discharge are really fair workmen who should have no difficulty in earning a livelihood.

9. The Poona Juvenile Prison is in all but in name a juvenile reformatory, and is managed, as far as possible, on the same principle as a reformatory; both Doctors Salaman and Greany, the Superintendents, have taken a great interest in the institution, and the establishment has worked well and zealously.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

No. 71 OF 1883.

FROM

SURGEON-MAJOR S. M. SALAMAN, M.D.,
SUPERINTENDENT, CITY JAIL AND JUVENILE MALE PRISON, POONA;

To

BRIGADE-SURGEON J. CRUICKSHANK, M.D.,
INSPECTOR GENERAL OF PRISONS.

Poona Jail Office, 24th January 1883.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the Juvenile Male Prison for the past year. Dr. Greany was Superintendent until the 1st December, when I took over charge on my return from furlough.

The daily average strength has been considerably below that of the previous year—61·5 against 75·6. The admissions, too, have fallen from 24 to 16 (of whom 3 were re-admissions), while the admissions amongst adults have risen by 11 per cent. There were 33 boys released, and 3 died during the past year. The number remaining in Jail on the 1st January 1883 was only 54 against 74 on the 1st January 1883.

The number of boys sick has been on an average 2·2 against 4·8 in 1881, and the death-rate has been 4·8 per cent. against 6·7 in the previous year. The diseases for which the boys have been chiefly admitted into hospital were rheumatism, ague and dysentery. The causes of death were rheumatism,

scurvy and anœmia combined = 1 anœmia=1 and double pneumonia 1. Although these numbers show a considerable improvement on those of the previous year, yet they cannot be considered satisfactory, the more so as the death-rate is considerably higher than in the years before the famine and also higher than amongst the adults. It would seem as if the health of the boys had been more seriously affected by the famine than was the case with the adults. Whilst the highest death-rate among the adults was 8·5 per cent. in 1878, the rate among the boys in the same year was 12·2, and whilst the death-rate of adults in 1882 has fallen to 3·2, that of the boys is 4·8. Probably also the monotony of their life, influences more unfavourably the boys than it does the adults. Certainly the mortality compares very unfavourably with such statistics in Great Britain. Thus at Carlton, Bedford, during 15 years with a daily average of 50 boys there has been no death; at Redhill in two years with a daily average of 300 there has been only 1 death.

If it be objected that these are agricultural schools, it is necessary to look at the industrial schools. At the industrial school for boys, Mossbank, Glasgow, with a daily average of 379 a mortality of 10 deaths was rightly considered excessive, while the death-rate in all the industrial schools of Ireland during 1880 was only 1·07 and in 1879 only 1·32 per cent., the great majority being from some form of tuberculosis. It seems to me, therefore, that some sort of relaxation should be afforded to the boys in the shape of drill and gymnastics. With this view I have entertained a pensioned color havaldár as peon who will give the boys instruction in drill daily, and as soon as can be done I shall make arrangements for simple gymnastics. Probably it will also be necessary to make some alteration in their diet, chiefly in the way of variety, and I shall in a separate letter offer some suggestions for your sanction.

When the school was examined by the Deputy Educational Inspector, 64 boys were present, of whom 16 were below standard; but of the remainder two-thirds passed the examination. It should be mentioned that amongst the boys were 3 Várlis from the Thána District who never could learn anything, and have recently been discharged. These boys were aged 15 years.

In 1878 the same number of boys were present, and the following table shows the considerable progress made in four years. The same gentleman examined on each occasion:—

Year.		Below Standard.	First Standard.	Second Standard.	Third Standard.	Fourth Standard.	Total.
1882	Number present	16	17	20	6	5	64
	Number passed	...	17	8	4	3	32
1878	mber present	20	22	15	7	...	64
	Number passed	...	11	3	4	...	18

The punishments were twice as numerous as in 1881, 5 being for short work—an offence not reported in that year. Of the 16 re-convictions 6 had been inmates of the Juvenile Prison on former occasions, 1 having been twice in Jail. The percentage of re-convictions is 31·2 against 30·4 in the previous year. Amongst the adults the percentages were, respectively, 12·4 and 11·8.

The 24th report of the Inspector of Reformatory and Industrial Schools of Great Britain gives 12 per cent. of re-convictions from English Protestant reformatories and 21 per cent. from similar Roman Catholic institutions, or 14 per cent. for 3,157 boys of both denominations. But it seems that these re-convictions are reckoned only on boys who have previously been in reformatories. If our re-convictions be calculated in the same way, we get 18·7 in 1882 against

12·7 in 1881. The following table shows how many boys have no one to support them when released:—

Names.	Age.	District.	Crime and Sentence.	Date of Sentence.	Remarks.
Abdool Azim Abdool Kadir..	14	Poona	2 years for theft.	17-1-82	Has a brother, but does not know his whereabouts.
Rowjee Gangaram (re-convicted)	12	'Ahmednagar ...	5 do. ...	31-10-81	Has a mother who is unwilling to support him.
Mania Darkoo (re-convicted.)	15	Poona	1 do. ...	5-9-82	Has an uncle, who is unwilling to support him.
Gondoo Venkaji	12	Belgaum ...	1½ do. ...	23-1-82	Has an uncle, but does not know whether or not he will support him.
Gangaram Marooti	12	Násik	2 years for cheating.	10-3-81	Has no one to support him.

The Afghan boys continued to make excellent progress both in trades and in school. They are anxious to learn Persian, which they think would prove useful to them if released, and with your sanction I hope to make arrangements to comply with this reasonable request. They themselves proposed that they should work at it after school hours.

In my report for 1880 I recommended the establishment of an agricultural school. I was not then aware that such had been tried in Europe, but during my furlough I enquired into the subject, and beg to submit herewith some notes of a visit to one in England. My visits to adult prisons in England only served to show that until the cellular system is adopted in India, European experience cannot be made available out here; the systems differ *toto cælo*, but this is not the case with an agricultural reformatory. A reason for recommending such a school is that it would not compete with any trade, and as the Government of India has lately emphasized the necessity of avoiding such competition I am in hopes that my suggestion may soon be adopted.

I observe that in para. 36 of the Government Resolution on your report for 1880 it is said that a knowledge of the handicrafts may prove useful in agricultural life. If you will refer to the 43rd para. of my report for that year, you will see that I carefully guarded myself against recommending the abolition of the artizan class, as it would be a useful adjunct to the farm. In Europe, however, especially in Belgium, those boys who have belonged to towns are taught trades, while those coming from rural districts are taught agriculture; but in France this division is not observed, more importance being attached to agricultural work.

The industrial training of the boys has been well attended to during the year by the artizan teachers, and the annexed tables give all necessary information regarding the work on which they have been employed.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

S. M. SALAMAN, M.D.,

Superintendent, Poona City Jail and Juvenile Male Prison.

NOTES OF A VISIT TO BEDFORDSHIRE REFORMATORY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

This school contains approximately the same number of boys as are in the Juvenile Prison at Poona, and being one of the best managed in England I visited it to learn the system there followed.

The Agricultural School at Carlton, Bedfordshire, is one of the provincial certified reformatory schools for boys. It is situated on an eminence one mile from Turvey, a small station on the midland railway.

The school was established in 1856 and enlarged in 1871; it has accommodation for 54 boys of the ages of 11 to 14, sentenced to not less than 4 years' detention. Exceptions are sometimes made. At the time of my visit there was 1 boy who had been admitted at the age of 8, but then he had 6 previous convictions.

The chief occupations are farming and stock-raising; bread making and tailoring are also taught. Industrial training occupies 42 hours a week, while secular and religious instruction is given for 18 hours, and 15 hours are allowed for exercise.

On admission a boy is put to any ordinary agricultural work which may be going forward at the time. The Superintendent, Mr. J. Jones, selects one of the elder boys as "comrade" to the new arrival, and this comrade shows the new admission how to set about this work. For the care of live-stock boys are specially selected by the Superintendent, and taught to milk, &c., and as this is regarded as promotion, the boys are anxious to learn and generally make good progress.

Town boys do not, as a rule, take kindly to hard work; but the selection of work rests with the Superintendent, who endeavours to find out the kind of labour each boy is best adapted for.

An average lad requires two to three years to learn enough to enable him to earn his own livelihood, but of course much depends on his willingness and aptitude.

At the head of the institution are Mr. Jones as Superintendent and his wife as Matron. The Superintendent has held his present appointment for 15 years, but was previously at another institution of the same kind. The other members of the staff are the Matron's assistant, an assistant master, a labour master and his assistant. There is a committee of management composed of gentlemen of the neighbourhood, and the school is visited yearly by the Government Inspector.

There are 50 acres of ground under cultivation, divided about equally between roots, beans, barley and wheat. The live-stock sold and meat supplied to the house average annually about £ 250. The butter and milk come to about £ 80 a year, and the vegetables and roots £ 70. The value of live-stock, vegetables, roots, &c., on hand is usually from £ 500 to £ 550.

Bedfordshire boys are admitted free, boys from other counties on payment of 1*s.* 6*d.* per week. With this exception the farm is self-supporting. It pays rent, taxes and rates.

At the time of my visit there were 102 pigs, 56 poultry and 7 to 8 cows on the farm, and they are chiefly fed with its produce. The cattle-yard and pig-styes drain into an underground tank, where manure is stored till wanted, and about £20 is spent annually in the purchase of artificial manure.

The drinking water is obtained from a well, rain water being stored in tanks for washing purposes. Though bread is made on the farm, the grain is ground at a mill. Six or seven bushels can be baked at a time. Oatmeal is obtained direct from Scotland.

In the lavatory are 4 baths and 20 basins. The latter are filled regularly three times a day, but oftener if necessary.

The boys sleep in dormitories, into which open windows from the masters' bed-rooms. There is very thorough cross ventilation. The mattresses are of coir.

The boys looked healthy, and the only sanitary defect visible on a cursory view was the proximity of the earth closets to the play-ground. These were not as free from smell as was desirable. In the play-ground was a giant stride and other simple gymnastic appliances. There had been no deaths for 15 years.

On the day of my visit there were 6 of the boys employed as tailors.

There are two punishment cells. In cells the boys are allowed 1lb. of bread with water or gruel. Without special sanction of the committee they cannot be confined for more than 3 days. The boys are also punished by withdrawal of marks, low diet and corporal chastisement with the birch up to 15 strokes.

Instruction is given up to the 4th standard in reading, spelling, writing, arithmetic, history and geograghy. Religious instruction comprises the doctrines of Christianity, Scripture and Book of Common Prayer. Roman Catholics are objected to; but if boys of

other persuasions than Church of England are admitted, the Ministers of that denomination are allowed to visit them. Each boy has an open locker for books, &c., and a locked locker for fruit and other presents from friends.

Each of the boys has a private garden, the produce of which he sells. They have separate accounts with the Savings Bank, and are allowed to spend a portion of the money they earn, but they are fined for damage; and, on the other hand, for good conduct each boy receives 3*d.* a week, and each monitor, of whom there are several, 6*d.*

Tickets of leave may be granted to boys who have spent a year and a half on the farm, suitable situations being provided before the lads leave the school. Their employers engage them as learners, not expecting more of them than they are fully capable of doing well.

Mr. Jones keeps up a correspondence with the boys who have been released. One of these has been 10 years in America; another left the school 8 years ago.

The average number out on license is three. It is very rare for any of the boys to abscond from the school, but the re-convictions after discharge average 4 to 8 per cent.

From 80 to 90 per cent. of the boys are found to do well when released.

On discharge every boy is provided with a sufficient outfit, and if returned to his relatives his travelling expenses are paid. If they emigrate their passage is paid.

S. M. SALAMAN, Surgeon-Major,
Superintendent, City Jail and Poona Male Juvenile Prison.

STATEMENT.

RETURN of Juvenile Convicts confined in the Juvenile

No.	Names of Juveniles.	Sex.	Age.	Caste.	Previous Occupation.	District or Jail from which received.	Date of Arrival.	Crime.
1	Juma Kamall	Male	12	Musálman	Wandering	Ahmedabad	29th November 1877	Theft
2	Eshwar Haribhai		11	Wáni	Do.	Do.	Do.	Theft and attempt to murder
3	Miria Gidia		12	Syed	Coolie	Dhárwár	24th February 1878	Murder
4	Bayaji Ramjee		13	Kunbi	Grazer	Sátára	20th April 1878	Do.
5	Kalia Wania		15	Koli	Labourer	Ahmedabad	25th August 1878	Robbery
6	Zendoo Govinda		14	Do.	Farmer	Khándesh	10th October 1878	Murder
7	Tatia Bhagapa		14	Lingáyet	Wáni	Násik	1st December 1878	Theft
8	Bhica Chotoo		13	Kunbi	Cultivator	Ahmedabad	25th do.	Do.
9	Rama Jania		14	Lonari	Lonari	Ahmednagar	21st January 1879	Do.
10	Gopala Dugdoo		12	Mhár	Service	Poona	8th February 1879	Do.
11	Hari Jayaram		10	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
12	Mahadoo Babaji		10	Do.	Beggar	Do.	Do.	Do.
13	Doolia Jalam		13	Pagi	Cultivator	Kaira	17th May 1879	Mischief by fire
14	Dajia Lala		11	Wagru	Beggar	Do.	Do.	Placing brick on railway
15	Khandu Bahiru		10	Kunbi	Do.	Násik	25th do.	Theft
16	Pangia Holia		15	Warli	Labourer	Thána	19th July 1879	Dacoity
17	Chaita Nahnoo		15	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
18	Ukadia Moria		15	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
19	Dadoo Bhagwatia		11	Kathoru	Beggar	Surat	1st September 1879	House-breaking
20	Vojia Maken		12	Maráthi	Do.	Do.	Do.	Theft
21	Shiva Bhima		12	Bhil	Labourer	Broach	Do.	Do.
22	Hari Kushaba		15	Kunbi	Do.	Poona	23rd do.	Do.
23	Mahadu Bhicia		14	Koli	Service	Thána	11th November 1879	Rape
24	Amboo Dhavo		15	Thakoor	Cultivator	Do.	11th January 1880	Dacoity
25	Rama Vitho		15	Thakoor	Labourer	Do.	12th do.	Do.
26	Saolaram Luxmon		12	Kunbi	No work	Poona	31st do.	Theft
27	China Erapa		10	Lingáyet	Coolie	Dhárwár	4th February 1880	Attempt to murder
28	Maroti Namaji		14	Bhil	Labourer	Ahmednagar	10th February 1880	Rape
29	Jamal Chand		14	Musalmán	Do.	Poona	26th March 1880	Theft
30	Pandoo Santaram		12	Maráthi	Do.	Do.	30th do.	Do.
31	Nagin Gungaram		12	Gouli	Do.	Surat	14th April 1880	Do.
32	Mania Darkoo		12	Lonari	Do.	Poona	10th May 1880	Do.
33	Alabux Kondokhan		12	Musalmán	Beggar	Do.	26th do.	Do.
34	Bojia Kidia		14	Bhil	Cultivator	Panch Máhals	31st May 1880	House-breaking
35	Khuman Walia		14	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
36	Maoji Bhandia		12	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
37	Kond. Chunajee		14	Simpi	Sewing	Nagar	3rd June 1880	Theft
38	Mooktia Kesoo		15	Salu	Weaving	Do.	6th do.	House-breaking
39	Krishna Mahadoo		15	Kunbi	No work	Poona	17th do.	Theft
40	Salaman Jan		14	Musalmán	Huka-seller	Surat	24th do.	Cheating
41	Bapoo Rama		13	Kunbi	No work	Poona	20th July 1880	Theft
42	Kushaba Babajee		12	Do.	Service	Do.	24th do.	Do.
43	Wamon Hari		12	Simpi	No work	Do.	26th do.	Do.
44	Bhagoo Parshram		14	Kunbi	Labourer	Do.	11th August 1880	Do.
45	Rama Mahadoo		15	Do.	Do.	Do.	4th September 1880	Do.
46	Nandraji Ramdhen		11	Márwári	No work	Sholápur	20th October 1880	Do.
47	Shankor Vithoba		12	Wáni	Service	Do.	25th do.	Do.
48	Ramchundor Bensi		14	Mochi	No work	Poona	28th do.	Do.
49	Mohomed Alum		17	Musalmán	Mochi work	Thána	Do.	Attempt to murder
50	Meer Hatum		15	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
51	Madhia Meeraji		13	Koli	Cultivator	Kaira	3rd November 1880	Theft
52	Bandin Chintamon		12	Kasar	Do.	Poona	2nd December 1880	Theft and house-breaking
53	Gungaram Maroti		12	Nhavi	Barber	Násik	11th March 1881	Cheating
54	Din Mahomed Rajoo		12	Musalmán	Weaving	Dhulia	3rd April 1881	Theft
55	Luximon Narayen		15	Maráthi	Máli	Do.	Do.	Do.
56	Shaik Rahiman valad Amun		14	Musalmán	Bagwán	Poona	6th do.	Do.
57	Bala Sakharam		10	Simpi	No work	Do.	20th May 1881	Do.
58	Dusrath Dhondi		14	Lohár	Service	Do.	9th June 1881	Do.
59	Gungaram Satwa		12	Bhámta	Thieving	Do.	24th do.	Do.
60	Ramchendor Bháv		11	Brahmin	Beggar	Sholápur	26th do.	Do.
61	Shetia Deoji		12	Waddár	Labourer	Do.	29th do.	Do.
62	Mohidin Mahomed		15	Musalmán	Service	Poona	30th do.	Do.
63	Rambia Dussaratth		10	Maráthi	Grazer	Do.	4th July 1881	Do.
64	Raghoo Maloo		13	Agri	Beggar	Thána	14th do.	Do.
65	Soma Sahadoo		11	Maráthi	Labourer	Yerrowda	3rd August 1881	House-breaking
66	Bhaoria Amrota		12	Ramosi	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
67	Balia Tulsiram		10	Carpenter		Do.	Do.	Do.
68	Casam Hayathkhan		13	Musalmán	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
69	Prahlad Balcrishna		15	Brahmin	Coolie	Poona	26th do.	Criminal breach of trust
70	Durga Sital		15	Pardesi	Schoolboy	Do.	27th do.	Theft
71	Bhica Santoo		12	Kamáti	Tamole	Dhulia	19th September 1881	House-breaking and theft
72	Raoji Gangaram		12	Koli	Thieving	Násik	22nd do.	Theft
73	Laloo Narayen		14	Christian	Labourer	Ahmednagar	6th November 1881	Do.
74	Hari Rama		14	Maráthi	Student	Násik	12th do.	Do.
75	Abdul Azum Abdul Kader		14	Musalmán	Grazer	Tásgaon	23rd December 1881	Do.
76	Goondoo Kukaji		15	Brahmin	No work	Kirkee	18th January 1882	Do.
77	Trikum Khushal		15	Wáni	Beggar	Belgaum	24th do.	Do.
78	Dhondi Hanmoutha		13	Bhil	Labourer	Ahmedabad	7th April 1882	House-breaking and theft
79	Santoo Yellapa		14	Thakoor	Do.	Násik	5th May 1882	Rape
80	Ganpya Venkatesh		14	Kunbi	Thieving	Sátára	25th do.	Theft
81	Tukia Budhya		14	Kikari	Cultivator	Kánara	31st do.	Do.
82	Nathia Yellapa *alias* Dhagia		14	Bhámta	Labourer	Sholápur	25th June 1882	Concealment of property
83	Rama Bhima		13	Do.	Thieving	Poona	28th do.	Theft
84	Naran Narotam		12	Bhoi	Do.	Do.	7th July 1882	Do.
85	Moti Narotum		15	Do.	Fisherman	Surat	21st do.	Do.
86	Vithal Girdher		10	Soni	Laborer	Do.	3rd August 1882	Do.
87	Kusha Babaji		15	Maráthi	Goldsmith	Ahmedabad	9th do.	Do.
88	Manaji Darkoo		15	Lonari	Labourer	Poona	26th do.	Do.
89	Raghoo Maloosheika		14	Agri	Service	Do.	6th September 1882	Do.
90	Rosanali Ameerali		12	Musalmán	No work	Shahápur	20th October 1882	Do.
					Do.	Thána	28th do.	Do.

District Jail Office, Poona, 23rd January 1883.

FRAMJI COWASJI,
Jailor and Manager of the Juvenile Male Prison, Poona.

Male Prison at Poona during the year 1882.

Date of Sentence.	Sentence.	Previous Education.	Education received at the Juvenile Male Prison.	The work on which employed and the progress made.	Conduct.	Health.	Remarks.
13th October 1877	5 years	Nil	IV Standard	Weaving			Discharged 12th October 1882.
21st November 1877	7 do.	Do.	IV do.	Cane and book-binding.			
6th October 1877	6 do.	Do.	IV do.	Smith			
19th September 1877	Do.	Do.	IV do.	Cane and book-binding.			
9th August 1878	Do.	Do.	II do.	Carpenter			
7th do.	7 do.	Do.	III do.	Coir and French polish.			
27th November 1878	4 do.	Do.	IV do.	Smith			Discharged by High Court on 31st March 1882.
9th October 1878	5 do.	Do.	IV do.	Weaving			Convicted once before for theft.
17th Jan. 1879	3 do.	Do.	II do.	Carpenter			Discharged 16th Jnuary 1882.
5th February 1879	Do	Do.	IV do.	Weaving			Do. 4th February 1882.
Do.	Do.	Do.	III do.	Smith			Do. do.
Do.	Do.	Do.	IV do.	Do.			Do. do.
21st April 1879	Do.	Do.	II do.	Coir and French polish.			Do. 20th April 1882.
Do.	5 do.	Do.	II do.	Weaving		Good	
14th May 1879	3 do.	Do.	III do.	Carpenter			Discharged by High Court on 21st March 1882.
18th July 1879	Do.	Do.	I do.	Coir and French polish.			Discharged 17th July 1882.
Do.	Do.	Do.	I do.	Carpenter			Do. do.
Do.	Do.	Do.	II do.	Coir and French polish.			Do. do.
29th August 1879	2 years and 6 months.	Do.	II do.	Carpenter			Do. 28th February 1882.
22nd July 1879	3 years	Do.	II do.	Do.			Do. 21st July 1882.
19th August 1879	5 do.	Do.	III do.	Weaving			Died 25th April 1882.
23rd September 1879	3 do.	Do.	III do.	Cane and book-binding.			Discharged 22nd September 1882.
10th November 1879	6 do.	Do.	II do.	Carpenter			
9th Jan. 1880	3 do.	Do.	I do.	Coir and French polish.			
10th do.	3 do.	Do.	I do.	Do.			
30th do.	2 do.	Do.	II do.	Weaving			Discharged 29th January 1882.
21st August 1878	6 do.	Do.	IV do.	Carpenter		Sick	Died 19th October 1882.
12th Jan. 1880	3 do.	Do.	II do.	Smith			Discharged 24th March 1882.
25th March 1880	2 do.	Do.	II do.	Weaving			Do. 28th March 1882.
29th do.	2 do.	Do.	III do.	Carpenter			Twice for theft and once for misappropriation of property.
21st November 1879	4 do.	Do.	II do.	Cane and book-binding.			
10th May 1880	2 do.	Able	II do.	Coir and French polish.			Discharged 9th May 1882.
25th do.	Do.	Nil	II do.	Carpenter			Do. 24th May 1882.
24th do.	3 do.	Do.	II do.	Smith			Once before for theft.
24th do.	Do.	Do.	II do.	Do.			Do. do.
24th do.	Do.	Do.	II do.	Do.			Do. do.
8th do.	2 do.	Do.	III do.	Cane and book-binding.		Good	Discharged 7th May 1882.
21st do.	Do.	Do.	III do.	Weaving			Do. 20th May 1882.
16th June 1880	Do.	Do.	II do.	Coir and French polish.			Do. 15th June 1882.
2nd March 1880	2 years and fine Rs. 500, or 6 months' imprisonment.	Do.	II do.	Carpenter			Do. 1st September 1882.
19th July 1880	2 years	Do.	II do.	Do.	Good		Do. 18th July 1882.
23rd do.	2 do.	Do.	II do.	Smith			Do. 22nd July 1882.
26th do.	2 do.	Do.	III do.	Weaving			Do. 25th July 1882.
10th August 1880	2 do.	Do.	II do.	Smith			Do. 9th August 1882.
3rd September 1880	18 months	Able	IV do.	Do.		Sick	Died 3rd January 1882.
14th October 1880	2 years	Nil	IV do.	Do.			Dicharged, 13th October 1882.
15th do.	2 do.	Do.	III do.	Weaving			Do. 14th October 1882.
27th do.	2 do.	Do.	II do.	Do.			Do. 26th October 1882.
2nd March 1880	Life	Do.	III do.	Smith			
Do.	Do.	Do.	III do.	Carpenter			
22nd July 1880	5 years	Do.	II do.	Smith			Once before for theft.
27th December 1880	3 do.	Do.	III do.	Do.			
10th March 1881	2 do.	Do.	II do.	Cane and book-binding.			
30th do.	Do.	Do.	II do.	Smith			Once flogged.
30th do.	Do.	Able	IV do.	Weaving			Once before for theft.
5th April 1881	Do.	Nil	II do.	Carpenter			
18th May 1881	Do.	Do.	II do.	Do.			
8th June 1881	Do.	Do.	II do.	Smith			Once before for theft.
23rd do.	Do.	Do.	II do.	Weaving			
24th do.	1 year	Able	III do.	Carpenter			Discharged 20th June 1882, as per letter No. 74 dated 19th June 1882, from First Class Magistrate, Sholápur.
27th do.	2 years	Nil	II do.	Weaving			
30th do.	Do.	Do.	III do.	Cane and book-binding.			
4th July 1881	Do.	Do.	II do.	Weaving			
12th do.	1 year	Do.	I do.	Do.			Discharged 11th July 1882.
2nd August 1881	3 years	Do.	II do.	Smith			
Do.	3 do.	Do.	II do.	Coir and French polish.			
Do.	Do.	Do.	I do.	Carpenter			
26th do.	2 do.	Do.	II do.	Do.		Good	
27th Do.	1 year	Able	IV do.	Coir and French polish.			Discharged 26th August 1882.
14th September 1881	2 years	Nil	I do.	Carpenter			Once flogged for theft.
19th do.	18 months	Do.	I do.	Cane and book-binding.			
31st October 1881	5 years	Able	II do.	Smith			Once before for theft
10th November 1881	2 do.	Nil	II do.	Carpenter			
13th December 1881	Do.	Do.	II do.	Do.			
17th January 1882	Do.	Do.	I do.	Smith			
23rd do.	1½ do.	Able	II do.	Weaving			
5th April 1882	2 do.	Nil	I do.	Do.			
2nd May 1882	2 do.	Do.	I do.	Do.			
20th do.	2 do.	Do.	I do.	Smith			
18th do.	2 do.	Do.	I do.	Carpenter			Once flogged.
2nd June 1882	1 year	Do.	I do.	Weaving			
28th do.	2 years	Do.	I do.	Carpenter			
6th July 1882	18 months	Do.	I do.	Do.			
10th do.	1 year	Do.	I do.	Do.			
19th do.	1 do.	Do.	I do.	Coir and French polish.			Twice before for theft.
29th June 1882	6 years	Do.	do.	Carpenter			
25th August 1882	1 year	Able	III do.	Smith			Once before for theft.
6th September 1882	1 do.	Do.	IV do.	Weaving			Twice before for theft.
9th October 1882	4 years	Nil	I do.	Do.			Once before for theft.
27th do.	1 do.	Do.	I do.	Carpenter			

S. M. SALAMAN, M.D.,
Superintendent of the Jail and Juvenile Prison, Poona.

STATEMENT A, showing the Work wholly turned out by the Juvenile Male Prison under Trade and Artizan Teachers in the Poona Jail for the year 1882.

Date and Page of No. 3 Day Book.		Description of Articles manufactured.	Raw Materials.			Convict Labour by Juveniles.			Total.		
1882.	No.		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
January 7th ...	69	7 books bound	3	15	11	3	0	1	7	0	0
Do. 13th ...	70	2 dozen garden sticks ...	0	12	0	0	4	0	1	0	0
Do. „ ...	...	2 ewers repaired	0	0	9	0	0	3	0	1	0
Do. 17th ...	71	36 door mats	24	0	0	11	14	6	35	14	6
Do. 22nd ...	72	4⅔ yards coir matting ...	2	3	0	1	5	0	3	8	0
Do. „ ...	...	1 tonga repaired	3	12	0	1	12	0	5	8	0
Do. 23rd ...	73	24 yards loose coir matting ...	3	4	0	2	0	0	5	4	0
Do. 27th ...	76	6 lbs. 11 ozs. narrow tape ...	3	6	0	2	3	0	5	9	0
		Total ...	41	5	8	22	6	10	63	12	6
February 1st ...	77	62 yards loose coir matting ...	9	1	0	4	8	0	13	9	0
March 2nd ...	85	2 gates (department use) ...	21	7	0	11	9	0	33	0	0
Do. 5th ...	86	1 rabbit cage	2	13	0	1	7	0	4	4	0
Do. 8th ...	87	2 carts	83	1	2	36	14	10	120	0	0
Do. 10th ...	89	1 axle repaired	0	3	0	0	1	6	0	4	6
Do. „ ...	...	34 yards loose coir matting ...	4	15	0	2	8	0	7	7	0
Do. 18th ...	92	59½ do. do. ...	8	11	0	4	5	6	13	0	6
Do. „ ...	...	7 chairs repaired	9	14	0	6	2	0	16	0	0
Do. „ ...	93	1 iron creeper wire stand ...	1	3	6	1	0	6	2	4	0
Do. 23rd ...	94	2 iron arches	7	10	0	2	6	0	10	0	0
Do. „ ...	95	1 perambulator repaired ...	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0
Do. „ ...	...	51⅔ yards coir matting ...	25	14	0	12	14	0	38	12	0
Do. „ ...	96	36 servants' towels	6	6	0	3	3	0	9	9	0
Do. 26th ...	98	3 lbs. narrow tape	1	10	0	0	10	0	2	4	0
Do. 29th ...	...	buggy wheel tired	0	8	0	0	4	0	0	12	0
Do. „ ...	99	2 iron creeper stands ...	2	12	0	1	12	0	4	8	0
		Total ...	178	15	8	86	1	4	265	1	0
April 3rd ...	100	2 chairs repaired	5	11	0	2	5	0	8	0	0
Do. 9th ...	...	3 wire creeper stands ...	4	6	0	2	6	0	6	12	0
Do. 12th ...	102	3 door mats	1	1	0	0	8	7	1	9	7
Do. „ ...	...	40 yards shikar cloth	10	0	0	5	0	0	15	0	0
Do. 13th ...	103	2 tiffin baskets	8	0	0	4	0	0	12	0	0
Do. „ ...	...	20 iron baskets repaired ...	4	0	0	2	0	0	6	0	0
Do. „ ...	104	1 wheel repaired	0	8	0	0	4	0	0	12	0
Do. „ ...	...	1 stick French polished ...	0	2	4	0	1	8	0	4	0
Do. 18th ...	105	1 cane basket	1	8	0	0	12	0	2	4	0
Do. 21st ...	107	18 yards shikar cloth	5	0	0	1	12	0	6	12	0
Do. „ ...	108	30 „ coir matting... ...	15	0	0	7	8	0	22	8	0
		Total ...	55	4	4	26	9	3	81	13	7
May 3rd ...	111	1 tiffin basket	3	4	0	1	12	0	5	0	0
Do. „ ...	...	4 wire hanging baskets ...	1	8	0	0	12	0	2	4	0
Do. 12th ...	114	1 phaeton repaired	9	0	0	3	0	0	12	0	0
Do. 18th ...	116	20 yards coir matting	10	0	0	5	0	0	15	0	0
Do. 20th ...	...	88 yards thin do. ...	12	14	0	6	6	0	19	4	0
Do. 24th ...	117	4 wire hanging baskets ...	1	8	0	0	12	0	2	4	0
Do. „ ...	...	1 box	0	12	0	0	4	0	1	0	0
Do. „ ...	...	1 key repaired	0	10	0	0	5	0	0	15	0
Do. „ ...	118	115 yards double dungree ...	23	0	0	12	15	0	35	15	0
Do. „ ...	...	250 tin pots and plates ...	39	1	0	20	3	0	59	4	0
Do. 30th ...	120	36 yards loose coir matting ...	6	0	0	3	0	0	9	0	0
Do. „ ...	...	6 dozen servants' towels ...	14	2	6	4	13	6	19	0	0
Do. „ ...	...	108 yards double dungree ...	25	0	0	8	12	0	33	12	0
		Total ...	146	11	6	67	14	6	214	10	0

Date and Page of No. 3 Day Book.	No.	Description of Articles manufactured.	Raw Materials.	Convict Labour by Juveniles.	Total.
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
June 4th ...	121	1 iron flower stand	5 4 0	2 12 0	8 0 0
Do. „ ...	...	28½ yards coir matting ...	15 12 0	7 8 6	23 4 6
Do. „ ...	...	50 „ loose „ ...	8 4 0	4 4 0	12 8 0
Do. „ ...	122	65 woollen jackets	36 9 0	14 3 6	50 12 6
Do. 6th ...	123	160 langotis	15 0 0	7 8 0	22 8 0
Do. 14th ...	125	4 tin plates	0 6 9	0 2 3	0 9 0
Do. „ ...	...	1 wheel barrow repaired ...	0 2 0	0 1 0	0 3 0
Do. „ ...	126	1 brush mat	5 12 4	2 14 4	8 10 8
Do. „ ...	...	1 pigeon house	2 11 9	1 4 3	4 0 0
Do. „ ...	...	16 yards loose coir matting ...	3 0 0	1 8 0	4 8 0
Do. 15th ...	127	25 pairs ankle rings repaired .	2 4 0	1 2 0	3 6 0
Do. 20th ...	128	42 yards coir matting... ...	23 2 0	11 0 0	34 2 0
Do. 22nd ...	129	1 tub repaired	0 8 9	0 4 3	0 13 0
Do. „ ...	...	14 hand rubbers	2 0 9	1 0 0	3 0 9
Do. „ ...	...	60 yards coir matting ...	30 0 0	15 0 0	45 0 0
Do. 28th ...	131	25 do. do. ...	12 8 0	6 4 0	18 12 0
Do. 29th ...	...	63 tin pots and plates ...	9 13 6	4 14 9	14 12 3
Do. „ ...	132	6 sáris...	9 10 0	3 12 0	13 6 0
Do. „ ...	...	75 caps...	4 12 7	2 5 6	7 2 1
		Total ...	187 9 5	87 12 4	275 5 9
July 10th ...	135	289 tin pots and plates ...	45 1 9	22 8 10	67 10 7
Do. 11th ...	136	110 tin pots	6 14 0	3 7 0	10 5 0
Do. „ ...	...	48 yards single dungree ...	7 8 0	2 4 0	9 12 0
Do. 13th ...	137	6⅓ „ coir matting ...	3 6 6	1 11 6	5 2 0
Do. „ ...	138	24 garden sticks	0 6 0	0 3 0	0 9 0
Do. 20th ...	140	1 babool wood cot, small ...	1 12 6	0 14 3	2 10 9
Do. 24th ...	141	11 chairs, teakwood	52 0 0	26 0 0	78 0 0
Do. 26th ...	142	9 do. do.	47 12 0	23 14 0	71 10 0
Do. 29th ...	144	2 cots rattaned	4 9 10	1 6 2	6 0 0
Do. „ ...	...	1 creeper stand	0 15 0	0 7 0	1 6 0
Do. 31st ...	145	1 cane basket repaired ...	0 2 6	0 1 6	0 4 0
		Total ...	170 8 1	82 13 3	253 5 4
August 1st ...	146	3 door mats	2 3 0	1 0 0	3 3 0
Do. „ ...	...	2½ yards coir matting ...	1 4 0	0 12 6	2 0 6
Do. 3rd ...	147	2 wire creeper stands ...	1 12 0	1 0 0	2 12 0
Do. 6th ...	149	16 chairs	77 9 0	36 12 0	114 5 0
Do. 9th ...	150	2 books bound	1 8 6	0 12 3	2 4 9
Do. 11th ...	152	8 sáris...	12 12 0	5 0 0	17 12 0
Do. 12th ...	...	29 chairs	146 8 0	73 4 0	219 12 0
Do. 17th ...	154	2 sáris...	3 4 0	1 14 0	5 2 0
Do. 19th ...	...	78 lbs. worsted	18 5 8	10 0 0	28 5 8
Do. „ ...	...	8 sáris	13 0 0	5 0 0	18 0 0
Do. 22nd ...	155	12 stools	30 0 0	15 0 0	45 0 0
Do. 25th ...	156	1 chair rattaned	1 0 0	0 8 0	1 8 0
Do. 26th ...	157	8 black boards	48 0 0	24 0 0	72 0 0
Do. „ ...	...	16 stools	40 0 0	20 0 0	60 0 0
Do. „ ...	158	6 sáris...	9 0 6	3 12 0	12 12 6
Do. 29th ...	159	3 perambulator wheels ...	1 0 0	0 8 0	1 8 0
Do. „ ...	...	4 black boards	23 15 0	12 15 6	36 14 6
Do. 30th ...	161	1 table	12 0 0	6 0 0	18 0 0
Do. „ ...	...	1 bench	6 8 0	3 4 0	9 12 0
Do. „ ...	...	47 yards coir matting ...	25 2 0	13 1 0	38 3 0
Do. „ ...	162	120 cholis	28 0 0	9 6 0	37 6 0
		Total ...	502 11 8	243 13 3	746 8 11

Date and Page of No. 3 Day Book.		Description of Articles manufactured.	Raw Materials.			Convict Labour by Juveniles.			Total.		
	No.		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
September 4th...	163	50 yards loose coir matting ...	3	12	4	7	2	8	10	15	0
Do. „ ...	...	1 iron stool	1	15	0	0	11	0	2	10	0
Do. 6th...	164	17 black boards	96	3	0	48	1	6	144	4	6
Do. „ ...	...	1 vertical bar	8	0	0	4	0	0	12	0	0
Do. 10th...	165	1 lb. narrow tape	.....			1	0	0	1	0	0
Do. 14th...	166	1 cane basket...	0	12	0	0	6	0	1	2	0
Do. „ ...	...	29 cotton coats...	13	9	6	7	4	0	20	13	6
Do. „ ...	167	31 yards cumbli-cloth... ...	8	0	0	4	0	0	12	0	0
Do. 16th...	168	17 cotton coats	8	8	6	4	4	0	12	12	6
Do. 18th...	169	6 sáris...	8	4	0	3	12	0	12	0	0
Do. 27th...	172	8 lbs. narrow tape	4	3	0	1	13	0	6	0	0
		Total ...	153	3	4	82	6	2	235	9	6
October 3rd ...	174	1 pair carriage poles	4	12	0	1	12	0	6	8	0
Do. 6th ...	175	2 pairs wheels with tires ...	28	2	0	9	14	0	38	0	0
Do. „ ...	176	7 sáris	11	0	0	4	6	0	15	6	0
Do. „ ...	...	50 benches	9	6	0	4	11	0	14	1	0
Do. 13th ...	179	6 sáris...	9	2	0	3	12	0	12	14	0
Do. 16th ...	180	1 iron arch	3	8	0	1	8	0	5	0	0
Do. „ ...	...	1 baby's wheel barrow ...	1	2	0	0	10	0	1	12	0
Do. 18th ...	...	4 yards cumbli cloth... ...	1	2	0	0	6	0	1	8	0
Do. 23rd ..	183	35 breeches	6	8	0	3	4	6	9	12	6
Do. 28th ...	185	2 country tongas	70	12	0	27	4	0	98	0	0
Dn. „ ...	186	10 sáris...	15	0	0	6	4	0	21	4	0
		Total ...	160	6	0	63	11	6	224	1	6
November 2nd...	187	25 yards coir matting	12	0	0	6	0	0	18	0	0
Do. 23rd...	193	51 do. do.	25	8	0	12	12	0	38	4	0
Do. „ ...	...	10 sáris...	12	7	0	6	4	0	18	11	0
Do. 25th...	194	10 do.	12	10	6	6	4	0	18	14	6
Do. 28th...	...	4 do.	6	0	0	2	8	0	8	8	0
Do. „ ...	195	4 lbs. narrow tape	1	12	0	1	4	0	3	0	0
		Total ...	70	5	6	35	0	0	105	5	6
December 12th ...	197	20 yards coir matting	10	0	0	5	0	0	15	0	0
Do. „ ...	...	30 cumbli bundis	20	10	0	7	8	0	28	2	0
Do. 14th ...	198	4 sáris...	6	8	0	2	8	0	9	0	0
Do. 26th ...	201	1 tonga repaired	0	9	6	0	6	6	1	0	0
Do. „ ...	...	1 bedstead French polished...	0	8	0	0	8	0	1	0	0
Do. „ ...	...	6 sáris...	10	4	0	3	12	0	14	0	0
		Total ...	48	7	6	19	10	6	68	2	0
		Grand Total ...	1,724	9	8	822	10	11	2,547	4	7

Poona Jail Office,
24th January 1883.

S. M. SALAMAN, M.D.,
Superintendent.

FRAMJI COWASJI,
Jailor and Manager.

STATEMENT B, showing the Work partially turned out by the Juvenile Male Prison in the Poona Jail during the year 1882.

Date and Page of No. 3 Book.		Description of Articles manufactured.	Raw Materials.	Convict Labour by Juveniles.	Total.
1882.			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
January 13 ...	70	38 yards coir-matting	2 6 0	1 3 0	3 9 0
			2 6 0	1 3 0	3 9 0

Poona Jail Office,
24th January 1883.

S. M. SALAMAN, M.D.,
Superintendent.

FRAMJI COWASJI,
Jailor and Manager.

ABSTRACT of Statements A and B, showing the Work performed in the Poona Juvenile Male Prison in each Branch of Industry.

Name of Branch.	Raw Materials.	Juvenile Labour.	Total.
Carpentry.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Tables, chairs, stools, benches, boxes, meat-safe, black boards, bedsteads, wheels, carts, perambulators, vertical bars, bird cages, pigeon-houses, doors, wheel barrow, garden sticks, &c.	704 12 5	347 5 4	1,052 1 9
Smith Work.			
Wire flower-stands, iron stools, iron hinges, brass hinges, nails, screws, nuts, fetters, ankle rings, tin pots, tin plates, creeper stands, arches, hooks, springs, &c.	260 14 6	115 12 10	376 11 4
Weaving.			
Sáris, blankets, tape—broad and narrow, towels, dungri—single and double.	411 4 9	179 2 0	590 6 9
Cane Work and Book-binding.			
Can bind books and make cane baskets, rattan chairs, couches, &c.	24 15 1	12 11 8	37 10 9
Coir Work and French Polishing.			
French polishing to wooden articles, and weaving, coir-matting, thick and loose, door mats, &c.	325 0 11	168 14 1	493 15 0
Total ...	1,726 15 8	823 13 11	2,550 13 7

Poona Jail Office,
24th January 1883.

S. M. SALAMAN, M.D.,
Superintendent.

FRAMJI COWASJI,
Jailor and Manager.

LIST showing the Present Employment of Juvenile Convicts after their release in 1881.

No.	Name.	Caste.	Trade taught in Jail.	Present Employment.	Remarks.
1	Dugdia valad Jesing	Bhil ...	Carpenter. ...	Labourer	As per letter No. 785, dated 30th June 1881, from District Superintendent of Police, Khándesh.
2	Ramlal Hiralal	Pardesi ...	Smith ...	In Jail	For theft 18 months. Sentenced on 3rd September 1880; died on 3rd January 1882.
3	Mama bin Darkoo	Lonári ...	Carpenter ...	Do.	For theft 2 years. Sentenced on 10th May 1880.
4	Luximon valad Bhana	Wanjári ...	Do. ...	Cultivator	As per letter No. 785, dated 30th June 1881, from District Superintendent of Police, Khándesh.
5	Shabudin valad Ibram... ...	Mahomedan ...	Weaving ...	Nil	He having been convicted on a charge of theft in Bombay, is in Jail.
6	Tookia valad Sukia	Mhár ...	Carpenter ...	.....	
7	Maroti bin Kusaba	Kunbi ...	Weaver ...	Labourer	As per letter No. 118, dated 16th January 1883, from District Superintendent of Police, Poona.
8	Raghia valad Firangu	Máng ...	Do. ...	Do.	As per statement and letter No. 1380, dated 23rd April 1881, from District Superintendent of Police, Poona.
9	Dhaba bin Saloo	Mhár ...	Do. ...	.....	
10	Kalia valad Bhanoo	Koli ...	Smith ...	Cultivator	As per letter No. 1035, dated 19th December 1882, from Superintendent of Police, Surat.
11	Luximon bin Jevuna	Máng ...	Weaver ...	Servant	As per letter No. 945, dated 20th June 1882, from District Superintendent of Police, Násik.
12	Gopala bin Govinda	Maráthi ...	Weaving ...	Labourer	As per letter No. 1266, dated 11th December 1882, from District Superintendent of Police, Kaládgi.
13	Kalia bin Benpatil	Agri ...	Carpenter ...	Cultivator	As per statement No. 288, dated 17th May 1882, from District Superintendent of Police, Thána.
14	Rama Krishna	Bhámta ...	Do. ...	Unknown	As per statement with letter No. 1380, dated 23rd April 1881, from District Superintendent of Police, Poona.
15	Lalia bin Ganesh	Kunbi ...	Smith ...	Labourer	As per letter No. 1062 from Superintendent of Police, Thána.
16	Ismail valad Rajak	Mahomedan ...	Weaving ...	Begging	As per statement with letter No. 1380, dated 23rd April 1881, from District Superintendent of Police, Poona.
17	Mookia valad Yellapa	Bhámta ...	Smith ...	Unknown	Do. do.
18	Gania valad Mama	Gouli ...	Carpenter ...	Employed under a confectioner at Kalyán.	As per letter No. 1062, dated 23rd December 1882, from District Superintendent of Police, Thána.

19	Aba valad Vithoo	Mhár ...	Weaving ...	Not known	As per statement with letter No. 1380, dated 23rd April 1881, from District Superintendent of Police, Poona.
20	Suttya bin Rajaram	Taili ...	Carpenter ...	Do.	Do. do.
21	Waghia Limjee	Vasuda ...	Weaver ...	Do.	No trace as per letter No. 1035, dated 19th December 1882, from Superintendent of Police, Surat.
22	Shanker bin Balla	Kásar ...	Smith ...	Working as a copper smith ...	As per statement with letter No. 1380, dated 23rd April 1881, from District Superintendent of Police, Poona.
23	Bala valad Mahadoo	Máng ...	Carpenter ...	Not known	Do. do.
24	Sudoo bin Mahadoo	Maráthi ...	Weaver ...	Labourer	Do. do.
25	Abdul Rajak valad Mahomed Khudabax.	Mahomedan ...	Smith ...	Studying	Do. do.
26	Dhurma Mahadoo	Maráthi ...	Do. ...	Nil	No trace as per letter No. 1314, dated 6th December 1882, from Superintendent of Police, Sholápur.
27	Gainoo bin Bhawani	Do. ..	Weaver ...	Servant	As per statement with letter No. 1380, dated 23rd April 1881, from District Superintendent of Police, Poona, from District Superintendent of Police, Sholápur.
28	Francis Fernandez	Christain ...	Carpenter ...	Nil	No trace as per letter No. 1062, dated 23rd December 1882, from District Superintendent of Police, Thána.
29	Shetia valad Suttia	Wadder ...	Do. ...	Shepherd	As per statement No. 238, dated 20th March 1881, from District Superintendent of Police, Belgaum.
30	Hason valad Madar	Mahomedan ...	Weaver ...	Nil	No trace as per Maráthi letter No. 258, dated 7th December 1882, from Chief Officer of Police, Kolhápur.
31	Chandu Dugdoo	Do. ...	Carpenter ...		
32	Ganoo bin Nathoo	Sonár ...	Smith ...	Works as goldsmith ...	As per statement with letter No. 1380, dated 23rd April 1881, from District Superintendent of Police, Poona.
33	Aba bin Gopala	Barber ...	Do. ...	Unknown	Do. do.

Poona Jail Office, 23*rd January* 1883.

FRAMJI COWASJI,
Jailor.

S. M. SALAMAN, M.D.,
Superintendent.

No. 4 of 1882-83.

REPORT on the Government Vernacular City Jail School at Poona, Táluka Poona, Zilla Poona, inspected by the Deputy Educational Inspector, Sholápur Sub-Division, on the 10th and 11th of July 1882.

Date of foundation of the school.	Date of last inspection and by whom inspected.	General Report.	
		Description and present state of building. Repairs how carried out.	Government Poona building. The school assembles in a barrack assigned for the school. It is tiled. It is sufficient and well ventilated, and admits light. Annual repairs are made by the Public Works Department. Repairs for the current year were made, and the place was kept clean.
		Furniture and apparatus.	1 table, 1 chair, 2 black boards, 3 benches, 2 boxes, and 62 slates.
3rd September 1870.	25th June 1881. By the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Poona S. D.	Library	Consists of 392 books and 5 maps (1 India, 3 Bombay Presidency, and 1 Poona Zilla). Of these about 30 books and 3 maps (2 Bombay Presidency, 1 Poona Zilla) have been torn and useless, and they may be struck off the school register.
		School registers and records.	These that are in use have been pretty well written, and kept in order. There were no catalogues and धडे-पत्रक, and those the master is told to keep. No fee is levied, and no account kept regarding it.
		Pupils, their manners and discipline.	Some pretty sharp, pretty orderly in school conduct, some pretty studious and attentive to their lessons, clean, but not well dressed. The pupils in the school are juvenile male convicts of other castes than Brahmins, such as Mussalmáns, Bhils, Varlis, Thakurs, &c. There are only 2 Brahmin lads. These are all allowed to attend the school daily three hours only. They are provided with class books and slates from the Jail Fund.
		Names of Teaching Staff, with remarks on previous training and qualifications.	Only one master, Parsharam Bhaskar Fadake, a passed student of the Poona Training College, aged 30, getting Rs. 25 per mensem, in service from 21st December 1871, is an active young man knowing his duties well, and was found attentive to them. There is one warder named Krishnaji Babaji, of the Juvenile Male Prison establishment, of Rs. 15 per mensem, in service from 1st December 1879. He is sharp and useful hand to the master.
		General remarks and recommendations by the Inspecting Officer.	The head-master deserves some encouragement for his working hard and bestowing pains on teaching his pupils, if there be funds available.

Description of School.	Number of Boys on the Register.	Number of Classes.	Average Attendance during preceding twelve months.	Number of Boys present at Inspection.	Number of Boys examined under each Standard.*	Standard under which examined.	Number passed. Vernacular Schools. 1st Head.	2nd Head.	3rd Head.	4th Head.	Passed under all Heads.	Anglo-Vernacular Schools. 1st Head.	2nd Head.	3rd Head.	4th Head.	Passed under all Heads.	Amount of Proficiency Allowances.	Amount of Capitation Allowances.	Remarks and Reasons for failure in any Head of Examination, and number passed under the same standards in previous years.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Upper Primary Poona City Jail School.	64	4	67·6	64	17	I	17	17	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Percentage 95, which is excellent. Of the number passed under all heads of the standards, only 2 of Standard IV passed under the same in previous year. Reading and meaning of words of Standard II were not so well done in comparison with other subjects to which the master's attention is drawn. Excepting these, the school on the whole was found in a satisfactory state of progress, taking into consideration the state of the juvenile convicts, their nativities and their mother tongues. Some of the convicts seemed to be sharp, and among them 2 Afghan lads seemed to be very intelligent. Maráthi being not the mother tongue of majority of the convicts, still by studying it they understand and express it well, owing to the exertions on the part of the master, and his bestowing pains on teaching them, which is creditable to the teacher and the taught.
	71	...	...	...	20	II	19	8	20	11	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	6	III	6	5	4	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	5	IV	5	4	5	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	16	Below Standard I.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
					64														

Forwarded to the Educational Inspector, C. D.

K. N. SANE,
Acting Deputy Educational Inspector, Poona S. D.

Poona, 13th July.

Despatched to the Educational Inspector, Central Division, on the 12th of July 1882, through the office of the Deputy Educational Inspector, Poona, S. D.

NARO B. DEODHAR,
Deputy Educational Inspector, Sholápur Sub-Division.

N.B.—Those below the standards should be shown separately.

No. $\frac{8}{1554\,C}$ OF 1883.

FROM

THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF PRISONS,
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY;

TO

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT, BOMBAY.

Inspector General of Prisons' Office,
Poona, 20th March 1883.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the Shikárpur Juvenile Prison for the year 1882.

2. The following table shows the number and disposal of the juvenile prisoners for each year since the prison was established :—

	1882.	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.	1875.	1874.
Number remaining at close of previous year.	30	53	38	24	13	17	17	13	...
Number admitted during the year ...	19	14	33	31	29	11	13	16	13
Total ...	49	67	71	55	42	28	30	29	13
Released	16	37	18	15	18	15	12	12	7
Died	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Remained	33	30	53	38	24	13	18	17	6
Daily average strength	30	41	50	30	18	15	16	17	3

3. Though there has been a slight increase in the number admitted, there has been a large decrease in the daily average strength, the number remaining at the close of the year being much the same as in the preceding year.

4. There were no deaths during the year amongst the boys. This is remarkable, as the mortality amongst the adult prisoners in the Jail was exceptionally large, the highest in the Presidency. It is difficult to account for this, except that the boys are employed on intramural labour or attend school, and are thus not exposed to the same extremes of temperature as the adults.

5. The trades taught in the school have been confined to carpentry and blacksmith's work, and though it is reported that none of the boys have attained such proficiency in their trades as to enable them to earn an independent livelihood, still they have learnt sufficient to enable them to mend the rough tools used in the agriculture of the province which may be of use to them in later years, though they do not seem to take to the trades they have learnt in Jail, which is a matter of regret.

6. The profit from their labour is larger than last year, but is very trifling, as the boys spoil a good deal of raw material, and only turn out rough work saleable at a low price.

7. The conduct of the boys is reported as very good, and also that they have made satisfactory progress in education.

8. It is to be regretted that boys on attaining 16 years of age cannot be transferred from the Juvenile Prison to the Jail; on my inspection there were the 5 boys alluded to by the Superintendent, well grown lads fit for a hard day's extramural work, confined in the Juvenile Prison, which was interfering with the working of the institution, as it was necessary to form them into a separate class, so that they should not mix with the younger boys. The same remark applies to the Poona Juvenile Prison, and I think it would tend to the better administration of these prisons if boys could be removed from them on attaining the age of 16 years.

9. The Superintendent reports that the establishment has worked well and to his satisfaction, and I was pleased on my inspection with the good order prevailing in this small Juvenile Prison.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
J. CRUICKSHANK,
Inspector General of Prisons.

No. $\frac{6}{151}$ OF 1883.

FROM

THE SUPERINTENDENT,
DISTRICT JAIL, SHIKA'RPUR;

To

THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF PRISONS,
POONA.

Jail Office, Shikárpur,
13th February 1883.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the annual statements concerning the working of the reformatory connected with the Shikárpur District Jail.

2. The number of admissions is greater than that of the previous year by 5, and 5 of these have been previously convicted (Statement B).

3. As stated in the report of the previous year, carpentry and blacksmith's work have been the only trades taught, and although none of the boys have arrived at a state of proficiency, still some of them have a very fair knowledge of the work, and if it is not the means of their earning a livelihood, still I think it will come useful to them in an agricultural life, and it is to the agricultural class that the greater portion of the boys belong. The chief trades taught them were how to make nails, horse-shoes, horse-shoe nails in blacksmith's work, and Persian wheels and the rough carts of the country in carpentry. The financial results are double those for the previous year; this is in a measure due to the large purchase of horse shoes and nails by the Sind Horse.

4. I quite agree with my predecessor that the establishment of an agricultural class would be an advantage, since the boys do not seem to take to the trades taught them in the Jail (Statement D). In the summer the day is portioned out as follows: from early morning to 8 the boys work in the garden, from 8 to 11 A. M. they have lessons, and from 1 to 5 P. M. they are taught the trades; in the winter the hours are altered slightly. If the behaviour of the boys is considered satisfactory they are allowed to go for a walk on Sundays in charge of warders and their school-master. This has had a very beneficial effect, for Statement F shows that no boys have been punished during the year, which speaks well both for the master and the boys.

The education of the boys has progressed very satisfactorily, as will be seen from the report of the Deputy Educational Inspector. Of 20 boys presented all passed. Of the boys who were not presented for the examination some are only

beginners, and 2 or 3 do not belong to the province, and find it a little difficult to learn a language almost new to them.

There are now 5 boys who I consider are over the age of 18 years, and those are segregated from the younger ones both day and night. I would very much like to see these boys entirely removed from the Juvenile Prison, as they greatly interfere with the regularity of the work,—the teacher and carpenter having to devote a portion of their time entirely to these boys, whereas it might be more profitably spent among the younger and backward ones.

The health of the boys has been good, no deaths occurred during the year, and a few only had trifling ailments, serious illness being unknown amongst them.

The establishment has worked to my satisfaction, and there has been no change during the year under report. The school-master has been attentive to his duties, and has been greatly assisted by the reformatory warder.

The total expenditure was Rs. 1,343-5-9, and the amount realized from the work of the boys Rs. 87-13-10.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
H. P. DIMMOCK, Surgeon, I. M. D.,
Superintendent District Jail and Juvenile Prison, Shikárpur.

STATEMENT A.

RETURN of Juvenile Convicts confined in the Reformatory, Shikárpur, during the year 1882.

No.	Names.	Age.	Caste.	Previous Occupation.	District or Jail from which received.	Date of Arrival.	Crime.	Date of Sentence.	Sentence.	Previous Education.	Education received at the Reformatory.	Work on which employed and the progress made.	Conduct.	Health.	Remarks.
1	Utoo valad Tharoo	15	Hindu ..	Shop-keeper ..	Karáchi ..	15th March 1880.	380	13th Mar. 1880	2 years ..	Hindu Sindi..	Has passed IV Standard.	Can make chairs and manjirs.	Good ..	Good.	
2	Ghansho ,, Balchand ..	11	Do. ..	Nil ..	Shikárpur ..	27th Jan. 1880.	380	14th Jan. '80	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
3	Ghunnoo ,, Kundun	14	Do. ..	....	Karáchi ..	25th Aug. 1881.	380	23rd Aug. '81	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Has passed III Standard.	Do. and nails ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Once before.
4	Dad ,, Dooro	15	Khaskali ..	Cattle-grazer ..	Hyderabad, Sind	25th Oct. 1878.	377	17th Sept. '79	5 do. ..	Nil ..	Do. ..	Can make chairs and manjirs..	Do. ..	Do.	
5	Khamisa ,, Miran	15	Shidi ..	Labourer ..	Do. ..	28th Sept. 1880.	411	25th Sept. '80	2 do. ..	Arabi Sindi ..	Do. ..	Can make horse-shoe nails ..	Do. .	Do.	
6	Vero ,, Jetho	16	Hindu ..	Shop-keeper ..	Shikárpur ..	5th Feb. 1880.	380	28th Jan. '80	2 do. ..	Nil ..	Has passed II. Standard	Can make chairs and manjirs..	Do. ..	Do.	
7	Ebrahimsha ,, Kadurshaw ..	14	Syed ..	Student ..	Karáchi ..	22nd June 1880.	454, 457 & 380	12th May '80	3 years and Rs. 50, or 50 days.	English ..	Do. ..	Do. and nails ..	Do. ..	Do.	
8	Ramzan ,, Peroo	12	Burt ..	Cattle-grazer ..	Hyderabad, Sind	21st March 1880.	403	2nd March '80	2 years ..	Nil ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
9	Thudo ,, Jumro	14	Hindu ..	Labourer ..	Karáchi ..	3rd Oct. 1881.	454 & 380	1st Oct. '81	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Once before.
10	Mannoo ,, Lahanjaro ..	13	Máchhi ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	14th March 1880.	379	11th March '80	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
11	Jam ,, Matwalo.. ..	14	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	14th March 1880.	379	11th March '80	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
12	Sumar ,, Joomo	13	Ghangro ..	Do. ..	Hyderabad, Sind	7th May 1880.	379	3rd May '80	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
13	Sahibdina ,, Haji	14	Nemari ..	Do. ..	Shikárpur ..	1st May 1880.	379	26th April '80	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
14	Laloo ,, Pandhi	13	Kowrijo ..	Do. ..	Karáchi ..	22nd July 1880.	408	13th July '80	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
15	Fazal ,, Fattehali ..	13	Murri ..	Cattle-grazer ..	Hyderabad, Sind	10th Nov. 1880.	457, 380 & 224	5th Oct. '80	2 do. 6 ms.	Do. ..	Has passed I. Standard.	Can make chairs and manjirs ..	Do. ..	Do.	
16	Pario ,, Haji	16	Shikári ..	Do. ..	Shikárpur ..	21st Dec. 1880.	379 & 224	20th Dec. '80	18 months ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
17	Lalloo ,, Moolo	12	Hindu ..	Labourer ..	Karáchi ..	23rd April 1881.	379	21st April '81	2 years ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
18	Khoodabux ,, Allabux	14	Dhar ..	Do. ..	Hyderabad, Sind	8th Oct. 1880.	379 & 224	24th Sept. '80	2 do. 6 ms.	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
19	Kandero ,, Abida	14	Otho ..	Cattle-grazer ..	Karáchi ..	13th Sept. 1880.	379	15th Sept. '80	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
20	Antoni Andrew ,, Andrew	12	Christian ..	Labourer ..	Do. ..	13th Sept. 1880.	379	15th Sept. '80	2 do. ...	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
21	Anchar ,, Chibber	15	Máchhi ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	26th March 1881.	380	2nd March '81	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
22	Tindo ,, Mato	12	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	26th March 1881.	380	2nd March '81	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
23	Jallal ,, Mato	10	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	26th March 1881.	380	2nd March '81	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
24	Sumar ,, Sultan	14	Carpenter ..	Do. ..	Hyderabad, Sind	15th May 1881.	379	6th May '81	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
25	Mansho ,, Laik	13	Hindu ..	Beggar ..	Shikárpur ..	22nd June 1881.	379	22nd June '81	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
26	Ail ,, Chabilo	12	Do. ..	Labourer ..	Do. ..	22nd June 1881.	380 & 457	22nd June '81	3 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
27	Jooma ,, Ramzan	11	Mohano ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	26th June 1881.	380 & 457	20th June '81	12 months ..	Do. ..	Nil ..	Do. do. ..	Bad ..	Do.	
28	Rahim ,, Moondhoo ..	12	Lashari ..	Do. ..	Upper Sind Frontier.	5th Aug. 1881.	379	4th Aug. '81	do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Good ..	Do.	
29	Rajabali ,, Dhorack ..	13	Bengali ..	Beggar ..	Shikárpur ..	5th Nov. 1880.	380	16th Oct. '80	4 years ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
30	Chibo ,, Tharoo	13	Hindu ..	Labourer ..	Karáchi ..	19th Oct. 1880.	380	15th Oct. '81	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
31	Karamali *alias* Khanan valad Meharali	15	Magsi ..	Do. ..	Shikárpur ..	4th Feb. 1882.	379	30th Jan. '82	6 months ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
32	Mickloo valad Ladho	12	Hindu ..	Do. ..	Karáchi ..	6th Feb. 1882.	379	4th Feb. '82	2 years ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
33	Mowledino ,, Laloo	15	Carpenter ..	Do. ..	Shikárpur ..	16th Feb. 1882.	380	13th Feb. '82	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Has passed III. Standard.	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
34	Ibrahim ,, Lakhidino ..	16	Kowrijo ..	Do. ..	Karáchi ..	17th March 1882.	376	7th Feb. '82	3 do. ..	Do. ..	Nil ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
35	Kheo ,, Pamon	15	Hindu ..	Do. ..	Shikárpur ..	21st March 1882.	380 & 457	21st March '82	12 months ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
36	Halim ,, Sumar	15	Weaver ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	4th April 1882.	380	4th April '82	12 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	Released on appeal on 29th April 1882.
37	Nubeebux ,, Goolmohamed ..	14	Lashari ..	Cattle-grazer ..	Upper Sind Frontier.	24th April 1882.	379	20th April '82	18 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
38	Kaim ,, Daim	14	Máchhi ..	Do. ..	Hyderabad, Sind	11th May 1882.	379	9th May '82	2 years ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Sick.	
39	Eaden ,, Warrana ..	12	Mohana ..	Labourer ..	Shikárpur ..	31st May 1882.	380	31st May '82	18 months ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Good.	
40	Baggo ,, Mowlidino ..	13	Chandeo ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	31st May 1882.	380 & 554	31st May '82	12 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
41	Ninda ,, Manoo Buldeo ..	15	Hindu ..	Beggar ..	Do. ..	27th July 1882.	379	27th July '82	12 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
42	Jama ,, Chuto	13	Khaskali ..	Labourer ..	Hyderabad, Sind	2nd July 1882.	380	30th June '82	2 years ..	Do. ..	Has passed II. Standard.	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
43	Sáraka ,, Hurphal	11	Hindu ..	Beggar ..	Upper Sind Frontier.	7th Aug. 1882.	380	4th Aug. '82	12 months ..	Do. ..	Nil ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
44	Sullahee ,, Yaroo	15	Langho ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	12th Sept. 1882.	198	8th Sept. '82	2 years ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Sick.	
45	Veeroo ,, Chuto	13	Hindu ..	Labourer ..	Karáchi ..	17th Sept. 1882.	511 & 454	14th Sept. '82	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Good.	
46	Hassoo ,, Pario	15	Do. ..	Do. ..	Shikárpur ..	18th Sept. 1882.	379	15th Sept. '82	12 months ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
47	Goolbag ,, Hurbux	14	Do. ..	Beggar ..	Karáchi ..	26th Oct. 1882.	380	24th Oct. '82	2 years ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
48	Fyzoo ,, Sahoo	13	Sher ..	Cattle-grazer ..	Upper Sind Frontier.	30th Oct. 1882.	379	23rd Oct. '82	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	
49	Goolam Husein ,, Ahmed Buchy ..	12	Kooreshi ..	Labourer ..	Karáchi ..	12th Dec. 1882.	457	8th Dec. '82	2 do. ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	

Shikárpur Jail Office,
13th February 1883.

C. N. HALL,
Jailor and Manager, Juvenile Prison, Shikárpur.

H. P. DIMMOCK, Surgeon, I. M. D.,
Superintendent of Jail, Shikárpur.

STATEMENT B.

STATEMENT B, showing the Number of Juveniles admitted into, and released from, the Reformatory at Shikárpur from

	1882.	1881.	1880.	1879.	Remarks.
Number confined on 1st January..	30	53	38	24	
Admitted during the year ...	19	14	33	31	
Total ...	49	67	71	55	
Released during the year ...	16	37	18	15	
Died	...	...	...	2	
Remaining on 31st December ...	33	30	53	38	

H. P. DIMMOCK, Surgeon, I. M. D.,
Superintendent, District Jail,
Shikárpur.

Shikárpur Jail Office,
13th February 1883.

C. N. HALL,
Jailor and Manager, Juvenile Prison,
Shikárpur.

STATEMENT C.

No.	Crime.	No.	Length of Sentence.
20	Theft in dwelling-house, &c.	1	Six months.
18	Theft and resistance to lawful apprehension.	8	One year.
3	House-breaking.	3	One year and six months.
2	Do. by night, and resistance to lawful apprehension.	31	Two years.
2	Rape and unnatural offence.	2	Three years.
1	Dishonestly receiving stolen property.	1	Four years.
1	Criminal breach of trust as a servant.	1	Five years.
1	Dishonest misappropriation of property.	2	Two years and six months.
1	False evidence.		
49	Total.	49	Total.

H. P. DIMMOCK, Surgeon, I. M. D.,
Superintendent, District Jail and Juvenile Prison,
Shikárpur.

Shikárpur Jail Office,
13th February 1883.

C. N. HALL,
Jailor and Manager, Juvenile Prison,
Shikárpur.

STATEMENT D.

No.	Name.	Trade taught in Jail.	Present Occupation.	Remarks.
1	Jumo valad Ramzan ...	Carpentry ...	Labourer.	
2	Jam „ Matwalo ...	Do. ...	Municipal sweeper.	
3	Mano „ Suhanjro .	Do. ...	A convict in the Karáchi Jail.	
4	Uttoo „ Tharoo ...	Do. ...	Shop boy.	
5	Kandero „ Abid ...	Blacksmith and reed-work.	Cultivator.	
6	Lalloo „ Pandhi ...	Blacksmith ...	Domestic service.	
7	Pario „ Haji ...	Reed-work ...	Do.	
8	Sahibdino „ Haji ...	Carpentry and blacksmith's work.	Labourer.	

Of the remaining 8 boys there is no trace.

H. P. DIMMOCK, Surgeon, I. M. D.,
Superintendent, District Jail and Juvenile Prison,
Shikárpur.

Shikárpur Jail Office,
13th February 1883.

C. N. HALL,
Jailor and Manager, Juvenile Prison,
Shikárpur.

STATEMENT E.

STATEMENT E, showing the Cost of Maintenance, &c., and the Pecuniary Result of Work of the Boys confined in the Shikárpur Juvenile Prison for the year 1882.

Cost of					Amount realized from the labour of the Juveniles.	Remarks.
Maintenance.	Clothing and Bedding.	Books and other Miscellaneous Articles.	Establishment.	Total of Columns 1 to 4.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
564 11 0	106 9 0	12 1 9	660 0 0	1,343 5 9	87 13 10	

H. P. DIMMOCK, Surgeon, I. M. D.,
Superintendent, District Jail and Juvenile Prison,
Shikárpur.

Shikárpur Jail Office,
13th February 1883.

C. N. HALL,
Jailor and Manager, Juvenile Prison,
Shikárpur.

STATEMENT F, showing Number of Punishments inflicted on Juveniles for committing Jail Offences during the year 1882.

No.	Name.	Number of times punished.	Remarks.
		Nil.	

H. P. DIMMOCK, Surgeon, I. M. D.,
Superintendent, District Jail and Juvenile Prison,
Shikárpur.

Jail Office, Shikárpur,
13th February 1883.

C. N. HALL,
Jailor and Manager, Juvenile Prison,
Shikárpur.

Copy of Remarks by the Educational Inspector in Sind on the Juvenile School during 1882.

"Visited the Jail school; 29 boys present, the 4th standard being the highest. The boys did a sum correctly, and the school appears to be going on satisfactorily. The want of books, noticed by the Acting Educational Inspector, cannot at present be supplied, as the stock has been out, but arrangements will shortly be made for supplying them."

(Signed) HART-DAVIES,
Educational Inspector.

March 11th, 1882.

(True Copy)

H. P. DIMMOCK, Surgeon, I. M. D.,
Superintendent Jail, Shikárpur.

EXTRACT from the Deputy Educational Inspector's Examination Result held on the 27th July 1882.

Number of Boys presented.	Number of Beginners.	Standards under which examined.	Number of Boys in each Standard.	Number of Boys passed in			Remarks.
				Arithmetic.	Reading.	Writing.	
29	9	1	8	8	8	...	
		2	6	6	6	6	
		3	3	3	3	3	
		4	3	3	3	3	

(True Translation)

H. P. DIMMOCK, Surgeon, I.M.D.,
Superintendent, District Jail and
Juvenile Prison, Shikárpur.

District Jail Office, Shikárpur,
10*th February* 1883.

No. 3722 of 1883.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 1st June 1883.

Letter from the Inspector General of Prisons, No. $\frac{8}{1554A}$, dated 20th March 1883—Submits, with his remarks, the Annual Report on the Jails in the Bombay Presidency for the year 1882.

Letter from the Inspector General of Prisons, No. $\frac{8}{2314}$, dated 1st May 1883—Forwards, for the orders of Government, a printed copy of the above report.

RESOLUTION.—The Annual Jail Report for 1882 shows that there has been a satisfactory decrease in the Jail population during the year under review, the numbers confined during 1881 having been 28,451 and during 1882, 26,545—a decrease of 1,906. The number of prisoners in Jail on the first day of the year under report was 9,112 and on the last day 8,098—a fact which indicates that crime must gradually have decreased as the year advanced.

Number of prisoners.

2. The admissions into the Bombay Jails have however been more numerous than last year. The attention of the Chief Presidency Magistrate should be drawn to Dr. Cruickshank's statement that many of these convicts are habitual criminals, that they are admitted over and over again into Jail, and that their sentences are as a rule for very short terms of imprisonment.

Bombay Jails.

3. The daily average number of prisoners in Jail for the past eight years has been as follows :—

1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.
9,008	8,846	11,411	12,752	12,631	11,236	9,734	8,689

It will be seen therefore that the Jail population has now shrunk to or indeed a little below its dimensions prior to the famine.

4. There is an increase of 50 in the number of Europeans admitted to Jail in 1882 as compared with 1881, the figures for the two years being 276 and 226 respectively; this increase is exactly accounted for by the numbers admitted for offences under the Shipping Act, these numbers having been 127 in 1881 and 177 in 1882—the largest number since 1878.

European prisoners.

5. There is a slight decrease in the number of female prisoners admitted, the number in 1881 having been 1,362 compared with 1,323 during the year under report.

Females.

6. There has been a considerable decrease in the number of juveniles admitted, there having been 243 and 309 in 1882 and 1881 respectively.

Juveniles.

7. The ratio of convicts previously convicted and received into Jail to the total number of prisoners admitted has steadily increased during the past four years, the figures having been as under :—

Re-convictions.

1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.
11·2	12·5	13·9	15·1

This result seems due to the greater care which has recently been bestowed upon the registration and recognition of re-convicted prisoners and not to the gradual growth of a class of habitual criminals in the Mofussil. It is to be observed that one-third of the total admissions under this head is into the Jails of the City of Bombay.

It is satisfactory to note that the number of re-convicted juveniles has decreased from 42 (which was also about the average for the previous three years) in 1881 to 18 in 1882.

Escapes.

8. Twenty-four prisoners escaped during the year compared with 31 during the previous year.

Of these escapes 4 only were from inside Jails, the remaining 20 being from extra-mural gangs.

Punishments.

9. Government are glad to observe that the ratio of punishments to daily average strength has decreased from 25·9 per cent. during 1881 to 21·1 per cent. during the year under review. It is particularly satisfactory to notice that the cases in which corporal punishment was inflicted have decreased from 806 in 1881 to 320 in 1882. There is also a decrease of about 100 under each of the heads "Penal Diet" and "Other Punishments."

The amount of corporal punishment inflicted in the Karáchi Jail is still excessive.

Remissions under the mark system.

10. Government are also glad to observe that there has been an increase in the number of prisoners who have gained remissions under the mark system, 16·6 per cent. of those eligible having gained remissions in 1882 compared with 13·4 per cent. in 1881, but it is evident that the rules require to be worked on more uniform principles in the different Jails of this Presidency, as the percentage of remissions gained to the number which might possibly have been gained has varied from 1·9 at Dhuliákot to 53·8 at Dhulia. Government cannot expect exact uniformity in a matter of this description, but the very great differences shown in the statement under paragraph 12 of the Inspector General's report indicate that many of the Jail Superintendents must err on the side either of undue severity or undue lenity. Government trust that the next report will show that the mark system has been worked with greater uniformity throughout the Presidency.

Transportation convicts.

11. There is a decrease in the number of convicts sentenced to transportation during the year, but there is a considerable increase in the number of transportation prisoners remaining in Jail on the 31st December. The Inspector-General of Prisons draws attention to this point and to the very large number of such prisoners from this Presidency who cannot be sent to the Andamans because they do not come up to the standard of the Medical Committee at Calcutta. Dr. Cruickshank is of opinion that the Medical Officers at Calcutta, accustomed to the large men of the Punjab and the North-West, reject the small Maráthas from this Presidency more frequently than they should do, and he points out that unless some change is made not one in three of the prisoners sentenced to transportation in this Presidency will be sent to the Andamans.

Government have now under consideration certain proposals for the treatment of transport prisoners not sent to the Andamans, but it is undoubtedly desirable that as many as possible of these convicts who are eligible in point of health, age and length of sentence, for transportation to the Andamans should be sent there.

The Government of India should be separately addressed on this subject, it being pointed out to them that sending convicts to Alipore and then having them returned as unfit is both costly and unsatisfactory, and that the Medical authorities in this Presidency are therefore unwilling to send small but strong and hardy Maráthas as their experience tells them that these men will not satisfy the eye of the Medical authorities at Alipore when compared with the more stalwart races of Northern India.

It should be suggested to the Government of India that out of the number of convicts it is proposed to send to the Andamans a certain proportion should each year be assigned to this Presidency; that this number, if so many are qualified, should be selected by a Board of Medical Officers at Thána, and that the decision of this Board should be final. The object of the Government of India is to send to the Andamans only men physically fit for the life there, and this question of fitness can as regards men belonging to this Presidency be best determined by Medical Officers accustomed to the races in question and assisted by the Medical Officer at Thána who will have had many of the convicts under his observation for a considerable time.

Financial.

Expenditure in 1882 and 1881.

12. There has been a decrease of upwards of 1,000 in the average daily number of prisoners in 1882 compared with 1881 and the gross cost of maintaining and guarding them has decreased from Rs. 6,11,577 to Rs. 5,77,915, showing a saving of Rs. 33,662. The following table contrasts the expenditure under the different heads during the two years :—

	Total Cost.		Cost per Prisoner.					
	1882.	1881.	1882.			1881.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Rations...	1,99,427	2,34,041	22	9	5	23	12	4
Establishment	2,30,845	2,29,267	26	2	4	23	4	7
Police guard	64,915	63,184	7	5	8	6	6	8
Hospital charges ...	14,183	17,173	1	9	8	1	11	11
Clothing	22,686	25,954	2	9	1	2	10	2
Contingencies	45,859	41,958	5	3	1	4	4	2
Total ...	5,77,915	6,11,577	65	7	3	62	1	10

There has been a decrease under rations, hospital charges and clothing both as regards actual cost and cost per prisoner, but there has been an increase under establishment, police guard and contingencies.

The decrease in the cost of rations, hospital necessaries and clothing is chiefly due to the decrease in the number of prisoners, but it has been helped as regards the first two heads by a slight fall in the price of food.

The increase in the cost of establishment and police guard is slight, and is satisfactorily accounted for; these charges are almost constant and it follows that with a smaller number of prisoners the cost per head increases. The increase in the cost of contingencies is mainly due to additional expense resulting from sending convicts to extra-mural gangs.

Expenditure in 1882 and 1871 contrasted.

13. Dr. Cruickshank submits some interesting statements contrasting the present Jail expenditure with that of the year 1871. The results so far as this Presidency is concerned are indicated below :—

	Cost per head of average strength.					
	1882.			1871.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Rations	22	9	5	38	14	10
Establishment and guards ...	33	8	0	46	8	7
Hospital charges ...	1	9	8	2	1	10
Clothing	2	9	1	5	1	2
Contingencies	5	3	1	5	14	5
Total ...	65	7	3	98	8	10

For the purposes of the above comparison the charges for establishment and guards have been taken together, as in 1871 many of the duties now performed by the establishment were discharged by the guard. There has been a decrease under each head during the past ten years, and the cost of a prisoner has been reduced from Rs. 98 to Rs. 65 per annum.

Employment of convicts.

14. The way in which prisoners sentenced to labour were employed during the past two years is shown in the following table :—

		Average number under sentence of labour.	Sick and convalescent.	On unremunerative labour.	Prison Officers.	Prison servants.	Gardening.	Grinding grain and preparing articles for Jail use.	On additions, alterations and repairs to Jail buildings.	Manufactures.	Public Works.
1882...	Number ...	8,291	530	250	261	706	564	713	406	2,695	2,166
	Percentage ...	100	6·4	3·0	3·2	8·5	6·8	8·6	4·9	32·5	26·1
1881...	Number ...	9,321	665	195	306	796	744	910	470	3,081	2,154
	Percentage ...	100	7·1	2·1	3·3	8·5	8·0	9·8	5·0	33·1	23·1

During the year under review there has, in consequence of the better health of the convicts, been a decrease of about 1 per cent. in the number of sick and convalescent, but there has been an increase of about 1 per cent. in the number of those employed on unremunerative labour. This is a result of the increase in the number of short-sentence prisoners sent to the Jails in the City of Bombay as these men partly on account of their indifferent physique and partly on account of the shortness of their sentences cannot be employed on extra-mural labour.

The proportion of convicts employed as Prison Officers and Servants and the proportion of those employed on Jail Buildings has continued about the same, but there has been a decrease of about 1 per cent. in the proportion of those employed in gardening and in grinding grain, &c., &c., for Jail use.

The bulk of the prisoners sentenced to labour are employed either on manufactures or on Public Works.

Manufactures.

15. 2,695 prisoners were employed on manufactures, being 32·5 per cent. of those sentenced to labour (compared with 33·1 per cent. in 1881), and their work produced a profit of Rs. 62,156, besides a nominal profit of Rs. 20,133 on articles made up for Government.

Extra-mural work.

16. 2,166 prisoners (or 26·1 per cent. compared with 23·1 per cent. in 1881) were employed on extra-mural work, and earned Rs. 1,43,820. The majority of these men (1,838) were employed with the extra-mural gangs at Mhasvad, Gokák and the Nára.

The three large extra-mural gangs.

17. The following statement contrasts the strength and earnings of these three extra-mural gangs during the past two years. The number of prisoners earning wages and not the actual strength of the gangs is shown :—

Name of Gang.	Average strength.		Earnings.	
	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.
			Rs.	Rs.
Mhasvad	339	407	25,635	17,211
Gokák	361	263	19,596	17,065
Nára	590	552	66,913	63,500
Total ...	1,290	1,222	1,12,144	97,776

In spite of a considerable decrease in the number of convicts sentenced to hard labour there has been some increase to the strength of these gangs, and their earnings have risen from Rs. 97,776 in 1881 to Rs. 1,12,144 in 1882. These extra-mural gangs have been a very decided success in this Presidency.

Profits resulting from the employment of convicts.

18. The total cash profits resulting from the employment of convict labour during the year under review have been Rs. 2,15,777 as against Rs. 1,92,429 during the previous year—a satisfactory result when it is remembered that the daily average strength has been upwards of 1,000 less during 1882.

Net financial results.

19. There has been therefore a decrease of Rs. 33,662 in the gross cost of the prisoners and an increase of Rs. 23,348 in their earnings, making a total saving of Rs. 57,010 in the year under review compared with the previous year.

The net cost to Government has fallen from Rs. 4,07,856 in 1881 to Rs. 3,50,234 in 1882, and the net cost per prisoner from Rs. 42 to Rs. 40 per annum.

Net cost in 1871.

20. In 1871 the net cost of a prisoner was Rs. 82 per annum. This by economy in management and increased earnings has been reduced to Rs. 40—less than one-half, which means a saving to Government of upwards of four lákhs of rupees per annum.

Vital.

Health of prisoners.

21. The health of the prisoners has been generally good, the daily average sick list having fallen from 309·8 in 1881 to 222·6 in 1882, while the number of deaths fell from 406 to 288 and the percentage of deaths to total population from 1·4 to 1·0. Fifty deaths have resulted from fever, 60 from respiratory diseases, 57 from dysentery and diarrhœa, and 35 from anœmia and general debility, the remainder being due to cholera, scrofula, jaundice and ulcers, &c., &c. 120 deaths or nearly half the total number took place among prisoners under six months in Jail, and as is usually the case the death-rate varied in inverse proportion to the length of residence in Jail.

Overcrowding.

22. Including the hospital accommodation in the accommodation of a Jail there has been no overcrowding if the accommodation be compared with the daily average strength, but there has been overcrowding in the Common Jail, Thána, Surat and Rájkot Jails for short periods.

The figures would indicate that there had been overcrowding in the Shikárpur Jail, but there was really none, as a gang 200 strong was camped out on canal work.

Unhealthy Jails.

23. All the Jails have been decidedly healthy except those at Belgaum, Sholápur, Surat, Gokák, Nára and Shikárpur. In the first three Jails the number of deaths—3, 8 and 11—were few, though they give a somewhat high percentage.

But at Gokák, the Nára, and Shikárpur the death-rate has been somewhat heavy, the deaths having numbered 34, 44, and 51 in these three Jails respectively.

At Gokák the death-rate has fallen from 6 per cent. in 1881 to 3 per cent. in the year under review. This rate is still heavier than it should be, but Government are glad to learn that it is decreasing. The sickness and mortality in this outstation have been a constant source of uneasiness and anxiety to Government and have continued in spite of the earnest attention of the Inspector-General and many expedients to alleviate them. The gang was visited in 1881 by His Excellency the Governor and the Honorable Mr. Ashburner and there was nothing found in the circumstances of the prisoners to account for their continued ill-health

except the nature of the work—rock-cutting for the Gokák Irrigation Canal. The period of release from work in the hottest hours of the day was then further extended, the diet scale revised, and a new Medical Officer appointed. If the liberal diet prescribed was actually enjoyed by the gang, the low tone of health exhibited was extraordinary. On the whole it is a matter of relief that the completion of the important task upon which the gang have been employed permits its removal as soon as the fall of rain in the Deccan shall have rendered this prudent.

In the Nára Gang the mortality has risen from 2 per cent. in 1881 to 3·3 per cent. This appears to have been due to the transfer to the gang of some weakly men who were unable to stand the exposure during the cold season. Government presume that the Jail Superintendents in Sind have been ordered to exercise great care in selecting men for employment with this extra-mural gang.

In the Shikárpur Jail the admissions to hospital have been very numerous, though the number of deaths (51) has not been greater than in 1881 when the same number of prisoners died. The percentage is, however, somewhat higher, as the total Jail population fell from 2,672 in 1881 to 2,365 in 1882, and the death-rate consequently rose from 1·9 to 2·2 per cent. The Superintendent explains that the strongest of the convicts in his Jail were drafted to the Nára Gang and that the next strongest men were employed on the Shikárpur Canal Works, leaving only the weakly and sickly who were constantly admitted to hospital. This explanation is not altogether satisfactory, as in the first place as above noted some weakly men have been sent to the Nára Gang and the health of that Gang has not been good, and in the second place the convicts employed on the Shikárpur Canal Works are understood to be included in the population of the Shikárpur Jail upon which the percentages have been calculated. The Inspector-General of Prisons reports that the sanitary condition of the Jail is good and the food and clothing sufficient, and that he is inclined to attribute the sickness and the mortality from lung disease to chills caught in the early morning during the cold weather. On his inspection of the Jail he ordered that the prisoners should not be allowed out of barracks until the sun rose, that they should be allowed a smoke in the early morning, and that they should not be allowed to go about in the cold with their jackets open. It is to be hoped that these measures will prove effective.

Diet scales.

24. There are three diet scales in force in the Jails of this Presidency,—

(1) the 1 lb. 3 ozs. scale for women, juveniles, under-trial prisoners, prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment, and prisoners sentenced to hard labour for three months and under;

(2) the 1 lb. 4 ozs. scale (the Jail Conference scale) for male convicts employed on ordinary intra-mural labour;

(3) the 1 lb. 8 ozs. scale for male convicts employed on extra-mural work and for the few convicts who are employed on intra-mural work which is really hard labour.

Special additions are made to these scales as circumstances dictate, convicts sentenced to long terms of imprisonment and those employed on severe extra-mural labour receiving an extra allowance. All the prisoners in Sind too receive an increased allowance as they are larger men and require more food than the natives of the Presidency proper. The maximum diet is that of the Nára Gang, viz., 2 pounds per diem.

Of the 17,670 prisoners discharged during the year 9,409 gained and 6,514 lost weight, the rest remaining stationary. In 1881 a slightly larger proportion lost weight.

The Inspector-General of Prisons is of opinion that the Jail diet in this Presidency is sufficient, and in this view Government generally concur. Experience, however, shows that sickness, mortality and loss of weight is greatest among convicts during the early months of their confinement, and Government, therefore,

consider it desirable to remove male prisoners sentenced to hard labour for three months and under from scale I. to scale II. Government too do not consider it desirable to keep women sentenced to hard labour and growing youths sentenced to hard labour under scale I., and are pleased to order their transfer to scale II. The effect of these orders will be to confine scale I. to under-trial prisoners and to convicts sentenced to simple imprisonment without labour.

Juvenile Prisons.

Poona.

25. The juvenile prisons at Poona and Shikárpur are in fact juvenile reformatories.

The daily average number of boys in the Poona Juvenile Prison fell from 76 in 1881 to 61 in 1882, the fresh admissions for the two years being 24 and 16 respectively.

There were 3 deaths compared with 5 in the previous year. This is still a high percentage and the general health of the boys has not been good. The Superintendent has ordered a change of diet, the raising of the sleeping platforms and the closing of a portion of the doors, as he considers that the cells are damp and over-ventilated. He has also arranged for the boys to go through a regular course of gymnastics as he thinks that the monotony of their lives may affect their general health.

The behaviour of the boys has been good and their progress in education satisfactory; but after release they seem seldom to follow the occupation they have learnt in Jail. Probably however a boy who has been taught black-smith's work or carpentry, though he may not follow the trade of a black-smith or carpenter, finds the special knowledge of the craft useful in many ways.

Shikárpur.

26. The daily average number of juveniles in the Shikárpur Reformatory fell from 41 in 1881 to 30 during the year under review. The health of the boys has been very good, and there were no deaths among them, in fact except in 1879 when two boys died there have been no deaths in this Reformatory since it was established in 1874.

The conduct of the boys has been good and their progress in education satisfactory, but the same remark applies to them as to the Poona boys in regard to their following after release the trades taught them during their confinement.

The Inspector-General of Prisons should submit a separate report on the subject of the three youths referred to in his 8th paragraph.

Conclusion.

Summary of results.

27. The chief points in connection with the past year's Jail administration are the decrease in the number of prisoners and their improved behaviour as evidenced by the decrease in the number of punishments inflicted and by the increase in the number who have qualified for remission under the mark system; the decrease in the net cost of the convicts resulting partly from their diminished numbers and partly from their greater earnings, the continued satisfactory development of the extra-mural gang system, the satisfactory state of the health of the convicts in nearly all the Jails and the increasing inconvenience which is resulting from the difficulty of having transport prisoners belonging to this Presidency sent to the Andamans. The statement appended contrasts the main results of the last two years.

28. Dr. Cruickshank has, during the year under review, supervised the working of the Jails in this Presidency with his customary zeal and ability.

Among the Superintendents Dr. Greany, Captain Walshe, Mr. Smith, Mr. Wellis, and Assistant Surgeon Postvála deserve special credit, and in the Subordinate Establishment Mr. Taylor, the Jailor of the Yerrowda Central Jail, has done excellent work.

29. Copy of this Resolution should as usual be forwarded to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, and a copy should also be placed on the Editors' Table.

(Signed) C. G. W. MACPHERSON,
Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Inspector General of Prisons,
The Commissioner in Sind,
The Commissioner, N. D.,
The Commissioner, C. D.,
The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Political Resident at Aden,
The District Judges, } Including Sind.
The District Magistrates, }
The Deputy Commissioner, Upper Sind Frontier,
The Deputy Commissioner, Thar and Párkar,
The Superintendent of Her Majesty's Common Jail, Bombay (Criminal Side),
The Superintendent of the House of Correction, Bombay,
The Compiler of the Administration Report,
The Compiler of the Bombay Gazetteer,
The General Department,
The Secretary to the Government of India, } By letter.
Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, }
The Editors' Table.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate.

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APPENDIX.

Statement constrasting the main results of 1882 and 1881.

Admissions into Jail.		Total number of prisoners.		Average daily number of prisoners.		Number executed.		Number transported beyond Seas.		Number died.		Number escaped.		Number of re-convictions among admissions for the year.		Number of punishments.		Cost of maintenance and guarding.		Cost of maintenance and guarding per head.		Actual cash profits from Factory Extramural Gangs, &c., &c., &c.		Net cost of prisoners.		Net cost per head.	
1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.
																		Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
17,433	18,026	26,545	28,451	8,689	9,734	67	52	98	135	291	410	30	35	2,060	1,922	1,765	2,434	5,77,915	6,11,577	65 7 3	62 1 10	2,27,681	2,03,721	3,50,234	4,07,856	40	42